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RHODE ISLAND MANUAL.

1889-90

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Dups. Duke

DUPLICATE.

Herbert W. Lord,

MANUAL

WITH

RULES AND ORDERS

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

OF THE

State of Rhode Island.

1889-90.

Prepared in accordance with a Resolution of the General Assembly, by

SAMUEL H. CROSS, Secretary of State.

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RESOLUTION

INSTRUCTING THE SECRETARY OF STATE TO PREPARE A

Legislative Manual.

(PASSED MAY SESSION, 1889.)

RESOLVED, That the secretary of state be and he hereby is instructed to prepare a legislative manual, containing the rules and orders of the general assembly, lists of its members and such other matter as he may think proper, provided that in compiling the rules and orders he shall arrange any amendments or additional rules in proper order and re-number said rules and orders to correspond therewith. He shall cause five thousand copies of said manual to be printed and distributed, as the general assembly shall direct, provided that he shall distribute two hundred copies among the state libraries and newspapers, shall place one hundred and fifty copies in the hands of the commissioner of public schools for distribution among the public libraries and schools of the state; shall place one hundred copies at the disposal of the governor, and shall deliver to the lieutenant governor, the attorney general, the secretary of state and the general treasurer fifty copies each, and thirty copies to each of the members of the general assembly. He shall also cause to be printed in pocket size, for the use of the members of the general assembly, one hundred and fifty copies of said manual, containing the list of its members, and of all the state officers, the committees, the rules and orders of both houses, joint and separate, and such other matter as he may deem proper.

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CONSTITUTION

OF

THE UNITED STATES.

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WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SEC. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons.[1] The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of

[1] See amendments, Article XIV.

representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative: and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three; Massachusetts, eight; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, one; Connecticut, five; New York, six; New Jersey, four; Pennsylvania, eight; Delaware, one; Maryland, six; Virginia, ten; North Carolina, five; South Carolina, five; and Georgia, three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall chuse their speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SEC. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall chuse their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeach-

ments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honour, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SEC. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of chusing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SEC. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two thirds expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SEC. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place. [8 R. I. 453.]

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been encreased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SEC. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary

(except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SEC. 8. The congress shall have power:—To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises; to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises [12 R. I. 64.] shall be uniform throughout the United States:—To borrow money on the credit of the United States:—To [3 R. I. 289.] regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes:—To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the United States:— [8 R. I. 485.] To coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures:—To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States:—To establish post-offices and post roads:—To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries:—To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court:—To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations:—To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water:—To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years:—To provide and maintain a navy:—To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces:—To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions:—To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by congress:—To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever,

over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places, purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards and other needful buildings:—And to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SEC. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight; but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of Habeas Corpus shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law, shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SEC. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin

money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation contracts; or grant any title of nobility.

[5 R. I. 195. 8 R. I. 50. 11 R. I. 333.]

No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and controul of the congress. [3 R. I. 289.]

No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a PRESIDENT of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years; and together with the vice-president chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress; but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector. [11 R. I. 638.]

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates,

and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately chuse by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall in like manner chuse the president. But in chusing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall chuse from them by ballot, the vice-president. [1]]

The congress may determine the time of chusing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president; and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be encreased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected;

[1] See amendments, Article XII.

and he shall not receive, within that period, any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

SEC. 2. The president shall be commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices; and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SEC. 3. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed; and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SEC. 4. The president, vice-president and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SEC. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states, between a state and citizens of another state,[1] between citizens of different states, between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SEC. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their

[1] See amendments, Article XI.

enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

[1 R. I. 73. 4 R. I. 87. 5 R. I. 112. 5 R. I. 196.]

SEC. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

[3 R. I. 138. 14 R. I. 396.]

A person charged in any state with treason, felony or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labour in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labour, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labour may be due.

SEC. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting, the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

Sec. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and, on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; Provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted, and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby; anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention, by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the Independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof, we have hereunto sub scribed our names.

GEO WASHINGTON

Presidt and deputy from Virginia

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

MASSACHUSETTS.
NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

CONNECTICUT.
WM. SAML. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

NEW YORK.
ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

NEW JERSEY.
WIL: LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLEY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA. DAYTON.

PENNSYLVANIA.
B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBT. MORRIS,
GEO: CLYMER,
THO: FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV: MORRIS.

DELAWARE.
GEO: READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, JUN'R.
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO: BROOM.

MARYLAND.
JAMES M'HENRY,
DANL of St. Thos. JENIFER,
DANL: CARROLL.

VIRGINIA.
JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, JR.

NORTH CAROLINA.
WM. BLOUNT,
RICH'D DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON.

SOUTH CAROLINA.
J. RUTLEDGE,
CHARLES COTESWORTH PINCKNEY,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

GEORGIA.
WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

The constitution was adopted and ratified on the 29th of May, 1790, by a convention elected by the people of the state of Rhode Island.

ARTICLES

In addition to, and amendment of, the Constitution of the United States of America proposed by Congress and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a

grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service, in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same [5 R. I. 185.] offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself; nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence. [5 R. I. 185.]

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit, in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then, from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president; but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before

the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death, or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then, from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

[12 R. I. 127. 12 R. I. 522.]

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the

executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced, in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

CONSTITUTION

OF THE

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

AND

PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

ARTICLE I.

Declaration of Rights.

SECTION

1. Right of the people to make and alter their constitution.
2. Object of government.—How laws should be made and burdens distributed.
3. Religious freedom secured.
4. Slavery prohibited.
5. Laws should provide remedies.—Justice should be free, complete, prompt.
6. Rights of search and seizure regulated.
7. Provisions concerning criminal proceedings.
8. Bail, fines and punishments.
9. Bail and *habeas corpus*.
10. Rights of the accused in criminal proceedings.
11. Debtors entitled to relief.
12. No *ex post facto* law, etc., to be passed.
13. No man to criminate himself.
14. Presumption of innocence.—Accused to be secured without severity.
15. Trial by jury.
16. Private property secured.
17. Rights of slavery.
18. Military subordinate.—Martial law.
19. Of quartering soldiers.
20. Liberty of press secured.—Truth as a defence in libel.
21. Right of people to assemble and to petition.
22. Right to bear arms.
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SECTION

1. Of electors owning real estate.
2. Of electors qualified to vote on adoption of constitution.—Registered voters—qualified by dollar tax—military duty.—Who to vote for city council in Providence, to impose a tax, etc.
3. Of assessment and payment of registry tax.

SECTION
4. Who shall not gain residence, or be permitted to vote.
5. Residents on land ceded, etc., not electors.
6. Power of general assembly over elections.

ARTICLE III.

Powers Distributed.

Three departments.

ARTICLE IV.

Legislative Power.

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1. Constitution supreme law.
2. Two houses.—General assembly.—Style of laws.
3. Sessions of general assembly.
4. Members not to take fees, etc.
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6. Powers of each house.—Organization.
7. Powers to make rules, etc.
8. Of the journal, and yeas and nays.
9. Of adjournments.
10. Of powers not prohibited.
11. Pay of members.
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13. Debts not to be incurred.
14. Private or local appropriations.
15. Of valuations of property and assessments.
16. Officers may be continued until successors qualified.
17. Bills to create corporations to be continued, except, etc.
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House of Representatives.

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1. House, how constituted.—Ratio of representation.
2. May elect its officers, etc.

ARTICLE VI.

Senate.

SECTION
1. How constituted.
2. Governor to preside.—When to vote in grand committee.
3. May elect presiding officer in case of vacancy, etc.
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ARTICLE VII.

Executive.

SECTION
1. Of the governor and lieutenant-governor.—How elected.
2. Duty of governor.
3. He shall command military and naval forces, except, etc.
4. He may grant reprieves, etc.
5. He may fill vacancies.
6. He may adjourn assembly, in case, etc.
7. He may convene assembly, when, etc.
8. Commissions, how signed, etc.
9. Lieutenant-governor, when to act as governor.
10. Vacancies, how filled.
11. Compensation of governor, etc.
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Elections.

SECTION
1. Governor and general officers, when elected.
2. General officers and members of assembly, how voted for.
3. Same subject.—How votes to be sealed up, transmitted and counted.
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SECTION
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6. Of voting in the city of Providence.
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2. Conviction of bribery a disqualification.
3. Oath of general officers.
4. Officers, how engaged.
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6. Holding office under United States, or other government, a disqualification for certain offices, except, etc.

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1. One supreme court.—Inferior courts, how established.
2. Jurisdiction of courts.—Chancery powers.
3. Judges of supreme court to instruct jury.—To give opinions, etc.
4. Of election and tenure of office of judges of supreme court.
5. Vacancies, how filled.
6. Compensation of judges.
7. Justices of the peace and wardens, how elected.—Their jurisdiction.

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1. Impeachments, how ordered.
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SECTION
1. Constitution, when to go into operation.—Its effect on existing laws, charters, etc.
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ARTICLE VI.
Suffrage granted to foreign-born soldiers and sailors.

ARTICLE VII.
Suffrage granted to foreign-born citizens.

ARTICLE VIII.
Article V, Prohibitory Amendment, repealed.

WE, the people of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, grateful to Almighty God for the civil and religious liberty which He hath so long permitted us to enjoy, and looking to Him for a blessing upon our endeavors to secure and to transmit the same unimpaired to succeeding generations, do ordain and establish this constitution of government.

ARTICLE I.

Declaration of certain Constitutional Rights and Principles.

In order effectually to secure the religious and political freedom established by our venerated ancestors, and to preserve the same for our posterity, we do declare that the essential and unquestionable rights and principles hereinafter mentioned shall be established, maintained and preserved, and shall be of paramount obligation in all legislative, judicial and executive proceedings.

SECTION 1. In the words of the Father of his Country, we declare, that "the basis of our political systems is the right of the people to make and alter their constitutions of government; but that the constitution which at any time exists, till changed by an explicit and authentic act of the whole people, is sacredly obligatory upon all."

SEC. 2. All free governments are instituted for the protection, safety and happiness of the people. All laws, therefore, should be made for the good of the whole; and the burdens of the state ought to be fairly distributed among its citizens. [4 R. I. 230. 4 R. I. 445. 11 R. I. 321. 13 R. I. 50.)

SEC 3. Whereas Almighty God hath created the mind free; and all attempts to influence it by temporal punish-

ments or burdens, or by civil incapacitations, tend to beget habits of hypocrisy and meanness; and whereas a principal object of our venerable ancestors, in their migration to this country and their settlement of this state, was, as they expressed it, to hold forth a lively experiment, that a flourishing civil state may stand and be best maintained with full liberty in religious concernments: we, therefore, declare that no man shall be compelled to frequent or to support any religious worship, place, or ministry whatever, except in fulfilment of his own voluntary contract; nor enforced, restrained, molested, or burdened in his body or goods; nor disqualified from holding any office; nor otherwise suffer on account of his religious belief; and that every man shall be free to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and to profess and by argument to maintain his opinion in matters of religion; and that the same shall in no wise diminish, enlarge, or affect his civil capacity.

SEC. 4. Slavery shall not be permitted in this state.

SEC. 5. Every person within this state ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely and without purchase, completely and without denial; promptly and without delay; conformably to the laws.

[4 R. I. 485. 8 R. I. 50. 11 R. I. 147. 12 R. I. 244. 13 R. I. 363.]

SEC. 6. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, papers and possessions, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue, but on complaint in writing, upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and describing as nearly as may be, the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SEC. 7. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime, unless on presentment or indictment by a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or of such offences as are cognizable by a justice of the peace; or in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger. No person shall, after an acquittal, be tried for the same offence.

[10 R. I. 494.]

SEC. 8. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel punishments inflicted; and all punishments ought to be proportioned to the offence.

[1 R. I. 360. 12 R. I. 137.]

SEC. 9. All persons imprisoned ought to be bailed by sufficient surety, unless for offences punishable by death or by imprisonment for life, when the proof of guilt is evident or the presumption great. The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety shall require it; nor ever without the authority of the general assembly.

SEC. 10. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury; to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation, to be confronted with the witnesses against him, to have compulsory process for obtaining them in his favor, to have the assistance of counsel in his defence, and shall be at liberty to speak for himself; nor shall he be deprived of life, liberty, or property, unless by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

[5 R. I. 185. 5 R. I. 497. 12 R. I. 127. 12 R. I. 513. 12 R. I. 522. 13 R. I. 211. 13 R. I. 330. 13 R. I. 528. 13 R. I. 666.]

SEC. 11. The person of a debtor, when there is not strong presumption of fraud, ought not to be continued in prison, after he shall have delivered up his property for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 12. No *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts shall be passed.

[5 R. I. 185. 5 R. I. 408. 8 R. I. 55. 11 R. I. 333. 13 R. I. 621.]

SEC. 13. No man in a court of common law shall be compelled to give evidence criminating himself.

SEC. 14. Every man being presumed innocent, until he is pronounced guilty by the law, no act of severity which is not necessary to secure an accused person shall be permitted.

[13 R. I. 211. 13 R. I. 330. 14 R. I. 100.]

SEC. 15. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate.

[6 R. I. 144. 11 R. I. 103. 11 R. I. 182. 12 R. I. 256. 12 R. I. 537.]

SEC. 16. Private property shall not be taken for public uses, without just compensation.

[4 R. I. 230. 12 R. I. 513. 13 R. I. 621. 14 R. I. 57.]

SEC. 17. The people shall continue to enjoy and freely

exercise all the rights of fishery, and the privileges of the shore, to which they have been heretofore entitled under the charter and usages of this state. But no new right is intended to be granted, nor any existing right impaired, by this declaration. [2 R. I. 561. 3 R. I. 138. 12 R. I. 285.]

SEC. 18. The military shall be held in strict subordination to the civil authority. And the law martial shall be used and exercised in such cases only as occasion shall necessarily require.

SEC. 19. No soldier shall be quartered in any house, in time of peace, without the consent of the owner; nor, in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

SEC. 20. The liberty of the press being essential to the security of freedom in a state, any person may publish his sentiments on any subject, being responsible for the abuse of that liberty; and in all trials for libel, both civil and criminal, the truth, unless published from malicious motives, shall be sufficient defence to the person charged. [1 R. I. 263.]

SEC. 21. The citizens have a right in a peaceable manner to assemble for their common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of government, for redress of grievances, or for other purposes, by petition, address, or remonstrance.

SEC. 22. The right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed

SEC. 23. The enumeration of the foregoing rights shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

ARTICLE II.

Of the Qualifications of Electors.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen of the United [3 R. I. 299.] States, of the age of twenty-one years, who has [13 R. I. 729.] had his residence and home in this state for one [14 R. I. 171.] year, and in the town or city in which he may claim a right to vote, six months next preceding the time of voting, and who is really and truly possessed in his own right of real estate in such town or city of the value of one hundred and thirty-four dollars over and above all incumbrances, or which

shall rent for seven dollars per annum over and above any rent reserved or the interest of any incumbrances thereon, being an estate in fee-simple, fee-tail, for the life of any person, or an [12 R. I. 586.] estate in reversion or remainder, which qualifies no other person to vote, the conveyance of which estate, if by deed, shall have been recorded at least ninety days, shall thereafter have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers and on all questions in all legal town or ward meetings so long as he continues so qualified. And if any person hereinbefore described shall own any such estate within this state out of the town or city in which he resides, he shall have a right to vote in the election of all general officers and members of the general assembly in the town or city in which he shall have had his residence and home for the term of six months next preceding the election, upon producing a certificate from the clerk of the town or city in which his estate lies, bearing date within ten days of the time of his voting, setting forth that such person has a sufficient estate therein to qualify him as a voter; and that the deed, if any, has been recorded ninety days.

SEC. 2. Every male native citizen of the United States, [14 R. I. 171.] of the age of twenty-one years, who has had his residence and home in this state two years, and in the town or city in which he may offer to vote, six months next preceding the time of voting, whose name is registered pursuant to the act calling the convention to frame this constitution, or shall be registered in the office of the clerk of such town or city at least seven days before the time he shall offer to vote, and before the last day of December in the present year; and who has paid or shall pay a tax or taxes assessed upon his estate within this state, and within a year of the time of voting, to the amount of one dollar, or who shall voluntarily pay, at least seven days before the time he shall offer to vote, and before said last day of December, to the clerk or treasurer of the town or city where he resides, the sum of one dollar, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to one dollar, for the support of public schools therein, and shall make proof of the same, by the certificate of the clerk, treasurer, or collector of any town or city where such payment is made: or who, being so registered, has been en-

rolled in any military company in this state, and done military service or duty therein, within the present year, pursuant to law, and shall (until other proof is required by law) prove by the certificate of the officer legally commanding the regiment, or chartered, or legally authorized volunteer company in which he may have served or done duty, that he has been equipped and done duty according to law, or by the certificate of the commissioners upon military claims, that he has performed military service, shall have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers, and on all questions in all legally organized town or ward meetings, until the end of the first year after the adoption of this constitution, or until the end of the year eighteen hundred and forty-three.

From and after that time, every such citizen who has had the residence herein required, and whose name shall be registered in the town where he resides, on or before the last day of December, in the year next preceding the time of his voting, and who shall show by legal proof, that he has for and within the year next preceding the time he shall offer to vote, paid a tax or taxes assessed against him in any town or city in this state, to the amount of one dollar, or that he has been enrolled in a military company in this state, been equipped and done duty therein according to law, and at least for one day during such year, shall have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers, and on all questions, in [14 R. I. 655.] all legally organized town or ward meetings: *Provided*, that no person shall at any time be allowed to vote in the election of the city council of the city of Providence, or upon any proposition to impose a tax, or for the expenditure of money in any town or city, unless he shall within the year next preceding have paid a tax assessed upon his property therein, valued at least at one hundred and thirty-four dollars.

[13 R. I. 737. 14 R. I. 645.]

SEC. 3. The assessors of each town or city shall annually assess upon every person whose name shall be registered a tax of one dollar, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to one dollar, which registry tax shall be paid into the treasury of such town or city, and be applied to the support of public schools therein; but no compulsory process shall issue

for the collection of any registry tax: *Provided*, that the registry tax of every person who has performed military duty according to the provisions of the preceding section shall be remitted for the year he shall perform such duty; and the registry tax assessed upon any mariner, for any year while he is at sea, shall, upon his application, be remitted; and no person shall be allowed to vote whose registry tax for either of the two years next preceding the time of voting is not paid or remitted as herein provided.

SEC. 4. No person in the military, naval, marine, or any other service of the United States shall be considered as having the required residence by reason of being employed in any garrison, barrack, or military or naval station in this state: and no pauper, lunatic, person *non compos mentis*, person under guardianship, or member of the Narragansett tribe of Indians, shall be permitted to be registered or to vote. Nor shall any person convicted of bribery, or of any crime deemed infamous at common law, be permitted to exercise that privilege, until he be expressly restored thereto by act of the general assembly. [4 R. I. 583.]

SEC. 5. Persons residing on lands ceded by this state to the United States shall not be entitled to exercise the privilege of electors.

SEC. 6. The general assembly shall have full power to provide for a registry of voters, to prescribe the manner of conducting the elections, the form of certificates, the nature of the evidence to be required in case of a dispute as to the right of any person to vote, and generally to enact all laws necessary to carry this article into effect, and to prevent abuse, corruption and fraud in voting. [13 R. I. 729.]

ARTICLE III.

Of the Distribution of Powers.

The powers of the government shall be distributed into three departments: the legislative, executive and judicial.

[3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324.]

ARTICLE IV.

Of the Legislative Power.

SECTION 1. This constitution shall be the supreme law of

the state, and any law inconsistent therewith shall be void. The general assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry this constitution into effect. [4 R. I. 324.]

SEC. 2. The legislative power, under this constitution, shall be vested in two houses, the one to be called [3 R. I. 33.] the senate, the other the house of representatives; [3 R. I. 299.] and both together the general assembly. The [4 R. I. 324.] concurrence of the two houses shall be necessary to the enactment of laws. The style of their laws shall be, *It is enacted by the general assembly as follows:*

SEC. 3. There shall be two sessions of the general assembly holden annually: one at Newport, on the first Tuesday of May, for the purposes of election and other business; the other on the last Monday of October, which last session shall be holden at South Kingstown once in two years, and the intermediate years alternately at Bristol and East Greenwich; and an adjournment from the October session shall be holden annually at Providence. [1]

SEC. 4. No member of the general assembly shall take any fee, or be of counsel, in any case pending before either house of the general assembly, under penalty of forfeiting his seat, upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the house of which he is a member.

SEC. 5. The person of every member of the general assembly shall be exempt from arrest, and his estate from attachment in any civil action, during the session of the general assembly, and two days before the commencement and two days after the termination thereof, and all process served contrary hereto shall be void. For any speech in debate in either house, no member shall be questioned in any other place.

SEC. 6. Each house shall be the judge of the elections and qualifications of its members; and a majority shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties, as may be prescribed by such house or by law. The organization of the two houses may be regulated by law, subject to the limitations contained in this constitution.

[1] See Amendments, Article III.

SEC. 7. Each house may determine its rules of proceeding, punish contempts, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two thirds, expel a member; but not a second time for the same cause.

SEC. 8. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings. The yeas and nays of the members of either house shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SEC. 9. Neither house shall, during a session, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than two days, nor to any other place than that in which they may be sitting.

SEC. 10. The general assembly shall continue to exercise the powers they have heretofore exercised, unless prohibited in this constitution. [3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324.]

SEC. 11. The senators and representatives shall receive the sum of one dollar for every day of attendance, and eight cents per mile for traveling expenses in going to and returning from the general assembly. The general assembly shall regulate the compensation of the governor, and all other officers, subject to the limitations contained in this constitution.

SEC. 12. All lotteries shall hereafter be prohibited in this state, except those already authorized by the general assembly.

SEC. 13. The general assembly shall have no power, hereafter, without the express consent of the people, to incur state debts to an amount exceeding fifty thousand dollars, except in time of war, or in case of insurrection or invasion; nor shall they in any case, without such consent, pledge the faith of the state for the payment of the obligations of others. This section shall not be construed to refer to any money that may be deposited with this state by the government of the United States.

SEC. 14. The assent of two thirds of the members elected to each house of the general assembly shall be required to every bill appropriating the public money or property for local or private purposes.

SEC. 15. The general assembly shall, from time to time, provide for making new valuations of property, for the assessment of taxes, in such manner as they may deem best. A new estimate of such property shall be taken before the

first direct state tax, after the adoption of this constitution, shall be assessed.

SEC. 16. The general assembly may provide by law for the continuance in office of any officers of annual election or appointment, until other persons are qualified to take their places.

SEC. 17. Hereafter, when any bill shall be presented to either house of the general assembly, to create a corporation for any other than for religious, literary, or charitable purposes, or for a military or fire company, it shall be continued until another election of members of the general assembly shall have taken place, and such public notice of the pendency thereof shall be given as may be required by law.

[14 R. I. 452.]

SEC. 18. It shall be the duty of the two houses, upon the request of either, to join in grand committee for the purpose of electing senators in congress, at such times and in such manner as may be prescribed by law for said elections.

ARTICLE V.

Of the House of Representatives.

SECTION 1. The house of representatives shall never exceed seventy-two members, and shall be constituted on the basis of population, always allowing one representative for a fraction exceeding half the ratio; but each town or city shall always be entitled to at least one member; and no town or city shall have more than one sixth of the whole number of members to which the house is hereby limited. The present ratio shall be one representative to every fifteen hundred and thirty inhabitants, and the general assembly may, after any new census taken by the authority of the United States or of this state, reapportion the representation by altering the ratio; but no town or city shall be divided into districts for the choice of representatives.

SEC. 2. The house of representatives shall have authority to elect its speaker, clerks and other officers. The senior member from the town of Newport, if any be present, shall preside in the organization of the house.

ARTICLE VI.

Of the Senate.

SECTION 1. The senate shall consist of the lieutenant-governor and of one senator from each town or city in the state.

SEC. 2. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall preside in the senate and in grand committee. The presiding officer of the senate and grand committee shall have a right to vote in case of equal division, but not otherwise.

SEC. 3. If, by reason of death, resignation, absence, or other cause, there be no governor or lieutenant-governor present, to preside in the senate, the senate shall elect one of their own members to preside during such absence or vacancy; and until such election is made by the senate, the secretary of state shall preside.

SEC. 4. The secretary of state shall, by virtue of his office, be secretary of the senate, unless otherwise provided by law, and the senate may elect such other officers as they may deem necessary.

ARTICLE VII.

Of the Executive Power.

SECTION 1. The chief executive power of this state shall be vested in a governor, who, together with a lieutenant-governor, shall be annually elected by the people. [4 R. I. 324.]

SEC. 2. The governor shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. He shall be captain-general and commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of this state, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

SEC. 4. He shall have power to grant reprieves after conviction, in all cases except those of impeachment, until the end of the next session of the general assembly.

SEC. 5. He may fill vacancies in office not otherwise pro-

vided for by this constitution or by law, until the same shall be filled by the general assembly, or by the people.

SEC. 6. In case of disagreement between the two houses of the general assembly, respecting the time or place of adjournment, certified to him by either, he may adjourn them to such time and place as he shall think proper: *Provided*, that the time of adjournment shall not be extended beyond the day of the next stated session.

SEC. 7. He may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the general assembly at any town or city in this state, at any time not provided for by law; and in case of danger from the prevalence of epidemic or contagious disease, in the place in which the general assembly are by law to meet, or to which they may have been adjourned, or for other urgent reasons, he may by proclamation convene said assembly at any other place within this state.

SEC. 8. All commissions shall be in the name and by authority of the state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations; shall be sealed with the state seal, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary.

SEC. 9. In case of vacancy in the office of governor, or of his inability to serve, impeachment, or absence from the state, the lieutenant-governor shall fill the office of governor, and exercise the powers and authority appertaining thereto, until a governor is qualified to act, or until the office is filled at the next annual election.

SEC. 10. If the offices of governor and lieutenant-governor be both vacant, by reason of death, resignation, impeachment, absence, or otherwise, the person entitled to preside over the senate for the time being shall in like manner fill the office of governor during such absence or vacancy.

SEC. 11. The compensation of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be established by law, and shall not be diminished during the term for which they are elected.

SEC. 12. The duties and powers of the secretary, attorney-general and general treasurer, shall be the same under this constitution as are now established, or as from time to time may be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Of Elections.

SECTION 1. The governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, representatives, secretary of state, attorney-general and general treasurer, shall be elected at the town, city, or ward meetings, to be holden on the first Wednesday of April, annually; and shall severally hold their offices for one year, from the first Tuesday of May next succeeding, and until others are legally chosen, and duly qualified to fill their places. If elected or qualified after the said first Tuesday of May, they shall hold their offices for the remainder of the political year, and until their successors are qualified to act.

SEC. 2. The voting for governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, general treasurer and representatives to congress, shall be by ballot; senators and representatives to the general assembly, and town or city officers, shall be chosen by ballot, on demand of any seven persons entitled to vote for the same; and in all cases where an election is made by ballot or paper vote, the manner of balloting shall be the same as is now required in voting for general officers, until otherwise prescribed by law.

SEC. 3. The names of the persons voted for as governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general and general treasurer shall be placed upon one ticket; and all votes for these officers shall, in open town or ward meetings, be sealed up by the moderators and town clerks and by the wardens and ward clerks, who shall certify the same and deliver or send them to the secretary of state; whose duty it shall be securely to keep and deliver the same to the grand committee, after the organization of the two houses at the annual May session; and it shall be the duty of the two houses at said session, after their organization, upon the request of either house, to join in grand committee, for the purpose of counting and declaring said votes, and of electing other officers.

SEC. 4. The town and ward clerks shall also keep a correct list or register of all persons voting for general officers,

and shall transmit a copy thereof to the general assembly, on or before the first day of said May session.[1]

SEC. 5. The ballots for senators and representatives in the several towns shall, in each case, after the polls are declared to be closed, be counted by the moderator, who shall announce the result, and the clerk shall give certificates to the persons elected. If, in any case, there be no election, the polls may be reopened, and the like proceedings shall be had until an election shall take place: *Provided*, however, that an adjournment or adjournments of the election may be made to a time not exceeding seven days from the first meeting.

SEC. 6. In the city of Providence, the polls for senator and representatives shall be kept open during the whole time of voting for the day, and the votes in the several wards shall be sealed up at the close of the meeting by the wardens and ward clerks in open ward meeting, and afterwards delivered to the city clerk. The mayor and aldermen shall proceed to count said votes within two days from the day of election; and if no election of senator and representatives, or if an election of only a portion of the representatives shall have taken place, the mayor and aldermen shall order a new election, to be held not more than ten days from the day of the first election, and so on until the election shall be completed. Certificates of election shall be furnished by the city clerk to the persons chosen.

SEC. 7. If no person shall have a majority of votes for governor, it shall be the duty of the grand committee to elect one by ballot from the two persons having the highest number of votes for the office, except when such a result is produced by rejecting the entire vote of any town, city, or ward, for informality or illegality, in which case a new election by the electors throughout the state shall be ordered; and in case no person shall have a majority of votes for lieutenant-governor, it shall be the duty of the grand committee to elect one by ballot from the two persons having the highest number of votes for the office.

SEC. 8. In case an election of the secretary of state, at-

[1] See amendments, Article I.

torney-general, or general treasurer, should fail to be made by the electors at the annual election, the vacancy or vacancies shall be filled by the general assembly in grand committee, from the two candidates for such office having the greatest number of the votes of the electors. Or, in case of a vacancy in either of said offices from other causes, between the sessions of the general assembly, the governor shall appoint some person to fill the same until a successor elected by the general assembly is qualified to act; and in such case, and also in all other cases of vacancies not otherwise provided for, the general assembly may fill the same in any manner they may deem proper.

SEC. 9. Vacancies from any cause in the senate or house of representatives may be filled by a new election.

SEC. 10. In all elections held by the people under this constitution, a majority of all the electors voting shall be necessary to the election of the persons voted for.

ARTICLE IX.

Of Qualifications for Office.

SECTION 1. No person shall be eligible to any civil office (except the office of school committee), unless he be a qualified elector for such office.

SEC. 2. Every person shall be disqualified from holding any office to which he may have been elected, if he be convicted of having offered, or procured any other person to offer, any bribe to secure his election, or the election of any other person.

SEC. 3. All general officers shall take the following engagement before they act in their respective offices, to wit: You being by the free vote of the electors of this State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, elected unto the place of do solemnly swear (or affirm) to be true and faithful unto this state, and to support the constitution of this state and of the United States; that you will faithfully and impartially discharge all the duties of your aforesaid office to the best of your abilities, according to law: So help you God. Or, this affirmation you make and give upon the peril of the penalty of perjury.

SEC. 4. The members of the general assembly, the judges of all the courts, and all other officers, both civil and military, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution, and the constitution of the United States.

SEC. 5. The oath or affirmation shall be administered to the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives, by the secretary of state, or, in his absence, by the attorney-general. The secretary of state, attorney-general, and general treasurer shall be engaged by the governor, or by a justice of the supreme court.

SEC. 6. No person holding any office under the government of the United States, or of any other state or country, shall act as a general officer, or as a member of the general assembly, unless at the time of taking his engagement he shall have resigned his office under such government; and if any general officer, senator, representative or judge shall, after his election and engagement, accept any appointment under any other government, his office under this shall be immediately vacated; but this restriction shall not apply to any person appointed to take depositions or acknowledgment of deeds, or other legal instruments, by the authority of any other state or country.

ARTICLE X.

Of the Judicial Power.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of this state shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the general assembly may, from time to time, ordain and establish. [3 R. I. 299. 4 R. I. 324. 8 R. I. 50. 13 R. I. 143.]

SEC. 2. The several courts shall have such jurisdiction as may from time to time be prescribed by law. Chancery powers may be conferred on the supreme court, but on no other court to any greater extent than is now provided by law. [4 R. I. 324. 8 R. I. 50.]

SEC. 3. The judges of the supreme court shall, in all trials, instruct the jury in the law. They shall also give their written opinion upon any question of law whenever requested by the governor, or by either house of the general assembly. [4 R. I. 324.]

SEC. 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the two houses in grand committee. Each judge shall [4 R. I. 324.] hold his office until his place be declared vacant by a resolution of the general assembly to that effect; which resolution shall be voted for by a majority of all the members elected to the house in which it may originate, and be concurred in by the same majority of the other house. Such resolution shall not be entertained at any other than the annual session for the election of public officers; and in default of the passage thereof at said session, the judge shall hold his place as is herein provided. But a judge of any court shall be removed from office if, upon impeachment, he shall be found guilty of any official misdemeanor.

SEC. 5. In case of vacancy by death, resignation, removal from the state or from office, refusal or inability to serve, of any judge of the supreme court, the office may be filled by the grand committee, until the next annual election, and the judge then elected shall hold his office as before provided. In cases of impeachment, or temporary absence, or inability, the governor may appoint a person to discharge the duties of the office during the vacancy caused thereby.

SEC. 6. The judges of the supreme court shall receive a compensation for their services, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office. [4 R. I. 324.]

SEC. 7. The towns of New Shoreham and Jamestown may continue to elect their wardens as heretofore. The other towns and the city of Providence may elect such number of justices of the peace, resident therein, as they may deem proper. The jurisdiction of said justices and wardens shall be regulated by law. The justices shall be commissioned by the governor.

ARTICLE XI.

Of Impeachments.

SECTION 1. The house of representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. A vote of two thirds of all the members elected shall be required for an impeachment of the governor. Any officer impeached shall thereby be

suspended from office until judgment in the case shall have been pronounced.

SEC. 2. All impeachments shall be tried by the senate; and, when sitting for that purpose, they shall be under oath or affirmation. No person shall be convicted except by vote of two thirds of the members elected. When the governor is impeached, the chief or presiding justice of the supreme court, for the time being, shall preside, with a casting vote in all preliminary questions.

SEC. 3. The governor and all other executive and judicial officers shall be liable to impeachment; but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than to removal from office. The person convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial and punishment, according to law.

ARTICLE XII.

Of Education.

SECTION 1. The diffusion of knowledge, as well as of virtue, among the people, being essential to the preservation of their rights and liberties, it shall be the duty of the general assembly to promote public schools, and to adopt all means which they may deem necessary and proper to secure to the people the advantages and opportunities of education.

SEC. 2. The money which now is or which may hereafter be appropriated by law for the establishment of a permanent fund for the support of public schools, shall be securely invested, and remain a perpetual fund for that purpose.

SEC. 3. All donations for the support of public schools, or for other purposes of education, which may be received by the general assembly, shall be applied according to the terms prescribed by the donors.

SEC. 4. The general assembly shall make all necessary provisions by law for carrying this article into effect. They shall not divert said money or fund from the aforesaid uses, nor borrow, appropriate, or use the same, or any part thereof, for any other purpose, under any pretence whatsoever.

ARTICLE XIII.

Of Amendments.

The general assembly may propose amendments to this constitution by the votes of a majority of all the members elected to each house. Such propositions for amendment shall be published in the newspapers, and printed copies of them shall be sent by the secretary of state, with the names of all the members who shall have voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, to all the town and city clerks in the state. The said propositions shall be, by said clerks, inserted in the warrants or notices by them issued, for warning the next annual town and ward meetings in April; and the clerks shall read said propositions to the electors when thus assembled, with the names of all the representatives and senators who shall have voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, before the election of senators and representatives shall be had. If a majority of all the members elected to each house, at said annual meeting, shall approve any proposition thus made, the same shall be published and submitted to the electors in the mode provided in the act of approval; and if then approved by three fifths of the electors of the state present and voting thereon in town and ward meetings, it shall become a part of the constitution of the state. [14 R. I. 649.]

ARTICLE XIV.

Of the Adoption of this Constitution.

SECTION 1. This constitution, if adopted, shall go into operation on the first Tuesday of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-three. The first election of governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general and general treasurer, and of senators and representatives under said constitution, shall be had on the first Wednesday of April next preceding, by the electors qualified under said constitution. And the town and ward meetings therefor shall be warned and conducted as is now provided by law. All civil and military officers now elected, or who shall hereafter be elected, by the general assembly, or other competent

authority, before the said first Wednesday of April, shall hold their offices and may exercise their powers until the said first Tuesday of May, or until their successors shall be qualified to act. All statutes, public and private, not repugnant to this constitution, shall continue in force until they expire by their own limitation, or are repealed by the general assembly. All charters, contracts, judgments, actions and rights of action shall be as valid as if this constitution had not been made. The present government shall exercise all the powers with which it is now clothed, until the said first Tuesday of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and until the government under this constitution is duly organized.

SEC. 2. All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the state as if this constitution had not been adopted.

SEC. 3. The supreme court, established by this constitution, shall have the same jurisdiction as the supreme judicial court at present established, and shall have jurisdiction of all causes which may be appealed to, or pending in the same; and shall be held at the same times and places, and in each county, as the present supreme judicial court, until otherwise prescribed by the general assembly.

SEC. 4. The towns of New Shoreham and Jamestown shall continue to enjoy the exemptions from military duty which they now enjoy, until otherwise prescribed by law.

Done in convention, at East Greenwich, this fifth day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

JAMES FENNER, *President.*
HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Vice-Pres't.*

THOMAS A. JENCKES, }
WALTER W. UPDIKE, } *Secretaries.*

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED NOVEMBER, 1854.

ARTICLE I.

It shall not be necessary for the town or ward clerks to keep and transmit to the general assembly a list or register of all persons voting for general officers; but the general assembly shall have power to pass such laws on the subject as they may deem expedient.

ARTICLE II.

The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall hereafter exclusively exercise the pardoning power, except in cases of impeachment, to the same extent as such power is now exercised by the general assembly.

[4 R. I. 583.]

ARTICLE III.

There shall be one session of the general assembly, holden annually, commencing on the last Tuesday in May, at Newport, and an adjournment from the same shall be holden annually at Providence.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED AUGUST, 1864.

ARTICLE IV.

Electors of this state who, in time of war, are absent from the state, in the actual military service of the United States, being otherwise qualified, shall have a right to vote in all elections in the state for electors of president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, and general officers of the state. The general assembly shall have full power to provide by law for carrying this article into effect; and until such provision shall be made by law, every such absent elector on the day of such elections, may deliver a written or printed ballot, with the names of the persons voted for thereon, and his christian and surname, and his voting residence in the state, written at length on the back thereof, to the officer commanding the regiment or company to which he belongs; and all such ballots, certified by such commanding officer to have been given by the elector whose name is written thereon, and returned by such commanding officer to the secretary of state within the time prescribed by law for counting the votes in such elections, shall be received and counted with the same effect as if given by such elector in open town, ward, or district meeting; and the clerk of each town or city, until otherwise provided by law, shall, within five days after any such election, transmit to the secretary of state a certified list of the names of all such electors on their respective voting lists.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED APRIL 7, 1886.

ARTICLE V.

The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors to be used as a beverage shall be prohibited. The general assembly shall provide by law for carrying this article into effect.

ARTICLE VI.

All soldiers and sailors of foreign birth, citizens of the United States, who served in the army or navy of the United States from this state in the late civil war, and who were honorably discharged from such service, shall have the right to vote on all questions in all legally organized town, district or ward meetings, upon the same conditions and under and subject to the same restrictions as native born citizens.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED APRIL 4, 1888.

ARTICLE VII.

SECTION 1. Every male citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years who has had his residence and home in this State for two years, and in the town or city in which he may offer to vote six months next preceding the time of his voting, and whose name shall be registered in the town or city where he resides on or before the last day of December, in the year next preceding the time of his voting, shall have a right to vote in the election of all civil officers and on all questions in all legally organized town or ward meetings: Provided, that no person shall at any time be allowed to vote in the election of the city council of any city, or upon any proposition to impose a tax, or for the expenditure of money in any town or city, unless he shall within the year next preceding have paid a tax assessed upon his property therein, valued at least at one hundred and thirty-four dollars.

SEC. 2. The Assessors of each town and city shall annually assess upon every person, who, if registered, would be qualified to vote, a tax of $1, or such sum as with his other taxes shall amount to $1, which tax shall be paid into the treasury of such town or city and be applied to the support of public schools therein: Provided, that such tax assessed upon any person who has performed military duty, shall be remitted for the year he shall perform such duty; and said tax assessed upon any mariner for any year while he is at sea, or upon any person who by reason of extreme poverty is unable to pay said tax, shall upon application of such mariner or person be remitted. The General Assembly shall have power to provide by law for the collection and remission of said tax.

SEC. 3. This amendment shall take in the Constitution of the State, the place of Sections 2 and 3 of Article II, "Of the Qualification of Electors," which said sections are hereby annulled.

ARTICLE OF AMENDMENT,

ADOPTED JUNE 20, 1889.

ARTICLE VIII.

Article V. of the amendments to the Constitution of this State is hereby annulled.

State of Rhode Island, &c.

THE CHARTER

GRANTED BY KING CHARLES II.

JULY 8, 1663, AND IN FORCE UNTIL THE ADOPTION OF THE CONSTITUTION, NOVEMBER, 1842.

CHARLES the Second, by the Grace of God, King of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c., to all to whom these presents shall come, greeting: Whereas, we have been informed, by the humble petition of our trusty and well-beloved subject, John Clarke, on the behalf of Benjamin Arnold, William Brenton, William Codington, Nicholas Easton, William Boulston, John Porter, John Smith, Samuel Gorton, John Weeks, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, Gregory Dexter, John Coggeshall, Joseph Clarke, Randall Holden, John Greene, John Roome, Samuel Wildbore, William Field, James Barker, Richard Tew, Thomas Harris, and William Dyre, and the rest of the purchasers and free inhabitants of our island, called Rhode Island, and the rest of the colony of Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, in New England, in America, that they, pursuing, with peaceable and loyal minds, their sober, serious, and religious intentions, of godly edifying themselves, and one another, in the holy Christian faith and worship, as they were persuaded; together with the gaining over and conversion of the poor ignorant Indian natives, in those

parts of America, to the sincere profession and obedience of the same faith and worship, did, not only by the consent and good encouragement of our royal progenitors, transport themselves out of this kingdom of England into America, but also, since their arrival there, after their first settlement amongst other our subjects in those parts, for the avoiding of discord, and those many evils which were likely to ensue upon some of those our subjects not being able to bear, in these remote parts, their different apprehensions in religious concernments, and in pursuance of the aforesaid ends, did once again leave their desirable stations and habitations, and with excessive labor and travel, hazard and charge did transplant themselves into the midst of the Indian natives, who as we are informed, are the most potent princes and people of all that country; where, by the good Providence of God, from whom the Plantations have taken their name, upon their labor and industry, they have not only been preserved to admiration, but have increased and prospered, and are seized and possessed, by purchase and consent of the said natives, to their full content, of such lands, islands, rivers, harbors and roads, as are very convenient, both for plantations, and also for building of ships, supply of pipe-staves, and other merchandize; and which lie very commodious, in many respects, for commerce, and to accommodate our southern plantations, and may much advance the trade of this our realm, and greatly enlarge the territories thereof; they having by near neighborhood to and friendly society with the great body of the Narragansett Indians, given them encouragement of their own accord, to subject themselves, their people and lands, unto us; whereby, as is hoped, there may, in time, by the blessing of God upon their endeavors be laid a sure foundation of happiness to all America: And whereas, in their humble address, they have freely declared, that it is much on their hearts (if they may be permitted) to hold forth a lively experiment, that a most flourishing civil state may stand and best be maintained, and that among our English subjects, with a full liberty in religious concernments; and that true piety rightly grounded upon gospel principles, will give the best and greatest security to sovereignty, and will lay in the hearts of men the strongest obligations to true

loyalty: Now, know ye, that we, being willing to encourage the hopeful undertaking of our said loyal and loving subjects, and to secure them in the free exercise and enjoyment of all their civil and religious rights, appertaining to them, as our loving subjects; and to preserve unto them that liberty, in the true Christian faith and worship of God, which they have sought with so much travail, and with peaceable minds, and loyal subjection to our royal progenitors and ourselves, to enjoy; and because some of the people and inhabitants of the same colony cannot, in their private opinions, conform to the public exercise of religion, according to the liturgy, forms and ceremonies of the Church of England, or take or subscribe the oaths and articles made and established in that behalf; and for that the same, by reason of the remote distances of those places, will (as we hope) be no breach of the unity and uniformity established in this nation: Have therefore thought fit, and do hereby publish, grant, ordain and declare, That our royal will and pleasure is, that no person within the said colony, at any time hereafter, shall be any wise molested, punished, disquieted, or called in question, for any differences in opinion in matters of religion, and do not actually disturb the civil peace of our said colony; but that all and every person and persons may, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, freely and fully have and enjoy his and their own judgments and consciences, in matters of religious concernments, throughout the tract of land hereafter mentioned, they behaving themselves peaceably and quietly, and not using this liberty to licentiousness and profaneness, nor to the civil injury or outward disturbance of others, any law, statute, or clause therein contained, or to be contained, usage or custom of this realm, to the contrary hereof, in any wise notwithstanding. And that they may be in the better capacity to defend themselves, in their just rights and liberties, against all the enemies of the Christian faith, and others, in all respects, we have further thought fit, and at the humble petition of the persons aforesaid are graciously pleased to declare, That they shall have and enjoy the benefit of our late act of indemnity and free pardon, as the rest of our subjects in other our dominions and territories have; and to create and make them a body politic or corporate, with the powers

and privileges hereinafter mentioned. And accordingly our will and pleasure is, and of our especial grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, we have ordained, constituted and declared, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do ordain, constitute and declare, That they the said William Brenton, William Codington, Nicholas Easton, Benedict Arnold, William Boulston, John Porter, Samuel Gorton, John Smith, John Weeks, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, Gregory Dexter, John Coggeshall, Joseph Clarke, Randall Holden, John Greene. John Roome, William Dyre, Samuel Wildbore, Richard Tew, William Field, Thomas Harris, James Barker,——Rainsborrow,——Williams, and John Nickson, and all such others as now are, or hereafter shall be, admitted and made free of the company and society of our colony of Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, in New England, shall be, from time to time, and forever hereafter, a body corporate and politic, in fact and name, by the name of the Governor and Company of the English Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in New England, in America; and that, by the same name, they and their successors shall and may have perpetual succession, and shall and may be persons able and capable, in the law, to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded, to answer, and be answered unto, to defend and to be defended, in all and singular suits, causes, quarrels, matters, actions and things, of what kind or nature soever; and also to have, take, possess, acquire, and purchase lands, tenements or hereditaments, or any goods or chattels, and the same to lease, grant, demise, aliene, bargain, sell and dispose of, at their own will and pleasure, as other our liege people of this our realm of England, or any corporation or body politic, within the same, may lawfully do. And further, that they the said Governor and Company, and their successors, shall and may, forever hereafter have a common seal, to serve and use for all matters, causes, things and affairs, whatsoever, of them, and their successors; and the same seal to alter, change, break, and make new, from time to time, at their will and pleasure, as they shall think fit. And further, we will and ordain, and by these presents, for us, our heirs, and successors, do declare and appoint that, for the better ordering and managing of the

affairs and business of the said Company, and their successors, there shall be one Governor, one Deputy-Governor and ten Assistants, to be from time to time, constituted, elected and chosen, out of the freeman of the said Company, for the time being, in such manner and form as is hereafter in these presents expressed, which said officers shall apply themselves to take care for the best disposing and ordering of the general business and affairs of and concerning the lands, and hereditaments hereinafter mentioned to be granted, and the plantation thereof, and the government of the people there. And, for the better execution of our royal pleasure herein, we do, for us, our heirs and successors, assign, name, constitute, and appoint the aforesaid Benedict Arnold to be the first and present Governor of the said Company, and the said William Brenton to be the Deputy-Governor, and the said William Boulston, John Porter, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, John Smith, John Greene, John Coggeshall, James Barker, William Field, and Joseph Clarke, to be the ten present Assistants of the said Company, to continue in the said several offices, respectively, until the first Wednesday which shall be in the month of May now next coming. And further, we will, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do ordain and grant that the Governor of the said Company, for the time being, or, in his absence, by occasion of sickness or otherwise, by his leave and permission, the Deputy-Governor, for the time being, shall and may, from time to time, upon all occasions, give order for the assembling of the said Company, and calling them together, to consult and advise of the business and affairs of the said Company. And that forever hereafter, twice in every year, that is to say, on every first Wednesday in the month of May, and on every last Wednesday in October, or oftener, in case it shall be requisite, the Assistants and such of the freeman of the said Company, not exceeding six persons for Newport, four persons for each of the respective towns of Providence, Portsmouth and Warwick, and two persons for each other place, town or city, who shall be, from time to time, thereunto elected or deputed by the major part of the freemen of the respective towns or places for which they shall be so elected

or deputed, shall have a general meeting or assembly, then and there to consult, advise and determine, in and about the affairs and business of the said Company and Plantations. And, further, we do, of our especial grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, give and grant unto the said Governor and Company of the English colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, in New England, in America, and their successors, that the Governor, or, in his absence, or, by his permission, the Deputy-Governor of the said Company, for the time being, the Assistants, and such of the freemen of the said Company as shall be so as aforesaid elected or deputed, or so many of them as shall be present at such meeting or assembly, as aforesaid, shall be called the General Assembly; and that they, or the greatest part of them present, whereof the Governor or Deputy-Governor, and six of the Assistants, at least to be seven, shall have, and have hereby given and granted unto them, full power and authority, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, to appoint, alter and change such days, times and places of meeting and General Assembly, as they shall think fit; and to choose, nominate and appoint, such and so many other persons as they shall think fit, and shall be willing to accept the same, to be free of the said Company and body politic, and them into the same to admit; and to elect and constitute such offices and officers, and to grant such needful commissions, as they shall think fit and requisite, for the ordering, managing, and dispatching of the affairs of the said Governor and Company, and their successors; and from time to time, to make, ordain, constitute or repeal, such laws, statutes, orders and ordinances, forms and ceremonies of government and magistracy, as to them shall seem meet, for the good and welfare of the said Company, and for the government and ordering of the lands and hereditaments, hereinafter mentioned to be granted, and of the people that do, or at any time hereafter shall, inhabit or be within the same; so as such laws, ordinances and constitutions, so made, be not contrary and repugnant unto, but as near as may be, agreeable to the laws of this our realm of England, considering the nature and constitution of the place and people there; and also to appoint, order and direct, erect and settle, such places and courts of jurisdiction, for the

hearing and determining of all actions, cases, matters and things, happening within the said colony and plantation, and which shall be in dispute, and depending there, as they shall think fit; and also to distinguish and set forth the several names and titles, duties, powers and limits, of each court, office and officer, superior and inferior; and also to contrive and appoint such forms of oaths and attestations, not repugnant, but as near as may be agreeable, as aforesaid, to the laws and statutes of this our realm, as are convenient and requisite with respect to the due administration of justice, and due execution and discharge of all offices and places of trust by the persons that shall be therein concerned, and also to regulate and order the way and manner of all elections to offices and places of trust, and to prescribe, limit and distinguish the numbers and bounds of all places, towns or cities, within the limits and bounds hereinafter mentioned, and not herein particularly named, who have, or shall have, the power of electing and sending of freemen to the said General Assembly; and also to order, direct and authorize the imposing of law ful and reasonable fines, mulcts, imprisonments, and executing other punishments, pecuniary and corporal, upon offenders and delinquents, according to the course of other corporations within this our kingdom of England; and again to alter, revoke, annul or pardon, under their common seal, or otherwise, such fines, mulcts, imprisonments, sentences, judgments and condemnations, as shall be thought fit; and to direct, rule, order and dispose of, all other matters and things, and particularly that which relates to the making of purchases of the native Indians, as to them shall seem meet; whereby our said people and inhabitants in the said Plantations, may be so religiously, peaceably and civilly governed, as that by their good life and orderly conversation, they may win and invite the native Indians of the country to the knowledge and obedience of the only true God and Saviour of mankind; willing, commanding and requiring, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, ordaining and appointing, that all such laws, statutes, orders and ordinances, instructions, impositions and directions, as shall be so made by the Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistants and freemen, or such number of them as aforesaid, and published in writing,

under their common seal, shall be carefully and duly observed, kept, performed and put in execution, according to the true intent and meaning of the same. And these our letters patent, or the duplicate or exemplification thereof, shall be to all and every such officer, superior or inferior, from time to time, for the putting of the same orders, laws, statutes, ordinances, instructions and directions in due execution, against us, our heirs and successors, a sufficient warrant and discharge. And further, our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby, for us our heirs and successors, establish and ordain, that yearly, once in the year, forever hereafter, namely, the aforesaid Wednesday in May, and at the town of Newport, or elsewhere, if urgent occasion do require, the Governor, Deputy-Governor and Assistants of the said Company, and other officers of the said Company, or such of them as the General Assembly shall think fit, shall be, in the said General Court or Assembly to be held from that day or time, newly chosen for the year ensuing, by such greater part of the said Company, for the time being, as shall be then and there present; and if it shall happen that the present Governor, Deputy-Governor and Assistants, by these presents appointed, or any such as shall hereafter be newly chosen into their rooms, or any of them, or any other the officers of the said Company, shall die or be removed from his or their several offices or places before the said general day of election, (whom we do hereby declare, for any misdemeanor or default, to be removable by the Governor, Assistants and Company, or such greater part of them, in any of the said public courts, to be assembled as aforesaid,) that then, and in every such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistants and Company aforesaid, or such greater part of them, so to be assembled as is aforesaid, in any their assemblies, to proceed to a new election of one or more of their Company, in the room or place, rooms or places, of such officer or officers, so dying or removed, according to their discretions; and immediately upon and after such election or elections made of such Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistant or Assistants, or any other officer of the said Company, in manner and form aforesaid, the authority, office and power, before given to the former Governor, Dep-

uty-Governor, and other officer and officers so removed, in whose stead and place new shall be chosen, shall, as to him and them, and every of them, respectively, cease and determine: *Provided always*, and our will and pleasure is, that as well such as are by these presents appointed to be the present Governor, Deputy-Governor and Assistants of the said Company, as those that shall succeed them, and all other officers to be appointed and chosen as aforesaid, shall, before the undertaking the execution of the said offices and places respectively, give their solemn engagement, by oath or otherwise, for the due and faithful performance of their duties in their several offices and places, before such person or persons as are by these presents hereafter appointed to take and receive the same, that is to say: the said Benedict Arnold, who is hereinbefore nominated and appointed the present Governor of the said Company, shall give the aforesaid engagement before William Brenton, or any two of the said Assistants of the said Company; unto whom we do by these presents give full power and authority to require and receive the same; and the said William Brenton, who is hereby before nominated and appointed the present Deputy-Governor of the said Company, shall give the aforesaid engagement before the said Benedict Arnold, or any two of the Assistants of the said Company; unto whom we do by these presents give full power and authority to require and receive the same; and the said William Boulston, John Porter, Roger Williams, Thomas Olney, John Smith, John Greene, John Coggeshall, James Barker, William Field, and Joseph Clarke, who are hereinbefore nominated and appointed the present Assistants of the said Company, shall give the said engagement to their offices and places respectively belonging before the said Benedict Arnold and William Brenton, or one of them; to whom resepectively we do hereby give full power and authority to require, administer, or receive the same; and further, our will and pleasure is, that all and every other future Governor or Deputy-Governor, to be elected and chosen by virtue of these presents, shall give the said engagement before two or more of the said Assistants of the said Company for the time being; unto whom we do by these presents give full power and authority to require, administer or receive the

same; and the said Assistants, and every of them, and all and every other officer or officers to be hereafter elected and chosen by virtue of these presents from time to time, shall give the like engagements, to their offices and places respectively belonging, before the Governor or Deputy-Governor for the time being; unto which said Governor, or Deputy-Governor, we do by these presents give full power and authority to require, administer or receive the same accordingly. And we do likewise, for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, by these presents, that for the more peaceable and orderly government of the said Plantations, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor, Deputy-Governor, Assistants and all other officers and ministers of the said Company, in the administration of justice, and exercise of government, in the said Plantations, to use, exercise, and put in execution, such methods, rules, orders and directions, not being contrary or repugnant to the laws and statutes of this our realm, as have been heretofore given, used and accustomed, in such cases respectively, to be put in practice, until at the next or some other General Assembly, special provision shall be made and ordained in the cases aforesaid. And we do further, for us, our heirs, and successors, give and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, by these presents, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor, or, in his absence, the Deputy-Governor, and major part of the said Assistants, for the time being, at any time when the said General Assembly is not sitting, to nominate, appoint and constitue, such and so many commanders, governors, and military officers, as to them shall seem requisite, for the leading, conducting and training up the inhabitants of the said Plantations in martial affairs, and for the defence and safeguard of the said Plantations: and that it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every such commander, governor and military officer, that shall be so as aforesaid, or by the Governor, or in his absence, the Deputy-Governor, and six of the said Assistants, and major part of the freemen of the said Company present at any General Assemblies, nominated, appointed and constituted, according to the tenor of his and their respective commissions and direc-

tions to assemble, exercise in arms, martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants of the said colony, for their special defence and safety; and to lead and conduct the said inhabitants, and to encounter, expulse, expel and resist, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, and also to kill, slay and destroy, by all fitting ways, enterprise and means, whatsoever, all and every such person or persons as shall, at any time hereafter, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment or annoyance of the said inhabitants or Plantations; and to use and exercise the law martial in such cases only as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take or surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons, with their ship or ships, armor, ammunition or other goods of such persons, as shall, in hostile manner, invade or attempt the defeating of the said Plantation, or the hurt of the said Company and inhabitants; and upon just causes, to invade and destroy the native Indians, or other enemies of the said Colony. Nevertheless, our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby declare to the rest of our Colonies in New England, that it shall not be lawful for this our said Colony of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, in America, in New England, to invade the natives inhabiting within the bounds and limits of their said Colonies, without the knowledge and consent of the said other Colonies. And it is hereby declared, that it shall not be lawful to or for the rest of the Colonies to invade or molest the native Indians or any other inhabitants inhabiting within the bounds and limits hereafter mentioned, (they having subjected themselves unto us, and being by us taken into our special protection,) without the knowledge and consent of the Governor and Company of our Colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations. Also our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby declare unto all Christian Kings, Princes and States, that if any person, which shall hereafter be of the said Company or Plantations, or any other, by appointment of the said Governor and Company for the time being, shall at any time or times hereafter, rob or spoil, by sea or land, or do any hurt, or unlawful hostility to any of the subjects of us, our heirs or successors, or any of the subjects of any Prince or State, being then in league with us, our heirs or successors, upon complaint of

such injury done to any such Prince or State, or their subjects, we, our heirs and successors, will make open proclamation within any parts of our realm of England, fit for that purpose, that the person or persons committing any such robbery or spoil, shall, within the time limited by such proclamation, make full restitution, or satisfaction of all such injuries, done or committed, so as the said Prince, or others so complaining, may be fully satisfied and contented; and if the said person or persons who shall commit any such robbery or spoil shall not make satisfaction, accordingly, within such time, so to be limited, that then we, our heirs and successors, will put such person or persons, out of our allegiance and protection; and that then it shall and may be lawful and free for all Princes or others to prosecute with hostility, such offenders, and every of them, their and every of their procurers, aiders, abettors, and counsellors, in that behalf: *Provided also*, and our express will and pleasure is, and we do, by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and appoint that these presents, shall not, in any manner, hinder any of our loving subjects, whatsoever, from using and exercising the trade of fishing upon the coast of New England, in America; but that they, and every or any of them, shall have full and free power and liberty to continue and use the trade of fishing upon the said coast, in any of the seas thereunto adjoining, or any arms of the seas, or salt water, rivers and creeks, where they have been accustomed to fish: and to build and set upon the waste land belonging to the said Colony and Plantations, such wharves, stages and work-houses as shall be necessary for the salting, drying and keeping of their fish, to be taken or gotten upon that coast. And further, for the encouragement of the inhabitants of our said Colony of Providence Plantations to set upon the business of taking whales, it shall be lawful for them, or any of them, having struck whale, dubertus, or other great fish, it or them, to pursue unto any part of that coast, and into any bay, river, cove, creek, or shore, belonging thereto, and it or them, upon the said coast, or in the said bay, river, cove, creek, or shore, belonging thereto, to kill and order for the best advantage, without molestation, they making no wilful waste or spoil; anything in these presents contained, or any

other matter or thing, to the contrary, notwithstanding. And further also, we are graciously pleased, and do hereby declare, that if any of the inhabitants of our said Colony do set upon the planting of vineyards (the soil and climate both seeming naturally to concur to the production of wines) or be industrious in the discovery of fishing banks, in or about the said Colony, we will, from time to time, give and allow all due and fitting encouragement therein, as to others, in cases of like nature. And furthe:, of our more ample grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, we have given and granted, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do give and grant unto the said Governor and Company of the English Colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, in New England, in America, and to every inhabitant there, and to every person and persons, trading thither, and to every such person or persons as are or shall be free of the said Colony, full power and authority, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, to take, ship, transport and carry away, out of any of our realms and dominions, for and towards the plantation and defence of the said Colony, such and so many of our loving subjects and strangers as shall or will willingly accompany them in and to their said Colony and Plantation; except such person or persons as are or shall be therein restrained by us, our heirs and successors, or any law or statute of this realm: and also to ship and transport all and all manner of goods, chattels, merchandizes and other things whatsoever, that are or shall be useful or necessary for the said Plantations, and defence thereof, and usually transported, and not prohibited by any law or statute of this our realm; yielding and paying unto us, our heirs and successors, such the duties, customs and subsidies, as are or ought to be paid or payable for the same. And further, our will and pleasure is, and we do, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain, declare, and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, that all and every the subjects of us, our heirs and successors, which are already planted and settled within our said Colony of Providence Plantations, or which shall hereafter go to inhabit within the said Colony, and all and every of their

children, which have been born there, or which shall happen hereafter to be born there, or on the sea, going thither, or returning from thence, shall have and enjoy all liberties and immunities of free and natural subjects within any the dominions of us, our heirs and successors, to all intents, constructions and purposes, whatsoever, as if they, and every of them, were born within the realm of England. And further, know ye, that we, of our more abundant grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have given, granted and confirmed, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do give, grant and confirm, unto the said Governor and Company and their successors, all that part of our dominions in New England, in America, containing the Nahantick and Nanhyganset, alias Narragansett Bay, and countries and parts adjacent, bounded on the west, or westerly, to the middle or channel of a river there, commonly called and known by the name of Pawcatuck, alias Pawcawtuck river; and so along the said river, as the greater or middle stream thereof reacheth or lies up into the north country, northward, unto the head thereof, and from thence, by a straight line drawn due north, until it meets with the south line of the Massachusetts Colony: and on the north, or northerly, by the aforesaid south or southerly line of the Massachusetts Colony or Plantation, and extending towards the east, or eastwardly, three English miles, to the east and north-east of the most eastern and north-eastern parts of the aforesaid Narragansett Bay, as the said bay lyeth or extendeth itself from the ocean on the south, or southwardly unto the mouth of the river which runneth towards the town of Providence, and from thence along the easterly side or bank of the said river (higher called by the name of Seacunck river) up to the falls called Patuckett falls, being the most westwardly line of Plymouth Colony, and so from the said falls, in a straight line, due north, until it meet with the aforesaid line of the Massachusetts Colony; and bounded on the south by the ocean; and, in particular, the lands belonging to the towns of Providence, Pawtuxet, Warwick, Misquammacok, alias Pawcatuck, and the rest upon the main land in the tract aforesaid, together with Rhode-Island, Block-Island, and all the rest of the islands and banks in the Narragansett Bay, and bordering upon the coast of the

tract aforesaid, (Fisher's Island only excepted,) together with all firm lands, soils, grounds, havens, ports, rivers, waters, fishings, mines royal, and all other mines, minerals, precious stones, quarries, woods, wood grounds, rocks, slates, and all and singular other commodities, jurisdictions, royalties, privileges, franchises, preheminances, and hereditaments, whatsoever, within the said tract, bounds, lands and islands aforesaid, or to them or any of them belonging, or in any wise appertaining; *to have and to hold* the same, unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, forever, upon trust, for the use and benefit of themselves and their associates freemen of the said Colony, their heirs and assigns, to be holden of us, our heirs and successors, as of the Manor of East-Greenwich, in our county of Kent, in free and common soccage, and not in capite, nor by knight service; yielding and paying therefor, to us, our heirs and successors, only the fifth part of all the ore or gold and silver which, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, shall be there gotten, had or obtained, in lieu and satisfaction of all services, duties, fines, forfeitures, made or to be made, claims and demands whatsoever, to be to us, our heirs or successors, therefor or thereout rendered, made or paid; any grant, or clause, in a late grant, to the Governor and Company of Connecticut Colony, in America, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding; the aforesaid Pawcatuck river having been yielded, after much debate, for the fixed and certain bounds between these our said Colonies, by the agents thereof; who have also agreed, that the said Pawcatuck river shall be also called alias Norrogansett or Narrogansett river; and, to prevent future disputes, that otherwise might arise thereby, forever hereafter shall be construed, deemed and taken to be the Narragansett river in our late grant to Connecticut Colony mentioned as the easterly bounds of that Colony. And further, our will and pleasure is, that in all matters of public controversy which may fall out between our Colony of Providence Plantations, and the rest of our Colonies, in New England, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor and Company of the said Colony of Providence Plantations to make their appeals therein to us, our heirs and successors, for redress in such cases, within this our realm of England: and

that it shall be lawful to and for the inhabitants of the said Colony of Providence Plantations, wi'hout let or molestation, to pass and repass, with freedom, into and through the rest of the English Colonies, upon their lawful and civil occasions, and to converse, and hold commerce and trade, with such of the inhabitants of our other English Colonies as shall be willing to admit them thereunto, they behaving themselves peaceably among them; any act, clause or sentence, in any of the said Colonies provided, or that shall be provided, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding. And lastly, we do, for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and grant unto the said Governor and Company, and their successors, by these presents, that these our letters patent shall be firm, good, effectual and available in all things in the law, to all intents, constructions and purposes whatsoever, according to our true intent and meaning hereinbefore declared; and shall be construed, reputed and adjudged in all cases most favorably on the behalf, and for the best benefit and behoof, of the said Governor and Company, and their successors; although express mention of the true yearly value or certainty of the premises, or any of them, or of any other gifts or grants, by us, or by any of our progenitors or predecessors, heretofore made to the said Governor and Company of the English Colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, in the Narragansett Bay, New England, in America, in these presents is not made or any statute, act, ordinance, provision, proclamation or restriction, heretofore had, made, enacted, ordained or provided, or any other matter, cause or thing whatsoever, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding. In witness whereof, we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster, the eighth day of July, in the fifteenth year of our reign.

By the King:

HOWARD.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, TOWN, POST OFFICE

ETC., ETC., ETC.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

As established by Chapter 11 of the Public Statutes

FIRST DISTRICT.

Newport,
Providence,
Barrington,
Portsmouth,
Middletown,
Bristol,
Tiverton,
Little Compton,
Warren,
East Providence,
New Shoreham,
Jamestown.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Warwick,
Westerly,
North Kingstown,
South Kingstown,
East Greenwich,
North Providence,
Scituate,
Glocester,
Charlestown,
West Greenwich,
Coventry,
Exeter,
Richmond,
Cranston,
Hopkinton,
Johnston,
Foster,
Burrillville,
Smithfield,
North Smithfield,
Lincoln,
Woonsocket,
Cumberland,
Pawtucket.

Division by Counties.—The first district, (formerly designated as the *Eastern* district,) comprises the whole of the counties of Newport and Bristol, and so much of Providence county as is included in the city of Providence and the town of East Providence.

The second district, (formerly designated as the *Western* district,) comprises the whole of Washington and Kent counties, and of Providence county not included in the first district.

TOTAL POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, FROM 1708 TO 1885.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Settled or Incorp'ted.	1708.	1730.	1748.	1755.	1774.	1776.
Barrington	1770	.....	.....	.....	.....	601	538
Bristol	1747	.....	.....	1,069	1,080	1,209	1,067
Warren	1747	.....	.....	680	925	979	1,005
BRISTOL CO.	1747	.....	.....	1,749	2,005	2,789	2,610
Coventry	1741	.....	.....	792	1,178	2,023	2,300
East Greenwich	1677	240	1,223	1,044	1,167	1,663	1,664
West Greenwich	1741	.....	.....	766	1,246	1,764	1,653
Warwick	1643	480	1,178	1,782	1,911	2,438	2,376
KENT CO.	1750	720	2,401	4,384	5,502	7,888	7,993
Fall River	1856	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown	1678	206	321	420	517	563	322
Little Compton	1747	.....	.....	1,152	1,170	1,232	1,302
Middletown	1743	.....	.....	680	778	881	860
Newport	1639	2,203	4,640	6,508	6,753	9,209	5,299
New Shoreham	1672	208	290	300	378	575	478
Portsmouth	1638	628	813	992	1,363	1,512	1,347
Tiverton	1747	.....	.....	1,040	1,325	1,956	2,091
NEWPORT CO.	1703	3,245	6,064	11,092	12,284	15,928	11,699
Burrillville	1806	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cranston	1754	.....	.....	.....	1,460	1,861	1,701
Cumberland	1747	.....	.....	806	1,083	1,756	1,686
East Providence	1862	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foster	1781	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glocester	1731	.....	.....	1,202	1,511	2,945	2,832
Johnston	1759	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,031	1,022
Lincoln	1871	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Providence	1765	.....	.....	.....	.....	830	813
North Smithfield	1871	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pawtucket	1862	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scituate	1731	.....	.....	1,232	1,813	3,601	3 289
Smithfield	1731	.....	.....	450	1,921	2,888	2,781
Woonsocket	1867	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
TOWNS, PROV. CO.	1703	.....	.....	3,690	7,788	14,912	14,124
PROVIDENCE CITY	1636	1,446	3,916	3,452	3,159	4,321	4,355
Charlestown	1738	.....	.....	1,002	1,130	1,821	1,835
Exeter	1743	.....	.....	1,174	1,404	1,864	1,982
Hopkinton	1757	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,808	1,845
North Kingstown	1674	1,200	2,105	1,935	2,109	2,472	2,761
South Kingstown	1723	.....	1,523	1,978	1,913	2,835	2,779
Richmond	1747	.....	.....	508	829	1,257	1,204
Westerly	1669	570	1,926	1,809	2,291	1,812	1,824
WASHINGTON CO.	1729	1,770	5,554	8,406	9,676	13,869	14,230
WHOLE STATE	1636	7,181	17,935	32,773	40,414	59,707	55,011

POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, FROM 1708 TO 1885.—Continued.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	1782.	1790.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.
Barrington	534	683	650	604	634	612	549
Bristol	1,032	1,406	1,678	2,693	3,197	3,034	3,490
Warren	905	1,122	1,473	1,775	1 806	1,800	2,437
BRISTOL CO	2,471	3,211	3,801	5,072	5,637	5,446	6,476
Coventry	2,107	2,477	2,423	2,928	3,139	3,851	3,433
East Greenwich	1,609	1.824	1,775	1,530	1,519	1,591	1,508
West Greenwich	1,698	2,054	1,757	1,619	1,927	1,817	1,415
Warwick	2,112	2,493	2,532	3,757	3,643	5,529	6,726
KENT CO	7,526	8,848	8,487	9,834	10,228	12,788	13,083
Fall River	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown	345	507	501	504	448	415	365
Little Compton	1,341	1,542	1,577	1,553	1,580	1,378	1,327
Middletown	674	840	913	976	949	915	891
Newport	5,530	6,716	6,739	7,907	7,319	8,010	8,333
New Shoreham	478	682	714	722	955	1,185	1,069
Portsmouth	1,350	1,560	1,684	1,795	1,645	1,727	1,706
Tiverton	1,959	2,453	2,717	2,837	2.875	2,905	3,183
NEWPORT CO	11,677	14,300	14,845	16,294	15,771	16,535	16,874
Burrillville	.....	.....	.....	1,834	2,164	2,196	1,982
Cranston	1,589	1,877	1,644	2,161	2,274	2,652	2,901
Cumberland	1,548	1,964	2,056	2,210	2,653	3,675	5,225
East Providence	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foster	1,763	2,268	2,457	2,613	2,900	2,672	2,181
Glocester	2,791	4,025	4,009	2,310	2.504	2,521	2.304
Johnston	996	1,320	1,364	1,516	1,542	2,115	2,477
Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Providence	698	1,071	1,067	1,758	2,420	3,503	4,207
North Smithfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pawtucket	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scituate	1,628	2,315	2,523	2,568	2,834	3,993	4,090
Smithfield	2,217	3,171	3,120	3,828	4,678	6,857	9,534
Woonsocket	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
TOWNS, PROV. CO	13,230	18,011	18,240	20,798	23,969	30,184	34,901
PROVIDENCE CITY	4,310	6,380	7,614	10,071	11,767	16,836	23,172
Charlestown	1,523	2,022	1,454	1.174	1,160	1,284	923
Exeter	2,058	2,495	2,476	2,256	2,581	2,383	1,776
Hopkinton	1,735	2,462	2,276	1,774	1,821	1,777	1,726
North Kingstown	2,328	2,907	2,794	2,957	3,007	3,036	2,909
South Kingstown	2,675	4,131	3,438	3 560	3,723	3,663	3,717
Richmond	1,094	1,760	1,368	1,339	1,423	1,363	1.361
Westerly	1,720	2,298	2,329	1,911	1,972	1,915	1.912
WASHINGTON CO	13,133	18,075	16,135	14,962	15,687	15,421	14,324
WHOLE STATE	52,357	68,825	69,122	77,031	83,059	97,210	108,830

POPULATION OF RHODE ISLAND, FROM 1708 TO 1885.—Continued.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	1850.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.
Barrington	795	1,000	1,028	1,111	1,185	1,359	1,394
Bristol	4,616	5,271	4,649	5,302	5,829	6,028	5,737
Warren	3,103	2,636	2,792	3,008	4,005	4,007	4,209
BRISTOL CO.	8,514	8,907	8,469	9,421	11,019	11,394	11,340
Coventry	3,620	4,247	3,995	4,349	4,580	4,519	4,806
East Greenwich	2,358	2,582	2,400	2,660	3,120	2,887	2,659
West Greenwich	1,350	1,258	1,228	1,133	1,034	1,018	863
Warwick	7,740	8,916	7,696	10,453	11,614	12,164	13,286
KENT CO.	15,068	17,303	15,319	18,595	20,348	20,588	21,614
Fall River	.....	3,337	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown	358	400	349	378	488	459	516
Little Compton	1,462	1,304	1,197	1,166	1,156	1,202	1,055
Middletown	830	1,012	1,019	971	1,074	1,139	1,166
New Shoreham	1,262	1,320	1,308	1,113	1,147	1,203	1,267
Portsmouth	1,833	2,048	2,153	2,003	1,893	1,979	2,008
Tiverton	4,699	1,927	1,973	1,899	2,101	2,505	2,702
TOWNS, NEWPORT CO.	10,444	11,388	7,999	7,529	7,859	8,487	8,714
NEWPORT CITY	9,563	10,508	12,688	12,521	14,028	15,693	19,566
Burrillville	3,538	4,140	4,861	4,674	5,249	5,714	5,126
Cranston	4,311	7,500	9,177	4,822	5,688	5,940	6,005
Cumberland	6,661	8,339	8,216	3,882	5,673	6,445	7,163
East Providence	.....	.....	2,172	2,668	4,336	5,056	6,816
Foster	1,932	1,935	1,873	1,630	1,543	1,552	1,397
Glocester	2,872	2,427	2,286	2,385	2 098	2,250	1,922
Johnston	2,937	3,440	3,436	4,192	4,999	5,765	7,274
Lincoln	.....	.....	.....	7,889	11,565	13,765	17,229
North Providence	7,680	11,818	14,553	20,495	1,303	1,467	1,478
North Smithfield	.....	.....	.....	3,052	2,797	3,088	3,077
Pawtucket	.....	.....	5,000	6,619	18,464	19,030	22,906
Scituate	4,582	4,251	3,538	3,846	4,101	3,810	3,606
Smithfield	11,500	13,283	12,315	2,605	2,857	3,085	2,338
Woonsocket	.....	.....	.....	11,527	15,576	16,050	16,199
TOWNS, PROV. CO.	46,013	57,133	67,427	80,286	84,249	93,017	102,536
PROVIDENCE CITY	41,513	50,666	54,595	68,904	100,675	104,857	118,070
Charlestown	994	981	1,134	1,110	1,054	1,117	1,042
Exeter	1,634	1,741	1,498	1,462	1,365	1,310	1,086
Hopkinton	2'477	2,738	2,512	2,682	2,760	2,952	2,796
North Kingstown	2,971	3,104	3,166	3,568	3,505	3,949	3,894
South Kingstown	3,807	4,717	4,513	4,493	4,240	5,114	5,549
Richmond	1,784	1,964	1,830	2,064	1,739	1,949	1,744
Westerly	2,763	3,470	3,815	4,709	5,408	6,104	6,333
WASHINGTON CO.	16,430	18,715	18,468	20,097	20,061	22,495	22,444
WHOLE STATE	147,545	174,620	184,965	217,353	258,239	276,531	304,284

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
BRISTOL COUNTY..	Feb'y 17, 1746-47...	Incorporated with same county limits as at present. Originally the county consisted of two towns, Bristol and Warren. Afterwards, June, 1770, Warren was divided, and the town of Barrington was incorporated.
Barrington.....	June 16, 1770.....	Taken from Warren. The town of Barrington was first incorporated by Massachusetts in 1718. On the settlement of the boundary question (see Bristol) the territory included in the present town of Barrington was merged in the town of Warren, and so remained until the division of Warren, June 16, 1770.
Bristol....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47 ..	By royal decree, dated May 28, 1746, the eastern boundary was settled and the jurisdiction of the colony established over the territory embraced in the towns of Bristol, Warren, Tiverton, Little Compton, and Cumberland. A portion of Bristol annexed to Warren, May 30, 1873. Name from Bristol, England.
Warren.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47..	See Bristol. The territory of the town of Warren at this date included the present town of Barrington, and a portion of the towns of Swansea and Rehoboth, in Massachusetts. In 1770 Warren was divided, and one of the original names (Barrington) was given to the new town. Named from Sir Peter Warren, Admiral in the British Navy.
KENT COUNTY.....	June 11, 1750	Taken from Providence County. Incorporated with the same county limits as at present, and same towns.
Coventry.....	August 21, 1741	Taken from Warwick.
East Greenwich....	October 31, 1677....	Incorporated as the town of East Greenwich. Name changed to Dedford, June 23, 1686. The original name restored in 1689. The town divided in 1741.
West Greenwich...	April 6, 1741.....	Taken from East Greenwich.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Warwick.....	Original Town.....	First settled January, 1642-43. Named from Earl of Warwick, who signed the Patent of Providence Plantations, March 14, 1643-4. The first action of the inhabitants as a town was August 8, 1647. Indian name, Shawomet.
NEWPORT COUNTY.	June 22, 1703.....	Originally incorporated as Rhode Island county. June 16, 1729, incorporated as Newport county, and included Newport, Portsmouth, Jamestown and New Shoreham.
Fall River.....	October 6, 1856.....	Taken from Tiverton. Ceded to Massachusetts in the settlement of the boundary question, March 1, 1862. See Pawtucket and East Providence.
Jamestown.....	November 4, 1678...	Named in honor of King James II. Indian name Quononoqutt, (Conanicut.)
Little Compton.....	Jan'y 27, 1746-47...	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts pursuant to royal decree, May 28, 1746, (see Bristol.) Annexed to Newport County, February 17, 1746-47. Indian name, Seaconnet.
Middletown	June 16, 1743.....	Town in the "middle" of the island. Taken from Newport.
Newport.	Original Town.....	Settled in 1639. Line between Newport and Portsmouth established, September 14, 1640. Incorporated as a city, June 1, 1784. City Charter repealed, March 27, 1787. City incorporated the second time, May 6, 1853, and the charter accepted May 20, 1853.
New Shoreham.....	November 6, 1672...	Admitted to colony as Block Island, May 4, 1664. When incorporated in 1672, name changed to New Shoreham, "as signes of our unity, and likeness to many parts of our native country." Indian name Manasses or Manisses. Named Block Island by Adrian Block, the Dutch navigator.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Portsmouth	Original Town	Settled in 1638. Indian name, Pocasset. "At a quarter meeting of the first of ye 5th month 1639, it is agreed upon to call this town Portsmouth." At the "Generall Courte" at "Nieuport" 12th of 1st month, 1640, the name of Portsmouth was confirmed.
Tiverton	Jan'y 27, 1746–47	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts by royal decree. See Bristol, Warren, &c. Indian name, Pocasset. Annexed to Newport county, February 17, 1746–47.
PROVIDENCE CO.	June 22, 1703	Originally incorporated as the County of Providence Plantations, and included the present territory of Providence, Kent, and Washington counties, excepting the present towns of Cumberland, Pawtucket and East Providence. The name was changed to Providence county, June 16, 1729. See Kent and Washington counties.
Burrillville	October 29, 1806	Taken from Glocester. The town was first authorized to meet to elect officers, November 17, 1806. Named from Hon. James Burrill.
Cranston	June 14, 1754	Taken from Providence. Probably named from Samuel Cranston, who was Governor of Rhode Island from March, 1698, to April 26, 1727, when he died. Portions re-united to Providence June 10, 1868, and March 28, 1873.
Cumberland	Jan'y 27, 1746–47	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts by royal decree. See Bristol, Warren, &c. Until incorporated in Rhode Island, it was known as Attleboro' Gore. Named in honor of William, Duke of Cumberland. Annexed to Providence county, February 17, 1746-47. A portion of Cumberland was incorporated as the town of Woonsocket, January 31, 1867.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
East Providence ...	March 1, 1862.....	The westerly part of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, was incorporated as Seekonk, February 26, 1812. The westerly part of Seekonk was annexed to Rhode Island, incorporated as a town, and named East Providence, in the settlement of the boundary question in 1862. See Pawtucket and Fall River.
Foster.....	August 24, 1781....	Taken from Scituate. Named probably from Hon. Theodore Foster.
Glocester.....	Feb'y 20, 1730-31....	Taken from Providence. At this date an act was passed "for erecting and incorporating the outlands of the town of Providence into three towns." These towns were Scituate, Glocester and Smithfield. Said to be named from Frederick Lewis, Duke of Glocester, and son of King George II.
Johnston.....	March 6, 1759.....	Taken from Providence, and named in honor of Augustus Johnston, Esq, the attorney-general of the colony at that time.
Lincoln.....	March 8, 1871.....	Taken from Smithfield and named in honor of Abraham Lincoln.
North Providence..	June 13, 1765.....	Taken from Providence. A small portion re-united to Providence, June 29, 1767, and March 28, 1873. The town was divided March 27, 1874; a portion was annexed to the city of Providence, making the tenth ward in that city; and a portion was annexed to the town of Pawtucket. The act went into effect May 1, 1874.
North Smithfield ..	March 8, 1871.....	Taken from Smithfield, and incorporated as the town of Slater. Name changed to North Smithfield, March 24, 1871.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Pawtucket..... ...	March 1, 1862.....	Name of Indian origin. Part of Seekonk, Mass., was incorporated as the town of Pawtucket, Mass., March 1, 1828. The whole town of Pawtucket, except a small portion lying easterly of Seven Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island, with East Providence, which see. A portion of the town of North Providence annexed to Pawtucket, May 1, 1874. Incorporated as a city, March 27, 1885; act of incorporation accepted April 1, 1885, by a vote of 1450 for, to 721 against. The new city government was organized on the first Monday of January, 1886.
	March 27, 1885.....	
Providence.....	Original Town	Settled in 1636. Named Providence by Roger Williams, "in gratitude to his supreme deliverer." Originally comprised the whole county. City incorporated by act passed November 5, 1831, which act went into operation on the first Monday in June, 1832. Portions of the town of Cranston were re-annexed to Providence, June 10, 1868, and March 28, 1873. Portions of North Providence were re-annexed, June 29, 1767, March 28, 1873, and May 1, 1874.
Scituate.....	Feb'y 20, 1730-31...	Taken from Providence. See Glocester. Named from Scituate, Mass.
Smithfield.....	Feb'y 20, 1730-31...	Taken from Providence. See Glocester. The town was divided March 8, 1871, a portion being annexed to Woonsocket; and the remainder divided into three towns. See Lincoln and North Smithfield.
Woonsocket.....	Jan'y 31, 1867.....	Name of Indian origin. Taken from Cumberland. A portion of Smithfield was annexed to Woonsocket, March 8, 1871. Incorporated as a city June 13, 1888.

TOWNS IN RHODE ISLAND, DATE OF INCORPORATION, ETC.*

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
WASHINGTON CO.	June 16, 1729.....	Originally called the Narragansett country. Named King's Province, March 20, 1654. Boundaries established May 21, 1669. Incorporated, June, 1729, as King's county, with the three towns of South Kingstown, North Kingstown and Westerly, and same territory as at present. Name changed to Washington county, October 29, 1781.
Charlestown.....	August 22, 1738 ...	Taken from Westerly. Named "to the honor of King Charles II, who granted us our charter."
Exeter.....	March 8, 1742-43....	Taken from North Kingstown.
Hopkinton.	March 19, 1757.....	Taken from Westerly.
North Kingstown..	October 28, 1674....	First settlement, 1641. Incorporated in 1674, under the name of Kings Towne, as the seventh town in the Colony. Incorporation re-affirmed in 1679. Name changed to Rochester, June 23, 1686, but restored in 1689. Kingstown divided into North Kingstown and South Kingstown, February, 1722-23 The act provided that North Kingstown should be the eldest town.
South Kingstown...	Feb'y 26, 1722-23...	See North Kingstown. Pettiquamscutt settled January 20, 1657-58.
Richmond.	August 18, 1747.....	Taken from Charlestown.
Westerly.....	May 14, 1669.....	Original name Misquamicutt. Incorporated in May, 1669, under the name of Westerly, as the fifth town in the Colony. Name of Westerly changed to Haversham, June 23, 1686, but restored in 1689.
District of Narragansett.....	March 22, 1888.....	Taken from South Kingstown.

*In several cases the exact date of the passage of the act of incorporation of towns cannot be ascertained. In such cases the date of the meeting of the general assembly, at which the act was passed, is given.

GOVERNORS OF RHODE ISLAND.

The State originally consisted of four towns. Providence, settled in 1636; Portsmouth, in 1638; Newport, in 1639; and Warwick, in 1642. The executive heads of Portsmouth and Newport were entitled Judges, until 1640, when these two towns were united, and the chief officer was thereafter called Governor. Providence and Warwick had no executive head until 1647.

PORTSMOUTH.

JUDGES.

William Coddington.....March 7, 1638, to April 30, 1639.
William Hutchinson. .....April 30, 1639, to March 12, 1640.

NEWPORT.

JUDGE.

William Coddington.....April 28, 1639, to March 12, 1640.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

GOVERNOR.

William Coddington.....March 12, 1640, to May 19, 1647.

In 1647 the four towns were united under a charter or patent, granted in 1643, by parliament.

PRESIDENTS UNDER THE PATENT.

John Coggeshall, of Newport... ..May, 1647, to May, 1648.
William Coddington, of Newport..May, 1648, to May, 1649.
John Smith, of Warwick .....May, 1649, to May, 1650.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1650, to Aug. 1651.

In 1651 a separation occurred between the towns of Providence and Warwick on the one side, and Portsmouth and Newport on the other.

PROVIDENCE AND WARWICK.

PRESIDENTS.

Samuel Gorton, of Warwick....October, 1651, to May, 1652.
John Smith, of Warwick.....May, 1652, to May, 1653.
Gregory Dexter, of Providence.....May, 1653, to May, 1654.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

PRESIDENT.

John Sanford, of Portsmouth...May, 1653, to May, 1654.

In 1654 the union of the four towns was re-established.

PRESIDENTS.

Nicholas Easton, of Newport...May, 1654, to Sept. 12, 1654
Roger Williams, of Providence..Sept., 1654, to May, 1657.
Benedict Arnold, of Newport ..May, 1657, to May, 1660.
William Brenton, of Newport...May, 1660, to May, 1662.
Benedict Arnold, of Newport...May, 1662, to Nov. 25, 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER.

GOVERNORS.

Benedict Arnold, of Newport...Nov., 1663, to May, 1666.
William Brenton, of Newport. May, 1666, to May, 1669.
Benedict Arnold, of Newport...May, 1669, to May, 1672.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport...May, 1672, to May, 1674.
William Coddington, of Newp't. May, 1674, to May, 1676.
Walter Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1676, to May, 1677.
*Benedict Arnold, of Newport..May, 1677, to June 20, 1678.
*William Coddington .....Aug. 28, 1678, to Nov. 1, 1678.
*John Cranston, of Newport ...Nov. 8, 1678, to Mar. 12, 1680.
Peleg Sanford, of Newport.....Mar. 16, 1680, to May, 1683.
Wm. Coddington, Jr., of Newp't. May, 1683, to May, 1685.
Henry Bull, of Newport.....May, 1685, to May, 1686.
Walter Clarke, of Newport.....May, 1686, to June 29, 1686 †

*Died in office.

†The Charter was suspended, by Sir Edmund Andros, till 1689. The deputy governor, John Coggeshall, acted as Governor on the resumption of the Charter, Governor Clarke refusing to serve.

Henry Bull, of Newport.....Feb. 27, to May 7, 1690
John Easton, of Newport.....May, 1690, to May, 1695.
*Caleb Carr, of Newport... ...May, 1695, to Dec. 17, 1695.
Walter Clarke, of Newport.....Jan., 1696, to March, 1698.
*Samuel Cranston, of Newport..Mar., 1698, to April 26, 1727.
Joseph Jencks, of Providence ..May, 1727, to May, 1732.
*William Wanton, of Newport..May, 1732, to Dec., 1733.
*John Wanton, of Newport. ...May, 1734, to July 5, 1740.
Richard Ward, of Newport ....July 15, 1740, to May, 1743.
William Greene, of Warwick...May, 1743, to May, 1745.
Gideon Wanton, of Newport...May, 1745, to May, 1746.
William Greene, of Warwick...May, 1746, to May, 1747.
Gideon Wanton, of Newport...May, 1747, to May, 1748.
William Greene, of Warwick...May, 1748, to May, 1755.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence.May, 1755, to May, 1757.
*William Greene, of Warwick..May, 1757, to Feb 22, 1758.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence Mar 14, 1758, to May, 1762.
Samuel Ward, of Westerly.... May, 1762, to May, 1763.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence.May, 1763, to May, 1765.
Samuel Ward, of Westerly.... May, 1765, to May, 1767.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence.May, 1767, to May, 1768.
Josias Lyndon, of Newport.....May, 1768, to May, 1769.
Joseph Wanton, of Newport...1769 to Nov 7, 1775 Deposed.
Nicholas Cooke, of Providence..Nov , 1775, to May, 1778.
William Greene, of Warwick...May, 1778, to 1786.
John Collins, of Newport.....May, 1786, to 1790.
*Arthur Fenner, of Providence. May, 1790, to Oct. 15, 1805 †
James Fenner, of Providence...May, 1807, to 1811.
William Jones, of Providence..May, 1811, to 1817.
‡Nehemiah R. Knight, of Prov .May, 1817, to Jan. 9, 1821.
William C. Gibbs, of Newport..May, 1821, to 1824.
James Fenner, of Providence...May, 1824, to 1831.

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*Died in office.

† Paul Mumford, deputy governor, died in office. Henry Smith, first senator, officiated as Governor. In 1806, no election of Governor; Isaac Wilbour, lieutenant-governor, officiated.

‡ Elected United States senator, Jan. 9, 1821, for unexpired term of James Burrill, Jr., deceased.

Lemuel H. Arnold, of Providence.....1831 to 1833.*
John Brown Francis, of Warwick.....1833 to 1838.
William Sprague, of Warwick.....1838 to 1839 †
Samuel Ward King, of Johnston.....1840 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

(Adopted in 1842).

James Fenner, of Providence.....1843 to 1845.
Charles Jackson, of Providence.....1845 to 1846.
Byron Diman, of Bristol.....1846 to 1847.
Elisha Harris, of Coventry.....1847 to 1849.
Henry B. Anthony, of Providence.....1849 to 1851.
‡Philip Allen, of Providence.....1851 to 1853.
Francis M. Dimond, of Bristol.....July 20, 1853, to 1854.
William Warner Hoppin, of Providence.....1854 to 1857.
Elisha Dyer, of Providence.....1857 to 1858.
Thomas G. Turner, of Warren.....1859 to 1860.
Wm Sprague, of Providence, 1860, to Mar. 3, 1863. Resigned.
§William C. Cozzens, of Newport, Mar. 3, 1863, to May, 1863.
James Y. Smith, of Providence.....1863 to 1866.
Ambrose E. Burnside, of Providence.....1866 to 1869
Seth Padelford, of Providence.....1869 to 1873
Henry Howard, of Coventry.....1873 to 1875
Henry Lippitt, of Providence.....1875 to 1877.
Charles C. Van Zandt, of Newport.....1877 to 1880.
Alfred H. Littlefield, of Lincoln.....1880 to 1883.
Augustus O. Bourn, of Bristol.....1883 to 1885.
George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport.....1885 to 1887.
John W. Davis, of Pawtucket.....1887 to 1888.
Royal C. Taft, of Providence.....1888 to 1889.
Herbert W. Ladd, of Providence.....1889 to

* In 1832, no election of governor, lieutenant-governor, or senators. Elections were successively ordered for May 16, July 18, Aug. 28, and Nov. 21, 1832, resulting without choice. At the January session, 1833, the officers who had not been re-elected in 1832 were continued in office, until the next session.

† In 1839, no election of governor, or lieutenant-governor; Samuel Ward King was first senator and acting-governor.

‡ Resigned July 20, 1853, having been elected United States senator, May 4, 1853. Francis M. Dimond, lieutenant-governor, officiated.

§ Governor Sprague resigned March 3, 1863, to accept the office of United States senator; and lieutenant-governor Arnold having been previously elected to the senate of the United States to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of James F. Simmons, Mr. Cozzens became governor by virtue of his office as president of the state senate.

DEPUTY GOVERNORS.

Of *Aquedneck*, Wm. Brenton, March 12, 1640, to May 19, 1647.

From 1647 to 1663, the Colony was governed by a president, with four assistants.

William Brenton, of Newport.....Nov., 1663, to May, 1666
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1666, to May, 1669.
John Clarke, of Newport..... .....May, 1669, to May, 1670.
Nicholas Easton, of Newport.....May, 1670, to May, 1671.
John Clarke, of Newport..... .....May, 1671, to May, 1672.
John Cranston, of Newport .....May, 1672, to May, 1673.
William Coddington, of Newport...May, 1673, to May, 1674.
John Easton, of Newport .....May, 1674, to April, 1676.
*John Cranston, of Newport.....May, 1676, to Nov. 8, 1678.
James Barker, of Newport.....Nov., 1678, to May, 1679.
Walter Clarke, of Newport. .....May, 1679, to May, 1686.
John Coggeshall, of Newport.....May to June, 1686.

(Charter suspended, 1686 to 1689.)

John Coggeshall, of Newport.....May 1, 1689, to May, 1690
John Greene, of Warwick.....May, 1690, to May, 1700.
†Walter Clarke, of Newport .....May, 1700, to May 22, 1714.
Henry Tew, of Newport..... .....June 15, 1714, to May, 1715
Joseph Jencks, of Providence.....May, 1715, to May, 1721.
John Wanton, of Newport.....May, 1721, to May, 1722.
Joseph Jencks, of Providence.....May, 1722, to May, 1727.
†Jonathan Nichols, of Newport ...May to Aug 2, 1727.
Thomas Frye, of East Greenwich..Aug , 1727, to May, 1729.
John Wanton, of Newport.....May, 1729, to May, 1734.
†George Hassard, of So. Kingstown. May, 1734, to June, 1738
Daniel Abbott, of Providence.....July 5, 1738, to May, 1740.
‡Richard Ward, of Newport.....May to July, 1740.
William Greene, of Warwick .....July 15, 1740, to May, 1743.
Joseph Whipple, of Newport.....May, 1743, to May, 1745.

*Elected Governor, Nov. 8, 1678, in place of William Coddington, deceased.
†Died in office.
‡Elected Governor, July 15, 1740, in place of John Wanton, deceased.

William Robinson, of S Kingstown. May, 1745, to May, 1746.
Joseph Whipple, of Newport. ...May, 1746, to May, 1747.
William Robinson, of S Kingstown. May, 1747, to May, 1748.
William Ellery, of Newport ... ...May, 1748, to May, 1750
Robert Haszard, of S. Kingstown...May, 1750, to May, 1751.
Joseph Whipple, of Newport.....May, 1751, to Nov. 2, 1753.
(Resigned.)
Jonathan Nichols, Jr., of Newport. Nov. 2, 1753, to May, 1754.
John Gardner, of Newport.....May, 1754, to May, 1755
*Jonathan Nichols, Jr, of Newport. May, 1755, to Sept. 8, 1756.
*John Gardner, of Newport ..... Sept, 1756, to Jan, 1764.
Joseph Wanton, Jr, of Newport...Feb 27, 1764, to May, 1765
Elisha Brown, of N. Providence....May, 1765, to May, 1767.
Joseph Wanton, Jr., of Newport...May, 1767, to May, 1768.
Nicholas Cooke, of Providence.....May, 1768, to May, 1769.
Darius Sessions, of Providence.... May, 1769, to May, 1775.
Nicholas Cooke, of Providence.....May, 1775, to Nov 7, 1775.
William Bradford, of Bristol.....Nov, 1775, to May, 1778.
Jabez Bowen, of Providence.... ..May, 1778, to May, 1780.
William West, of Scituate.....May, 1780, to May, 1781.
Jabez Bowen, of Providence.....May, 1781, to May, 1786
Daniel Owen, of Glocester.....May, 1786, to May, 1790
Samuel J. Potter, of S. Kingstown. May, 1790, to Feb., 1799.

The title was now changed to lieutenant-governor.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS.

Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown...Feb., to May, 1799.
George Brown, of South Kingstown. .....1799 to 1800.
Samuel J Potter, of South Kingstown..... ...1800 to 1803
*Paul Mumford, of Newport.. ..... 1803 to 1805.
Isaac Wilbour, of Little Compton.. ....1806 to 1807.
Constant Taber, of Newport.....1807 to 1808.
Simeon Martin, of Newport.....1808 to 1810.
Isaac Wilbour, of Little Compton.....1810 to 1811.
Simeon Martin, of Newport.....1811 to 1816.
Jeremiah Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1816 to 1817.
Edward Wilcox, of Charlestown... .....1817 to 1821.

* Died in office.

Caleb Earle, of Providence .....1821 to 1824
Charles Collins, of Newport.....1824 to 1832.*
Jeffrey Hazard, of Exeter. .....1833 to 1835.
George Engs, of Newport.....1835 to 1836.
Jeffrey Hazard, of Exeter.....1836 to 1837.
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1837 to 1838.
Joseph Childs, of Portsmouth .....1838 to 1839.†
Byron Diman, of Bristol.....1840 to 1842.
Nathaniel Bullock, of Bristol.....1842 to 1843.
Byron Diman, of Bristol.....1843 to 1846.
Elisha Harris, of Coventry.....1846 to 1847.
Edward W. Lawton, of Newport.....1847 to 1849.
Thomas Whipple, of Coventry .....1849 to 1851.
William Beach Lawrence, of Newport.....1851 to 1852.
Samuel G. Arnold, of Providence .....1852 to 1853.
Francis M. Dimond, of Bristol .....1853 to 1854
John J. Reynolds, of North Kingstown.....1854 to 1855.
Anderson C. Rose, of New Shoreham.....1855 to 1856.
Nicholas Brown, of Warwick.....1856 to 1857.
Thomas G. Turner, of Warren.....1857 to 1859.
Isaac Saunders, of Scituate.....1859 to 1860.
J. Russell Bullock, of Bristol.....1860 to 1861.
‡Samuel G. Arnold, of Middletown .....1861 to 1862
Seth Padelford, of Providence.....1863 to 1865.
Duncan C. Pell, of Newport.....1865 to 1866.
William Greene, of Warwick.....1866 to 1868.
Pardon W. Stevens, of Newport.....1868 to 1872.
Charles R. Cutler, of Warren,.....1872 to 1873.
Charles C. Van Zandt, of Newport .....1873 to 1875
Henry T. Sisson, of Little Compton.....1875 to 1877.
Albert C. Howard, of East Providence .....1877 to 1880.
Henry H. Fay, of Newport.....1880 to 1883.
Oscar J. Rathbun, of Woonsocket. .....1883 to 1885.
Lucius B Darling, of Pawtucket.....1885 to 1887.
Samuel R. Honey, of Newport .....1887 to 1888.
Enos Lapham, of Warwick.....1888 to 1889.
Daniel G. Littlefield, of Lincoln.....1889 to

*In 1832, no election of lieutenant governor. (See note on page 77.)
†In 1839. no election of lieutenant-governor.
‡Elected United States senator, Sept. 5, 1862, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of James F. Simmons.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

List of persons who have held the office of Recording Secretary and Secretary of State from 1640 to the present time.

William Dyre elected clerk in 1638, and secretary of Portsmouth and Newport, March 12, 1640. Held office until May 19, 1647.

UNDER THE PARLIAMENTARY PATENT.

GENERAL RECORDERS.

William Dyre, Newport.. ....May 19, 1647, to May 16, 1648.
Philip Shearman, Portsmouth..May 16, 1648, to the separation.

PROVIDENCE AND WARWICK.

John Greene, Jr., Warwick.... ...Feb., 1652, to May, 1654.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

William Lytherland, Newport.....May, 1653, to May, 1654.

UNION OF THE FOUR TOWNS.

Joseph Torrey, Newport.....May, 1654, to Sept., 1654.
William Lytherland, Newport.....Sept, 1654, to May, 1656.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....May, 1656, to May, 1661.
Joseph Torrey, Newport..... May, 1661, to Nov., 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER OF CHARLES II., 1663.

Joseph Torrey, Newport .....Nov. 26, 1663, to May, 1666.
John Sanford, Portsmouth ....1666 to 1669.

Joseph Torrey, Newport .....1669 to 1671.
John Sanford, Portsmouth .....1671 to 1676.
John Coggeshall, Newport.....1676 to 1677.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....1677 to 1686.

(Charter suspended until 1689.)

Weston Clarke, Newport.....1690 to 1691.
John Coggeshall, Newport. .....May, 1691, to Aug., 1692.
John Easton, Newport. .....Aug , 1692, to *——
Weston Clarke, Newport.....July, 1695, to May, 1714.
Richard Ward, Newport.. ..... 1714 to 1730.

SECRETARIES.

Richard Ward, Newport .....1730 to 1733.
†Thomas Martin, Newport..... .. May, 1733, to Feb., 1746.
†Thomas Ward, Newport.....Feb., 1746, to Dec., 1760.
†Henry Ward, Newport.....Dec., 1760, to Oct., 1797.
Samuel Eddy, Providence.....Dec., 1797, to May, 1819.
Henry Bowen, Providence..... .....1819 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Henry Bowen, Providence. .. ..1843 to 1849.
Christopher E. Robbins, Providence .....1849 to 1851.
Asa Potter, South Kingstown.. .....1851 to 1854.
William R. Watson, Providence .....1854 to 1855.
John R. Bartlett, Providence.. .....1855 to 1872.
Joshua M. Addeman, Providence.....1872 to 1887.
Edwin D. McGuinness, Providence..... ....1887 to 1888
Samuel H. Cross..... .....1888 to

*The records are incomplete from August, 1692, to July, 1695.

† Died in office.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

UNDER THE PATENT.

In May, 1650, the offices of "Atturney Generall for the Colonie" and "Solicitor" were created.

William Dyre, Newport, Gen'l Att'y..May 23, 1650, to 1651.
Hugh Buitt, Solicitor .....May 20, 1650, to 1651.

In 1651 occurred the separation between the Island towns and those on the main land. No Attorney-General was elected for the latter.

PORTSMOUTH AND NEWPORT.

John Easton, Newport.....May 17, 1653, to May 16, 1654.

UNION RE-ESTABLISHED.

John Cranston, Newport.....May 16, 1654, to May 20, 1656.
John Easton, Newport.....May 20, 1656, to May 19, 1657.
John Greene, Jr., Warwick...May 19, 1657, to May 22, 1660.
John Easton, Newport.....May 22, 1660, to May 22, 1663.
John Sanford, Portsmouth ...May 22, 1663, to Nov. 25, 1663.

UNDER THE ROYAL CHARTER OF CHARLES II., 1663.

GENERAL ATTORNEYS.

John Sanford, Portsmouth....Nov. 26, 1663, to May 4, 1664.
John Easton, Newport... ...May 4, 1664, to May 4, 1670.
John Sanford, Portsmouth.....May, 1670, to 1671.
Joseph Torrey, Newport.. .....May, 1671, to 1672.
John Easton, Newport ... .1672 to 1674.
Peter Easton, Newport..... 1674 to 1676.
Weston Clarke, Newport..... .....1676 to 1677.
Edward Richmond, Newport..... ..... 1677 to 1680.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1680 to 1681.
Edmund Calverly, Warwick.....1681 to 1682.
John Pococke, Newport..... .....1682 to 1683.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1683 to 1684.

John Pococke, Newport.....1684 to 1685.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1685 to 1686.
John Williams, Newport, (qu.).....1686 to *——
John Pococke, Newport.....1690 to †——
John Smith, Warwick .....1696 to 1698.
John Pococke, Newport.....1698 to 1700.
John Rhodes, Warwick.....1700 to 1701.
John Pococke, Newport.....1701 to 1702.
Nathaniel Dyre, Newport.....1702 to 1704.
Joseph Sheffield, Newport.....1704 to 1706.
Simon Smith, Warwick.....1706 to 1712.
Richard Ward, Newport.....1712 to 1713.
John Hammett, Newport.....1713 to 1714.
Weston Clarke, Newport.....1714 to 1721.
Henry Bull, Newport.....1721 to 1722.
Daniel Updike, North Kingstown.....1722 to 1732.
James Honeyman, Jr., Newport.....May, 1732 to Dec. 1740.

In December, 1740, the act providing for the election of an attorney-general was repealed, and a king's attorney directed to be chosen for each county.

KING'S ATTORNEYS.

James Honeyman, Newport county.....1741 to 1743.
John Walton, Providence county.....1741 to 1742.
Daniel Updike, King's county‡ .....1741 to 1743.
John Andrew, Providence county.....1742 to 1743.

In September, 1742, the act was repealed, and provision made for the election of one attorney-general only.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Daniel Updike, North Kingstown.....1743 to 1758.
Augustus Johnson, Newport.....1758 to 1766.
Oliver Arnold, Providence.....1766 to 1771.
Henry Marchant, Newport.....1771 to 1777.
William Channing, Newport.....1777 to 1787.

* Charter suspended.
† Gap in the records.
‡ Name since changed to Washington county.

Henry Goodwin, Newport. ....1787 to 1789.
David Howell, Providence .....1789 to 1790.
Daniel Updike, North Kingstown.....1790 to 1791.
William Channing, Newport..... ... 1791 to 1793 *
Ray Greene, Providence..... May, 1794, to Oct. 1797.†
James Burrill, Jr., Providence.....Oct. 1797, to May, 1814.
Samuel W. Bridgham, Providence.....1814 to 1817.
Henry Bowen, Providence..... ... ...1817 to 1819.
Dutee J. Pearce.....1819 to 1825.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich.....1825 to 1843.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.
(Adopted in 1842.)

Joseph M. Blake, Bristol.....1843 to 1851.
Walter S. Burges, Cranston. ....1851 to 1854.
Christopher Robinson, Cumberland .....1854 to 1855.
Charles Hart, Providence.....1855 to Jan. 1858. Resigned.
Jerome B. Kimball, Providence.....Jan. 29, 1858, to 1860.
Walter S. Burges, Cranston..... ...1860 to 1863.
Abraham Payne, Providence..... .....1863 to 1864.
Horatio Rogers, Jr., Providence... .....1864 to 1867.
Willard Sayles, Providence..... ....1867 to 1882.
Samuel P. Colt, Bristol ....1882 to 1886.
Edwin Metcalf, Providence..... ....1886 to 1887.
Ziba O. Slocum, Providence.....1887 to 1888.
Horatio Rogers, Providence..... .....1888 to 1889.
Ziba O. Slocum, Providence.....1889 to

ASSISTANT ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Ira O. Seamans, Warwick....Mar. 19, 1874, to Mar. 19, 1877.
Edmund S. Hopkins, Providence. Mar. 19, 1877, to Mar. 19, 1879.
Samuel P. Colt, Bristol..... Mar 19, 1879, to May 30, 1882.
Benj. M. Bosworth, Jr., Warren, May 30, 1882, to Mar. 19, 1885.
Chas. C. Mumford, Providence, July 1, 1885, to May 27, 1886.
Walter F. Angell, Providence..... May 28, 1886, to 1887.
Clarence A. Aldrich, Providence.....1887 to 1888.
Robert W. Burbank, Providence..... ....1888 to 1889.
Clarence A. Aldrich, Providence.....1889 to

* Died at Newport, Sept. 17, 1793.
† Resigned, having been elected United States senator.

John G. Perry, South Kingstown.....1887 to 1888.
Samuel Clark, Lincoln.....1888 to

STATE AUDITOR.

William R. Staples, Providence.....March 7, to May, 1856.
William R. Watson, Providence..... 1856 to 1863.
James C. Collins, North Providence.....1863 to 1868.
Joel M. Spencer, Coventry.....1868 to 1882.
Samuel H. Cross, Westerly.....1882 to 1887.
Elisha W. Bucklin, Pawtucket .....1887 to 1888.
Almon K. Goodwin, Pawtucket.....1888 to 1889.
William C. Townsend, Newport.....1889 to

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Henry Barnard, of Hartford, Conn.....1845 to 1849.
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.....1849 to 1854.
Robert Allyn, East Greenwich.....1854 to 1857.
John Kingsbury, Providence.....1857 to 1859.
Joshua B. Chapin, Barrington.....1859 to 1861.
Henry Rousmaniere, Warwick.....1861 to 1863.
Joshua B Chapin, Barrington .....1863 to 1869
Thomas W. Bicknell, Barrington.....1869 to 1875.
Thomas B. Stockwell, Providence.....1875 to

Before the office of Commissioner of Public Schools was created, there was an "Agent" who performed these duties, which office was filled by Mr. Barnard.

General Assembly.

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

HOUSE OF DEPUTIES.*

Jonathan Holmes, Newport.....Oct., 1696, to Oct., 1698.
Joseph Jencks, Jr., Providence...Oct., 1698, to Feb., 1699.
Benjamin Newbery, Newport....Feb., 1699, to April, 1700.
Jonathan Holmes, Newport.....April, 1700, to May, 1703.
Jonathan Spreage, Providence....May, 1703, to Oct., 1703.
Benjamin Barton, Warwick.....Oct., 1703, to May, 1704.
Edward Greenman, Kings Town..May, 1704, to Oct., 1704.
John Dexter, Providence.....Oct., 1704, to May, 1705.
William Wanton, Newport.....May, 1705, to May, 1706.
Benjamin Arnold, Newport.....May, 1706, to Feb., 1707.
John Wanton, Newport.....Feb., 1707, to May, 1707.
Joseph Jencks, Providence.... ...May 6, 1707, to May 28, 1707.
James Greene, Warwick.....May, 1707, to Oct., 1707.
Richard Arnold, Providence.....Oct., 1707, to May, 1708.
Joseph Jencks, Providence... ...May, 1708, to Oct., 1708.
William Wanton, Newport.....Oct., 1708, to May, 1709.
Simon Smith, Warwick.....May, 1709, to Oct., 1709.
Abraham Anthony, Portsmouth..Oct., 1709, to May, 1710.
John Wanton, Newport.....May, 1710, to Oct., 1710.
William Wanton, Newport.....Oct., 1710, to Nov., 1711.
James Greene, Warwick.....Nov., 1711, to Feb., 1712.
John Spencer, Greenwich.....Feb., 1712, to May, 1712.
Ebenezer Slocum, Jamestown.....May, 1712, to May, 1713.
John Wanton, Newport.....May, 1713, to Oct., 1713.

* Previous to the year 1696, the House of Deputies was organized by the election of the governor, or deputy governor, as moderator of the body, the governor more generally performing the duties. A speaker was first chosen in 1696. In the schedule of June, 1797, the title of "Deputies" was changed to "Representatives from the several towns."

Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.... Oct., 1713, to Oct., 1714.
Randall Holden, Warwick.....Oct., 1714, to May, 1715.
William Wanton, Newport... ...May, 1715, to Oct., 1715.
William Hopkins, Providence.... Oct., 1715, to May, 1716.
John Cranston, Newport. .....May, 1716, to Oct., 1716.
William Wanton, Newport.....Oct., 1716, to Oct., 1717.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Oct., 1717, to May, 1718.
William Wanton, Newport.....May, 1718, to Oct, 1718.
Nathaniel Sheffield, Newport.....Oct., 1718, to May, 1719.
William Wanton, Newport.....May, 1719, to May, 1722.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....May, 1722, to Oct., 1722.
William Coddington, Newport....Oct, 1722, to Feb., 1723.
William Wanton, Newport... .. Feb., 1723, to May, 1724.
William Coddington, Newport....May 5, 1724, to May 6, 1724.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.... May, 1724, to Oct., 1724.
William Coddington, Newport....Oct, 1724, to Oct., 1725.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich. ...Oct., 1725, to May, 1726.
William Coddington, Newport....May, 1726, to Oct., 1726.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown.Oct., 1726, to Aug, 1727.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Aug., 1727, to Oct., 1727.
Job Greene, Warwick ....Oct., 1727, to April, 1728.
Henry Bull, Newport .....April, 1728, to Oct., 1728.
Joseph Whipple, Newport.....Oct, 1728, to Feb., 1729.
John Spencer, East Greenwich....Feb., 1729, to May, 1729.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....May, 1729, to Oct., 1729.
Thomas Fry, East Greenwich.....Oct., 1729, to May, 1730.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown .....May, 1730, to Oct., 1731.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown.Oct., 1731, to May, 1732.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....May, 1732, to Oct., 1732.
George Haszard, South Kingstown.Oct., 1732, to May, 1733.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown May, 1733, to June, 1733.
George Haszard, South Kingstown.June, 1733, to July, 1733.
Jeremiah Gould, North Kingstown.July, 1733, to Oct., 1733.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown..... Oct., 1733, to April, 1734.
Henry Bull, Newport .....Apr. 30, 1734, to May, 1734.
William Greene, Warwick .....May, 1734, to Oct., 1734.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown.....Oct., 1734, to Oct, 1735.
William Robinson, So. Kingstown.Oct, 1735, to May, 1736.
Francis Willett, North Kingstown.May, 1736, to Oct., 1736.

Samuel Clarke, Jamestown..... Oct., 1736, to May, 1737.
Francis Willett, North Kingstown. May, 1737, to Oct., 1737.
Daniel Abbott, Providence..... Oct., 1737, to May, 1738.
Thomas Spenser, East Greenwich.. May, 1738, to Oct., 1738.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate..... Oct., 1738, to May, 1739.
Francis Willett, North Kingstown May, 1739, to July, 1739.
William Greene, Warwick..... July, 1739, to Oct., 1739.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate..... Oct, 1739, to May, 1740.
Samuel Clarke, Jamestown..... May, 1740, to May, 1741.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate ..... May, 1741, to June, 1741.
Joseph Whipple, *pro tem.*, Newport. June, 1741, to Aug., 1741.
Stephen Hopkins, Scituate..... Aug., 1741, to Oct., 1741.
William Robinson, So. Kingstown. Oct., 1741, to Oct., 1742.
Stephen Hopkins, Providence.... Oct., 1742, to May, 1743.
John Potter, Providence..... May, 1743, to Oct., 1743.
Joseph Stafford, Warwick..... Oct., 1743, to May, 1744.
Stephen Hopkins, Providence. ... May, 1744, to Oct., 1744.
Peter Bours, Newport..... Oct., 1744, to Oct., 1746.
Jeremiah Niles, South Kingstown. Oct., 1746, to May, 1747.
Samuel Wickham, Newport..... May, 1747, to Oct, 1747.
Daniel Jencks, Providence..... Oct., 1747, to Oct, 1748.
Thomas Cranston, Newport..... Oct., 1748, to May, 1749.
Stephen Hopkins, Providence..... May, 1749, to Aug., 1749.
Joshua Babcock, Westerly..... Aug., 1749, to May, 1750.
Thomas Cranston, Newport..... May, 1750, to May, 1757.
Benjamin Wickham, Newport.... May, 1757, to Oct., 1757.
Peter Bours, Newport..... Oct., 1757, to May, 1759.
Joshua Babcock, Westerly..... May, 1759, to Oct., 1759.
Job Randall, Scituate..... Oct., 1759, to May, 1760.
Thomas Cranston, Newport..... May, 1760, to May, 1762.
Daniel Ayrault, Jr., Newport.... May, 1762, to Oct., 1762.
Philip Greene, Warwick.. ..... Oct., 1762, to May, 1763.
John Dexter, Cumberland..... May, 1763, to May, 1764.
Daniel Ayrault, Jr., Newport..... May, 1764, to Oct., 1764.
William Bradford, Bristol..... Oct., 1764, to Oct,, 1765.
Richard Bailey, Richmond..... Oct., 1765, to May, 1766.
William Bradford, Bristol..... May, 1766, to Feb , 1767.
Metcalfe Bowler, *pro tem.*, Portsm'th. Feb., 1767, to May, 1767.
John Cole, Providence... ..... May, 1767, to Oct., 1767.

Metcalfe Bowler, Portsmouth.....Oct., 1767, to Nov., 1776.
William Greene, Warwick.....Nov , 1776, to May, 1778.
Joshua Babcock, Westerly. .....May, 1778, to Sept., 1778.
Stephen Potter, Coventry. .....Sept. 1778, to May, 1779.
Othniel Gorton, Warwick..... .May, 1779, to May, 1780.
William Bradford, Bristol.... ...May, 1780, to June, 1780.
Welcome Arnold, Providence.....June, 1780, to July, 1780.
William Bradford, Bristol..... July, 1780, to Oct., 1786.
Othniel Gorton, Warwick.....Oct., 1786, to Oct., 1787.
William Bradford, Bristol.....Oct., 1787, to Feb., 1788.
Othniel Gorton, Warwick .....Feb , 1788, to Oct., 1788.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown..Oct , 1788, to Oct., 1789.
William Bradford, Bristol.....Oct., 1789, to May, 1790.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown..May, 1790, to Oct., 1790.
Welcome Arnold, Providence.....Oct., 1790, to May, 1791.
William Bradford, Bristol.....May, 1791, to May, 1793.
Welcome Arnold, Providence.....May, 1793, to June, 1793.
George Champlin, Newport... ...June, 1793, to Oct., 1793.
Welcome Arnold, Providence. ...Oct., 1793, to May, 1795.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown..May, 1795, to Oct., 1795.
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.Oct., 1795, to Feb., 1797.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., Charlestown..Feb., 1797, to May, 1797.
George Champlin, Newport.....May, 1797, to June, 1797.
Archibald Crary, Newport.....June, 1797, to Oct., 1797.
George Champlin, Newport.....Oct., 1797, to Oct., 1798.
William Bradford, Bristol .....Oct., 1798, to May, 1802.
Elisha R. Potter, South Kingstown.May, 1802, to Oct., 1802.
Constant Taber, Newport.....Oct., 1802, to Oct., 1805.
Isaac Wilbour, Little Compton....Oct., 1805, to May, 1806.
Elisha R Potter, South Kingstown.May, 1806, to Feb., 1809.
William Jones, Providence.....Feb , 1809, to May, 1810.
Nathaniel Hazard, Newport.....May, 1810, to Oct., 1810.
William Jones, Providence.....Oct., 1810, to May, 1811.
William Hunter, Newport.....May, 1811, to Feb., 1812
James B. Mason, Providence.....Feb , 1812, to May, 1814.
James Burrill, Jr., Providence ...May, 1814, to Oct , 1816.
Benjamin Hazard, Newport..... Oct., 1816, to May, 1818
Nathaniel Hazard, Middletown...May, 1818, to May, 1819.
James D'Wolf, Bristol.....May, 1819, to Feb , 1821.

Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich. Feb , 1821, to May, 1821.
Elisha Mathewson, Scituate.....May, 1821, to Oct., 1821.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich. Oct., 1821, to May, 1822.
Elisha Mathewson, Scituate.....May, 1822, to Oct., 1822.
Albert C. Greene, East Greenwich. Oct., 1822, to May, 1825.
Nathaniel Bullock, Bristol .....May, 1825, to May, 1826.
Samuel W. Bridgham, Providence. May, 1826, to Oct., 1826.
Nathan B. Sprague, Smithfield....Oct., 1826, to Oct., 1827.
Job Durfee, Tiverton.... .....Oct., 1827, to May, 1829.
Joseph L. Tillinghast, Providence. May, 1829, to Oct., 1832.
William Sprague, Jr., Warwick...Oct., 1832, to May, 1835.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport. ...May, 1835, to Oct., 1835.
Christopher Allen, N. Kingstown. Oct., 1835, to Oct., 1836.
Samuel Y. Atwell, Glocester.....Oct , 1836, to Oct., 1837.
George Curtis, Providence.....Oct , 1837, to May, 1839.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport.....May, 1839, to May, 1841.
Charles Jackson, Providence.....May, 1841, to May, 1842.
Richard K. Randolph, Newport...May, 1842, to Oct., 1842.
Alfred Bosworth, Warren .....Oct., 1842, to May, 1844.
Samuel Ames, Providence..... 1844 to 1845.
George G. King, Newport ....1845 to 1846.
Robert B. Cranston, Newport.. .... 1846 to 1847.
William S. Patten, Providence.....1847 to 1848.
Sylvester G. Shearman, North Kingstown.. ...1848 to 1849.
James C. Hidden, Providence..... .....1849 to 1851.
Alfred Bosworth, Warren ....1851 to 1853.
Thomas Steere, Smithfield.....May, 1853, to Jan., 1854.
Benjamin F. Thurston, Providence. Jan., 1854, to May, 1854.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport.... May, 1854, to Oct., 1854
Sylvester G. Shearman, N. Kingst'n. Oct., 1854, to Jan., 1855.
Henry Y. Cranston, Newport.....Jan., 1855, to May, 1855.
Benjamin Fessenden, Cumberland.....1855 to 1856.
Benjamin F. Thurston, Providence.....1856 to 1857.
Sullivan Ballou, Smithfield .....1857 to 1858.
Charles C. Van Zandt, Newport.....1858 to 1859.
Wingate Hayes, Providence..... .....1859 to 1860.
Cæsar A. Updike, Providence.....1860 to 1862.
Francis W. Miner, Cranston..... ...1862 to 1863.
Thomas Durfee, Providence..... .....1863 to 1864.

Benjamin F. Thurston, Providence. May, 1864, to Jan., 1865.
Alexander Farnum, Providence...Jan., 1865, to May, 1865.
George L. Clarke, Providence.....1865 to 1866.
Charles C. Van Zandt, Newport.....1866 to 1869.
Benjamin T. Eames, Providence..... ...1869 to 1870.
Amos C. Barstow, Providence .....1870 to 1871.
Charles C. Van Zandt, Newport..... .....1871 to 1873.
Edwin Metcalf, Providence ....1873 to 1874.
Edward L. Freeman, Lincoln.....1874 to 1876.
Nelson W. Aldrich, Providence..... ...1876 to 1877.
Dexter B. Potter, Coventry.....1877 to 1879.
Henry J. Spooner, Providence..... ...1879 to 1881.
John P. Sanborn, Newport ..... May, 1881, to Nov., 1882.
Francello G. Jillson, Woonsocket Jan., 1883, to May, 1885.
Ellery H. Wilson, East Providence.....1885 to 1887.
Charles E. Gorman, Providence.....1887 to 1888.
George H. Utter, Westerly.....1888 to 1889.
Augustus S. Miller, Providence ....1889 to

Election Statistics.

Votes cast for the several candidates for Governor since 1797, so far as can be ascertained.

1797. Arthur Fenner elected. 1,204 proxies reported, "from which there are very few erasures"

1798-1800. Arthur Fenner annually elected. (Number of votes not reported.)

1801.	For Arthur Fenner	3,756	
	(No other votes reported.)		
1802.	For Arthur Fenner	3,802	
	" William Greene	1,934	
			5,736
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,868.		

1803-1805. Arthur Fenner annually elected. (Number of votes not reported.)

1806.	For Richard Jackson, Jr	1,662	
	" Henry Smith	1,097	
	" Peleg Arnold	1,094	
	Scattering	6	
			3,859
	(No choice. Isaac Wilbour, lieutenant-governor elect, officiated as governor.)		
1807.	For James Fenner	2,564	
	" Seth Wheaton	1,268	
	Scattering	59	
			3,891
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,237.		

1803-1810.	James Fenner annually elected.		
	(Number of votes not reported.)		
1811.	For William Jones	3,885	
	" James Fenner	3,651	
	Scattering	62	
			7,598
	Gov. Jones' majority, 172.		
1812.	For William Jones	4,122	
	" James Fenner	3,874	
	Scattering	14	
			8,010
	Gov. Jones' majority, 234.		
1813.	For William Jones	3,350	
	(No opposition.)		
1814.	For William Jones	2,713	
	" others (not named)	829	
			3,542
	Gov. Jones' majority, 1,884.		
1815.	For William Jones	3,372	
	" Peleg Arnold	2 588	
			5,960
	Gov. Jones' majority, 784.		
1816.	For William Jones	3,591	
	" Nehemiah R. Knight	3,259	
			6,850
	Gov. Jones' majority, 332.		
1817.	For Nehemiah R. Knight	3,949	
	" William Jones	3,878	
	Scattering	3	
			7,830
	Gov. Knight's majority, 68.		
1818.	For Nehemiah R. Knight	4,509	
	" Elisha R. Potter	3,893	
			8,402
	Gov. Knight's majority, 616.		
1819.	Whole number of votes	2,664	
	Nehemiah R. Knight elected without opposition.		
1820.	Whole number of votes	1,931	
	Nehemiah R. Knight elected governor.		
	(His number of votes not reported.)		

1821.	For William C. Gibbs.....	3,801	
	" Samuel W. Bridgham (including scattering votes.).....	2,801	
			6,602
	Gov. Gibbs' majority, 1,000.		
1822.	Whole number of votes.....	2,092	
	William C. Gibbs elected governor.		
	(His number of votes not specified.)		
1823.	Whole number of votes.....	1,647	
	William C. Gibbs elected governor.		
	(His number of votes not specified.)		
1824.	For James Fenner.....	2,146	
	" Wheeler Martin.....	594	
	Scattering.....	11	
			2,751
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,605.		
1825-1829.	Gov. James Fenner annually re-elected.		
	(Number of votes not reported.)		
1830.	For James Fenner.....	2,793	
	" Asa Messer.....	1,455	
	Scattering	266	
			4,514
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,072.		
1831.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	3,791	
	" James Fenner.....	2,924	
	Scattering.....	8	
			6,723
	Gov. Arnold's majority, 859.		
1832.	(Annual election.) For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	2,711	
	For James Fenner.....	2,283	
	" William Sprague.....	592	
	Scattering.....	8	
			5,594
	(No choice for Governor or Lieutenant-Governor and Senators. An election was ordered by the House to be holden on the 16th May inst.)		

1832.	May 16.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	3,310	
		" James Fenner.....	2,954	
		" William Sprague.	709	
		Scattering...	12	
				6,994

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. Election ordered by the House for the 18th of July following.)

	July 18.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	2,721	
		" James Fenner.....	2,341	
		" William Sprague.....	792	
		Scattering.....	6	
				5,860

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. Election ordered by the House for the 28th of August following.)

	August 28.	For Lemuel H. Arnold.....	3,100	
		" James Fenner.....	2,747	
		" William Sprague.....	976	
		Scattering.....	2	
				6,825

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. Election ordered by the House for the 21st of November following.)

	November 21.	For Lemuel H. Arnold..	2,870	
		" James Fenner.. ...	2,226	
		" William Sprague....	811	
		Scattering.....	10	
				5,917

(No choice for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor or Senators. At the January Session, 1833, the officers not re-elected in 1832 were continued in office until the next session.)

1833.	For John Brown Francis	4,025	
	" Lemuel H. Arnold	3,272	
	Scattering	4	
			7,301
	Gov. Francis' majority, 749.		
1834.	For John Brown Francis	3,676	
	" Nehemiah R. Knight	3,520	
	Scattering	6	
			7,202
	Gov. Francis' majority, 150.		
1835.	For John Brown Francis	3,880	
	" Nehemiah R. Knight	3,774	
	Scattering	4	
			7,658
	Gov. Francis' majority, 102.		
1836.	For John Brown Francis	4,020	
	" Tristam Burges	2,984	
	" Charles Collins	135	
	Scattering	12	
			7,151
	Gov. Francis' majority, 889.		
1837.	For John Brown Francis	2,762	
	" William Peckham	946	
	Scattering	54	
			3,762
	Gov. Francis' majority, 1,762.		
1838.	For William Sprague	3,984	
	" John Brown Francis	3,504	
	Scattering	99	
			7,587
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 381.		
1839.	For William Sprague	2,908	
	" Nathaniel Bullock	2,771	
	" Tristam Burges	457	
	Scattering	37	
			6,173
	(No choice for Governor or Lieutenant-Governor. Samuel Ward King, first Senator, acted as Governor.)		

1840.	For Samuel Ward King	4,797	
	" Thomas F. Carpenter	3,418	
	Scattering	68	
			8,283
	Gov. King's majority, 1,311.		
1841.	For Samuel Ward King	2,648	
	Scattering	63	
			2,711
	Gov. King's majority, 2,585.		
1842.	For Samuel Ward King	4,864	
	" Thomas F. Carpenter	2,211	
	Scattering	5	
			7,080
	Gov. King's majority, 2,648.		
1843.	For James Fenner, ("Law and Order,").	9,107	
	" Thomas F. Carpenter, (Dem.)	7,392	
	Scattering	21	
			16,520
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 1,694.		
1844.	For James Fenner, ("Law and Order")	5,560	
	Scattering	208	
			5,768
	Gov. Fenner's majority, 5,352.		
1845.	For Charles Jackson, ("Liberation")	8,010	
	" James Fenner, ("Law and Order")	7,800	
	Scattering	61	
			15,871
	Gov. Jackson's majority, 149.		
1846.	For Byron Diman, ("Law and Order")	7,477	
	" Charles Jackson, (Dem. and "Liberation")	7,389	
	Scattering	155	
			15,021
	(No choice. Byron Diman chosen by the General Assembly.)		

1847.	For Elisha Harris, (Whig)	6,300	
	" Olney Ballou, (Dem.).....	4,350	
	Scattering	743	
			11,393
	Gov. Harris' majority, 1,207.		
1848.	For Elisha Harris, (Whig).....	5,695	
	" Adnah Sackett, (Dem).....	3,683	
	Scattering.....	437	
			9,815
	Gov. Harris' majority, 1,575.		
1849.	For Henry B. Anthony, (Whig)	5,081	
	" Adnah Sackett, (Dem.).....	2,964	
	Edward Harris, (Free Soil).....	458	
	Scattering.....	112	
			8,615
	Gov. Anthony's majority, 1,547.		
1850.	For Henry B. Anthony, (Whig).	3,668	
	Edward Harris, (Free Soil)..... ...	753	
	Scattering.....	135	
			4,576
	Gov. Anthony's majority, 2,760.		
1851.	For Philip Allen, (Dem.).....	6,935	
	" Josiah Chapin, (Whig).....	6,106	
	" Edward Harris, (Free Soil).....	183	
	Scattering.....	18	
			13,242
	Gov. Allen's majority, 628.		
1852.	For Philip Allen, (Dem.)	9,151	
	" Elisha Harris, (Whig).....	8,749	
	Scattering.....	8	
			17,908
	Gov. Allen's majority, 394.		
1853.	For Philip Allen, (Dem.)..... ...	10,371	
	" William W. Hoppin, (Whig).....	8,228	
	" Edward Harris, (Free Soil).....	533	
	Scattering	16	
			19,148
	Gov. Allen's majority, 1,594.		

1854.	For William W. Hoppin, (Whig).....	9,216	
	" Francis M. Dimond, (Dem.).....	6,253	
	Scattering	217	
			15,956
	Gov. Hoppin's majority, 2,746.		
1855.	For Wm. W. Hoppin, (Whig & K. N.)..	11,130	
	" Americus V. Potter, (Dem.).....	2,729	
	Scattering.....	59	
			13,918
	Gov. Hoppin's majority, 8,342.		
1856.	For Wm. W. Hoppin, (Amer. & Rep.)..	9,865	
	" Americus V. Potter, (Dem.).....	7,131	
	Scattering.....	27	
			17,013
	Gov. Hoppin's majority, 2,707.		
1857.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep)	9,591	
	" Americus V. Potter, (Dem.)..... ...	5,323	
	Scattering..	18	
			14,932
	Gov. Dyer's majority, 4,250.		
1858.	For Elisha Dyer, (Rep.)	7,934	
	" Elisha R. Potter, (Dem.).....	3,572	
	Scattering.....	8	
			11,514
	Gov. Dyer's majority, 4,354.		
1859.	For Thomas G. Turner, (Rep.).....	8,938	
	" Elisha R. Potter, (Dem.).....	3,536	
	Scattering.....	24	
			12,498
	Gov. Turner's majority, 5,378.		
1860.	For William Sprague, (Dem. & Conser.).	12,278	
	" Seth Padelford, (Rep.).....	10,740	
	Scattering....	139	
			23,157
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 1,399.		
1861.	For William Sprague, (Union)..	12,005	
	" James Y. Smith, (Rep.)....	10,326	
	Scattering.....	18	
			22,349
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 1,661.		

1862.	For William Sprague, (Union).....	11,199	
	" Scattering.....	65	
			11,264
	Gov. Sprague's majority, 11,134.		
1863.	For James Y. Smith, (Rep).....	10,749	
	" William C. Cozzens, (Dem. & Con.)	7,672	
	Scattering.....	304	
			18,725
	Gov. Smith's majority, 2,773.		
1864.	For James Y. Smith, (Rep).....	8,836	
	" George H. Browne, (Dem.).....	7,312	
	" Amos C. Barstow, (Ind. Rep).....	1,348	
	Scattering.....	44	
			17,540
	Gov. Smith's majority, 132.		
1865.	For James Y. Smith, (Rep.)	10,153	
	" George H. Browne, (Dem.).....	100	
	" Edward Harris	197	
	Scattering.....	535	
			10,985
	Gov. Smith's majority, 9,321.		
1866.	For Ambrose E. Burnside, (Rep.).....	7,725	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.).....	2,796	
	Scattering.....	160	
			10,681
	Gov. Burnside's majority, 4,769.		
1867.	For Ambrose E. Burnside, (Rep.).....	7,569	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.).....	3,339	
	Scattering.....	6	
			10,914
	Gov. Burnside's majority, 4,224.		
1868.	For Ambrose E. Burnside, (Rep.).....	10,054	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.).....	5,709	
	Scattering.....	6	
			15,769
	Gov. Burnside's majority, 4,339.		

1869.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	7,359	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.)	3,390	
	Scattering	11	
			10,760
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 3,958.		
1870.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	10,337	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.)	6,295	
	Scattering	248	
			16,880
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 3,794.		
1871.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	8,721	
	" Thomas Steere, (Dem.)	5,347	
	Scattering	126	
			14,194
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 3,248.		
1872.	For Seth Padelford, (Rep.)	9,463	
	" Olney Arnold, (Dem.)	8,308	
	Scattering	80	
			17,851
	Gov. Padelford's majority, 1,075.		
1873.	For Henry Howard, (Rep.)	9,656	
	" Benjamin G. Chace, (Dem.)	3,786	
	Scattering	29	
			13,471
	Gov. Howard's majority, 5,841.		
1874.	For Henry Howard, (Rep.)	12,335	
	" Lymon Pierce, (Dem.)	1,589	
	Scattering	177	
			14,101
	Gov. Howard's majority, 10,569.		
1875.	For Rowland Hazard, (Rep. and Pro.)	8,724	
	" Henry Lippitt, (Rep.)	8,368	
	" Charles R. Cutler, (Dem.)	5,166	
	Scattering	6	
			22,264
	(No choice: Henry Lippitt chosen by the General Assembly.)		

1876.	For Henry Lippitt, (Rep)	8,689	
	" Albert C. Howard, (Rep. and Pro.)	6,733	
	" William B. Beach, (Dem.)	3,599	
	Scattering	16	
			19,037
	(No choice: Henry Lippitt chosen by the General Assembly.)		
1877.	For Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep. & Pro.)	12,455	
	" Jerothmul B. Barnaby, (Dem.)	11,783	
	" William Foster, Jr., (Greenback)	77	
	Scattering	141	
			24,456
	Gov. Van Zandt's majority, 454.		
1878.	For Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep. & Pro.)	11,454	
	" Isaac Lawrence, (Dem.)	7,639	
	" William Foster, Jr., (Greenback)	590	
	Scattering	26	
			19,709
	Gov. Van Zandt's majority, 3 199.		
1879.	For Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep. & Pro.)	9,717	
	" Thomas W. Segar, (Dem.)	5,508	
	" Samuel Hill, (Greenback)	318	
	Scattering	110	
			15,653
	Gov. Van Zandt's majority, 3,781.		
1880.	For Alfred H. Littlefield, (Rep.)	10,224	
	" Horace A. Kimball, (Dem)	7,440	
	" Albert C. Howard, (Rep. & Pro)	5,047	
	Scattering	98	
			22,809
	(No choice: Alfred H. Littlefield chosen by the General Assembly.)		
1881.	For Alfred H. Littlefield, (Rep.)	10,849	
	" Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.)	4,756	
	" Charles P. Adams, (Greenback.)	285	
	" Frank G. Allen, (Pro.)	253	
	Scattering	58	
			16,201
	Gov. Littlefield's majority, 5,497.		

1882.	For Alfred H. Littlefield, (Rep)	10,056	
	" Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.)	5,311	
	" Charles P. Adams, (Greenback)	120	
	Scattering	36	
			15,523

Gov. Littlefield's majority, 4,589.

1883.	For Augustus O. Bourn, (Rep.)	13,068	
	" William Sprague, (Dem.)	10,201	
	" Charles R. Cutler, (Dem.)	706	
	Scattering	20	
			23,995

Gov. Bourn's majority, 2,141.

1884.	For Augustus O. Bourn, (Rep.)	15,936	
	" Thomas W. Segar, (Dem.)	9,592	
	Scattering	13	
			25,541

Gov. Bourn's majority, 6,331.

1885.	For George Peabody Wetmore, (Rep.)	12,563	
	" Ziba O. Slocum, (Dem.)	8,574	
	" George H. Slade, (Prohib.)	1,206	
	Scattering	5	
			22,348

Gov. Wetmore's majority, 2,778.

1886.	For George Peabody Wetmore, (Rep.)	14,340	
	" Amasa Sprague, (Dem.)	9,944	
	" George H. Slade, (Prohib.)	2,585	
	Scattering	6	
			26,875

Gov Wetmore's majority, 1,805.

1887.	For John W. Davis, (Dem.)	18,095	
	" George Peabody Wetmore, (Rep.)	15,111	
	" Thomas H. Peabody, (Prohib.)	1,895	
	Scattering	35	
			35,136

Gov. Davis' majority, 1,054.

1888.	For Royal C. Taft, (Rep.)	20,698	
	" John W. Davis, (Dem.)	17,525	
	" George W. Gould, (Pro.)	1,325	
	Scattering	15	
			39,563

Gov. Taft's majority, 1,833.

1889.	For John W. Davis, (Dem.)	21,289	
	" Herbert W Ladd, (Rep.)	16,870	
	" James H. Chace, (Law Enforcement)	3,597	
	" Harrison H. Richardson, (Prohib.)	1,346	
	Scattering	9	
			43,114

(No choice. Herbert W. Ladd chosen by the General Assembly.)

STATE ELECTION, APRIL 3, 1889.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY TOWNS, WARDS AND DISTRICTS.

TOWNS AND CITIES.	John W. Davis, (Dem.)	Herbert W. Ladd, (Rep.)	James H. Chace. (Law Enforcement.)	Harrison H. Richardson, (Prohib.)	Scattering.
Barrington	87	82	10	42	1
Bristol	328	463	54	29	..
Warren	350	221	36	2	1
BRISTOL COUNTY	765	766	100	73	2
Coventry, 1st District	321	152	128	1	..
" 2d "	40	74	23	7	..
East Greenwich	154	277	73	19	.
West Greenwich	35	81	23	20	..
Warwick, 1st District	246	617	76	61	..
" 2d "	238	154	77	11	..
" 3d "	187	257	77	.....	..
KENT COUNTY	1,221	1,612	477	119	..
Jamestown	30	40	9	19	..
Little Compton	21	121	28	8	..
Middletown	31	141	19	12	..
Newport, 1st Ward	240	373	29	17	..
" 2d "	256	277	14	12	..
" 3d "	125	255	15	14	..
" 4th "	286	168	8	12	..
" 5th "	428	149	2	4	..
New Shoreham	178	183	12	.....	..
Portsmouth	66	157	33	24	..
Tiverton	203	165	12	25	..
NEWPORT COUNTY	1,864	2,029	181	147	..
Burrillville	327	337	27	18	..
Cranston, 1st District	198	115	32	20	..
" 2d "	103	106	51	10	..
" 3d "	32	9	22	5	..
Cumberland, 1st District	70	111	5	7	..
" 2d "	556	315	22	23	..
East Providence, 1st District	483	327	91	12	..
" " 2d "	79	76	12	11	..
" " 3d "	144	78	6	14	..
Foster	137	127	14	17	1
Glocester	213	190	10	.....	..
Johnston	444	439	112	23	..
Lincoln, 1st District	882	581	158	2	..
" 2d "	125	117	3	.....	..
North Providence	64	106	20	14	..
North Smithfield	128	77	27	3	..

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY TOWNS, WARDS, &c.—Continued.

TOWNS AND CITIES.	John W. Davis, (Dem.)	Herbert W. Ladd, (Rep.)	James H. Chace, (Law Enforcement.)	Harr'son H. Richard-son, (Prohib.)	Scattering.
Pawtucket, 1st Ward	463	294	139	3	..
" 2d "	489	175	21	.....	..
" 3d "	226	226	120	2	..
" 4th "	383	351	91	9	..
" 5th "	489	120	30	.....	..
Providence, 1st Ward	892	683	64	46	..
" 2d "	748	694	153	30	..
" 3d "	1,377	321	75	30	..
" 4th "	642	662	105	24	..
" 5th "	889	648	157	62	..
" 6th "	771	467	148	78	..
" 7th "	561	691	145	43	..
" 8th "	701	592	165	72	..
" 9th "	927	464	91	34	..
" 10th "	1,187	255	56	32	..
Scituate	295	188	70	38	..
Smithfield	132	154	24	25	..
Woonsocket, 1st Ward	131	182	51	9	..
" 2d "	242	159	34	12	..
" 3d "	386	100	11	1	..
" 4th "	239	188	31	11	..
" 5th "	87	81	10	2	..
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	16,241	10,806	2,403	742	1
Charlestown	34	96	22	34	..
Exeter	36	89	3	30	..
Hopkinton	168	159	105	43	5
North Kingstown	287	387	21	48	..
South Kingstown, 1st District	293	275	54	61	..
" " 2d "	65	115	2	11	..
Richmond	98	94	52	15	..
Westerly	217	442	177	23	..
WASHINGTON COUNTY	1,198	1,657	436	265	5
RECAPITULATION BY COUNTIES.					
Bristol County	765	766	100	73	1
Kent County	1,221	1,612	477	119	2
Newport County	1,864	2,029	181	147	..
Providence County	16,241	10,806	2,402	742	1
Washington County	1,198	1,657	436	265	5
WHOLE STATE	21,289	16,870	3,597	1,346	9

Chronology

OF SOME LEADING EVENTS IN THE HISTORY OF THE STATE.

1636. June.	Providence settled by Roger Williams.
1638. March 24.	Aquidneck purchased and Portsmouth settled.
1638-39. March 16.	First Church organized at Providence.
1639. May 1.	Newport settled.
1640. March 12.	Union of Portsmouth and Newport; first general court of election held at Newport; William Coddington elected Governor.
1640. August 20.	First public school established at Newport.
1641. March 16.	"State" seal ordered: a sheaf of arrows, with the motto, "*Amor vincet omnia*"
1642-43. January 12.	Settlement of Warwick commenced.
1643. March 14.	Providence, Portsmouth and Newport incorporated by commissioners of Parliament under the name of "Incorporation of Providence Plantations in the Narragansett Bay in New England"
1644. March 13.	Name of Aquidneck changed to "the Isle of Rhodes, or Rhode Island."

1647. May 19-21.	First General Assembly convened at Portsmouth; first code of laws adopted; and an order passed that the seal of the province shall be an anchor.
1651.	Separation between the towns of Providence and Warwick on one side, and Portsmouth and Newport on the other.
1654. August 31.	Union of the four towns re established.
1663. May.	Land set apart by the proprietors of Providence for the maintenance of a school.
1663. July 8.	Charter granted by King Charles II.
1663. November 25.	Organization of the government under the charter.
1664. May 5.	Seal of the colony established—"Mottoe, Rhod Iland and Providence Plantations, with the word Hope over the head of the anker"
1672. April 3.	War declared between England and Holland.
1675-76.	King Philip's war.
1675. December 19.	Swamp fight with the Narragansetts in South Kingstown.
1676. March 30.	Providence burned by the Indians.
1676. August 12.	King Philip killed near Mt. Hope.
1683.	Death of Roger Williams, date unknown, but some time between January 16 and May 10.
1684. June 24.	Order passed for the protection of Jews.
1686-89.	Usurpation of Sir Edmund Andros
1689-90. March 1.	Declaration of war between France and England proclaimed.

1693. June 9.	First postal route from Boston to Rhode Island established.
1702-1713.	War of the Spanish succession; also known as Queen Anne's war.
1703. May 12.	Boundary between Rhode Island and Connecticut agreed upon by commissioners of the two colonies.
1708. October 27.	Public auctions first authorized.
1708. December 5.	First census taken. (Total population of the colony, 7,181.)
1709. March 22.	Printing press proposed to be set up in Newport, and one "Bradford" appointed public printer.
1710. July 30.	First act for issuing bills of credit passed.
1711-12. February 27.	Statute of limitations, quieting land titles after twenty years' possession, passed.
1719.	First edition of the laws printed.
1723. July 31.	First almshouse in Rhode Island erected in Newport.
1723-24. February.	Qualifications of freemen of the towns restricted to freeholders of lands to the value of £100 or forty shillings per annum, or the eldest son of such a freeholder.
1726-27. February 8.	Western boundary line settled by royal decree.
1729-30. February.	Freehold qualification changed to £200, or £10 per annum.
1730. June 15.	Census ordered by request of the Board of Trade, England. (Total population of the colony, 17,935.)

1731.	Colony House in Providence completed. (Destroyed by fire Dec. 24, 1758, and in May, 1759, new Court House ordered, which is the present State House.)
1732. September 27.	First newspaper published in the State, (the "Rhode Island Gazette,") commenced by James Franklin.
1732-33. January 23.	Lotteries forbidden. (In 1744 authorized.)
1738-39. February 20.	Colony House, Newport, ordered built, and is the State House now standing.
1739. October 19.	War declared between England and Spain.
1744. March.	War declared between England and France.
1746. August.	Freehold qualifications changed to £400, or £20 per annum.
1746-47. January.	Eastern boundary adjusted. Bristol, Tiverton, Little Compton, Warren and Cumberland annexed to the colony.
1746-47. February.	Superior Court of Judicature, etc., established.
1748. October 26.	Census ordered, pursuant to inquiries from the Board of Trade, England. Total population, 32,773. (See 5 R. I. Col. Rec., page 270.)
1749. February 27.	Light house ordered built at Beaver Tail. Said to be the first light-house built on the American coast. Destroyed by fire and rebuilt in 1754. Burnt by the British, October 16, 1779, during their evacuation of Newport.

1752.	September 3-14.	The Gregorian, or New Style of calendar put in operation; eleven days being added to the current day of the month. September 3d was to be counted as September 14; and the new year was to begin January 1, instead of March 25, as theretofore.
1754-63.		The "Old French War."
1754.	June 25.	Stephen Hopkins and Martin Howard, Jr., appointed commissioners to colonial congress at Albany.
1755.	December 22.	Census ordered, pursuant to inquiries from Board of Trade. (Total population, 40,414.)
1758.	June 12.	First number of the Newport Mercury issued.
1762.	September.	Freehold qualification changed to £40, or 40 shillings per annum.
1762.	October 20.	"The Providence Gazette and Country Journal" established by William Goddard.
1764.	March 3.	Brown University incorporated.
1765.	September.	Resolutions adopted denying the right of any power but the General Assembly to levy taxes upon the colony.
		Metcalf Bowler and Henry Ward appointed commissioners to attend the second general congress at New York.
1769.	July 19.	British revenue sloop Liberty destroyed at Newport, being the first overt act of violence offered to the British authorities in America.
1772.	June 10.	The "Gaspee" burned.

1774.	May 4.	Census ordered by the General Assembly. (Total population, as published in the Providence Gazette, July 2, 1774, 59,678.)
1774.	May 17.	A Continental Congress proposed in town meeting in Providence, and subsequently in other towns.
1774.	June 15.	Stephen Hopkins and Samuel Ward elected delegates to the Congress.
1775.	March 2.	Tea burned in Market Square, Providence.
1775.	April 22.	1,000 militia set out for Lexington and returned.
1775.	April 22.	Army of observation of 1,500 men voted by the General Assembly.
1775.	May 3.	Gov. Joseph Wanton, the last of the Colonial Governors, suspended on account of Tory proclivities.
1775.	June.	Postal system organized.
1775.	June 15.	First Naval engagement of the Revolution: between a colonial sloop commanded by Capt. Abraham Whipple and a tender of the British frigate "Rose," in which the tender was chased on to Conanicut shore and captured.
1775.	June 22.	Nathanael Greene chosen brigadier-general by Congress.
1775.	October 7.	Bristol bombarded by Capt. Wallace.
1775.	November 5.	Esek Hopkins appointed commodore of the navy ordered by Congress.
1775.	November 7.	Gov. Wanton formally deposed.
1776.	April 5.	Gen. Washington in Providence.
1776.	May 4.	The General Assembly formally renounce allegiance to Great Britain.

1776.	June 10.	Census ordered on recommendation of Congress. (Population, 54,715, as stated in 7 R. I. Col. Rec., pages 616 and 617.)
1776.	June 10.	Hospitals for inoculation for the small-pox ordered established in each county.
1776.	July 19.	Declaration of Independence formally approved by a vote of the General Assembly.
1776.	December 8.	British Army under General Clinton take possession of Newport.
1777.	July 9.	Capture of General Prescott by Colonel Barton.
1778.	February 9.	Regiment of negro slaves ordered to be raised by the General Assembly.
		Articles of confederation between the thirteen original States accepted.
1778.	May 25.	Bristol and Warren pillaged and partly destroyed.
1778.	July 29.	Arrival of the French fleet off Newport.
1778.	August 29.	Battle of Rhode Island.
1778.	October 28.	The British galley "Pigot" captured by the "Hawk," under command of Major Silas Talbot.
1779.	October 25.	Newport evacuated by the British.
1780.	May 19.	"The dark day."
1780.	July 10.	Arrival of Count Rochambeau with 6,000 French troops.
1781.	March 6-14.	Washington at Newport, Bristol, Warren and Providence.
1781.	October 14.	Storming of redoubts at Yorktown,—Rhode Island troops, under Captain Stephen Olney, at the head of the column.

1782.	January 28.	Census ordered. (Population, 52,-347, a decrease in eight years of over 7,000.)
1783.	April 25.	Cessation of hostilities celebrated.
1784.	February 23.	Emancipation act passed.
1784.	June 1.	Newport incorporated as a city. (Charter repealed at March session, 1787. Re-incorporated May 6, 1853.)
1785.	July 13.	Death of Stephen Hopkins at the age of 78 years.
1786.	June 19.	Death of Gen. Nathanael Greene, in Georgia, at the age of 44 years.
1786.	September 25.	"Paper money" case of Trevett vs Weeden.
1787.		First spinning jenny constructed in the United States made in Providence.
1790.	May 29.	Federal Constitution adopted.
1790.	December 21.	Cotton factory started at Pawtucket by Samuel Slater.
1791.	October 3.	Providence Bank established.
1792.		Elijah Ormsbee constructs a steamboat, the "Experiment," and makes successful trips in Providence river.
1796.	October.	First proposition relative to calling a convention to form a Constitution for the State.
1798.		Freehold qualification fixed at $134 or $7 per annum.
1799.		Free school system of Providence inaugurated.
1799.	February.	Providence (Washington) Insurance Company incorporated.

1812-1815.		Second war with Great Britain.
1813.	September 10.	Battle of Lake Erie fought by Commodore Oliver H. Perry.
1815.	September 22-23.	The great gale.
1817.	May 28.	First trip of steamboat "Firefly" from Newport to Providence.
1819.	June.	Savings Bank of Newport incorporated.
1819.	October.	The Providence Institution for Savings and Bristol Institution for Savings incorporated.
1821.	April.	Proposition to appoint delegates to form a written Constitution for the State rejected by the people by a vote of 1,619 yeas, to 1,905 nays.
1822.	April 17.	Proposition similar to the foregoing, rejected by a vote of 843 yeas, to 1,804 nays.
1823.	June.	Blackstone Canal Company chartered.
1824.	January 21.	Convention to form written Constition authorized by the General Assembly.
1824.	June 21-July 3.	Convention convened at Newport and Constitution adopted; and on the second Monday in October Constitution rejected by the people by a vote of 1,668 yeas, to 3,206 nays.
1824	August 23.	Visit of Lafayette to Providence.
1827.	April.	First public temperance meeting in Providence.
1828.	January.	Permanent school fund established.

1828	June.	First railroad charter granted—(Boston & Providence R. R. Co., afterwards repealed.)
1831.	September 21-24.	Riot in Olney's Lane and Smith street, Providence.
1831.	November 5.	Act to incorporate the city of Providence adopted. (Act went into operation on the first Monday in June, 1832.)
1831-1835.		Controversy concerning Free Masonry.
1834.	June.	Act passed authorizing the holding of a Constitutional Convention at Providence, on first Monday in September. This convention met September 1st, and on the 13th of September adjourned till November 10th; it then adjourned to February 9, 1835, and then to June 29, 1835; after which time the compiler finds no further account of its proceedings.
1835.	June 2.	First train run over the railroad from Providence to Boston.
1837.	November 10.	Stonington R. R. open to travel.
1841.	February 6.	Convention to frame a Constitution for the State authorized by the General Assembly to be held at Providence on the first Monday in November, 1841. The Convention met, and on the 19th of February, 1842, adopted a Constitution, sometimes called the "Landholders Constitution."—This Constitution was voted on by the people, March 21, 22 and 23, 1842, and rejected by a vote of 8,013 for, to 8,689 against.

1841.	November 18.	The "People's Constitution" adopted by the "People's Convention," so called; voted on December 27, 28 and 29, 1841, on which days it is claimed there were cast 13,994 votes for the "Constitution," to 52 against it.
1842.	April 18.	Pretended election of Thomas W. Dorr as Governor.
1842.	June 28.	Affair at Acote's Hill, Chepachet.
1842.	November 5.	Present Constitution of the State adopted by Convention at East Greenwich.
1842.	Nov. 21, 22 & 23.	Constitution voted on by the people, and ratified by a vote of 7,032 for, to 59 against.
1843.	May 2.	Government under the Constitution organized.
1847.	January.	$2,500 appropriated by General Assembly for volunteers for Mexican war.
1847.	September 27.	First passenger train run over the Providence and Worcester railroad
1852.	February 11.	Capital punishment abolished.
1853.	June 28.	Proposition for convention to form a new Constitution for the State rejected by a vote of 4,570 for, to 6,282 against.
1853.	November 21.	Proposition for convention to revise the Constitution rejected by a vote of 3,778 for, to 7,618 against.
1861.	January 23.	Controversy with Massachusetts, concerning eastern boundary line, settled.

1861.	April 20.	First detachment of volunteers for the war of the rebellion sent to Washington.
1861-65.		War for the suppression of the rebellion.
1871.	September 16.	Dedication of Soldiers and Sailors Monument, Providence.
1875.	February 24.	Seal for the public use of the State; the form of an anchor shall be engraven thereon, the motto thereof shall be the word "Hope," and in a circle around the same shall be engraven the words "Seal of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, 1636."
1876.	October 5.	Rhode Island day at the Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia.
1877.	March 30.	State flag established.
1877.	October 16.	Monument to Roger Williams, in Providence, dedicated.
1877.	December 18.	Dedication of new Court House for the county of Providence.
1878.	November 14.	New City Hall, Providence, dedicated.
1880.	March 31.	Narragansett Tribe of Indians abolished by act of the General Assembly.
1880.	September 24.	Bi-Centennial celebration of settlement of Bristol.
1883.	March 22.	Northern boundary line finally established.
1883.	August 30.	Dedication of Monument at Fort Ninigret, Charlestown, under direction of the Indian Commissioners.

1885.	February 16.	Rhode Island day at the New Orleans Exposition.
1885.	March 27.	City of Pawtucket incorporated.
1885.	September 10.	Dedication of Statue of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, at Newport.
1886.	April 7.	Propositions of amendment to the State Constitution voted on, with the following result, viz: Article V. ("Prohibitory"), approved, 15,113; reject, 9,230. Article VI. ("Soldiers and Sailors"), approved, 18,903; reject, 1,477.
1886.	June 10.	Dedication of Soldiers and Sailors Monument, South Kingstown.
1886.	June 23, 24.	Celebration of 250th anniversary of the settlement of Providence.
1887.	April 6.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution, ("Woman Suffrage"), defeated by the following vote, viz: Approved, 6,889; reject, 21,957.
1887.	May 5.	Western boundary line finally established.
1887.	July 4.	Dedication of monument to Gen. A. E. Burnside, in Providence.
1888.	March 22.	District of Narragansett incorporated.
1888.	April 4.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution, (Extension of Suffrage"), adopted by the following vote, viz: approved, 20,068; reject, 12,193.
1888.	May 30.	Dedication of Soldiers and Sailors Monument at Central Falls, Lincoln.
1888.	June 13.	City of Woonsocket incorporated.

1889.	June 20.	Proposition of amendment to the State Constitution, ("Repeal of Prohibitory Amendment") adopted by the following vote, viz: approved, 28,315; reject, 9,956.

Boards of Commissioners, etc.

COMMISSIONERS OF SINKING FUNDS.

(Commissioners, *ex-officio*.)

Herbert W. Ladd, Governor.
Samuel Clark, General Treasurer.
William C. Townsend, State Auditor.
Joshua Wilbour, Chairman of Senate Committee on Finance.
William K. Potter, Chairman of Finance Committee of the House of Representatives.

(Elected pursuant to Chapter 30 of the Public Statutes.)

		Term expires.
Alfred H. Littlefield	Lincoln	April 16, 1890.
Samuel S. Sprague	Providence	" 16, 1891.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION AND BOARD OF CONTROL OF STATE HOME AND SCHOOL.

(Members, *ex-officio*.)

Herbert W. Ladd, Governor.
Daniel G. Littlefield, Lieutenant-Governor.

(Elected by the General Assembly pursuant to Chapter 47 of the Public Statutes.)

		Term expires.
Frank E. McFee	Woonsocket	June 1890.
Rev. Wm. N. Ackley	Warren	" 1890.
*George A. Littlefield	Newport	" 1891.
Samuel H. Cross	Westerly	" 1891.
Lucius B. Darling	Pawtucket	" 1892.
Dwight R. Adams	Centreville	" 1892

Secretary of the Board, Thomas B. Stockwell, Commissioner of Public Schools.

* Resigned Sept. 1, 1889.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Herbert W. Ladd, Governor.....*Member, ex-officio.*
Daniel G. Littlefield, Lieutenant-Governor..*Member, ex-officio.*

		Term expires.
Frank E. McFee.....	Woonsocket.....	June 1890.
Rev. William N. Ackley.....	Warren.....	" 1890.
*George A. Littlefield.....	Newport.....	" 1891.
Samuel H. Cross.....	Westerly.....	" 1891.
Lucius B. Darling.....	Pawtucket.....	" 1892.
Dwight R. Adams.....	...Centreville.....	" 1892.

Thomas B. Stockwell, Commissioner of Public Schools, member, *ex-officio*, and Secretary.

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

(Members, *ex-officio.*)

Herbert W. Ladd, Governor.
Daniel G. Littlefield, Lieutenant-Governor.
Samuel H. Cross, Secretary of State.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Chapter 507 of the Public Laws.)

William T. C. Wardwell.....	Bristol..	until March 2, 1890.
Alfred A. Reed.....	Warwick.	" " " 1891.

(Appointed by Agricultural Societies.)

R. I. Society for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry.—Obadiah Brown, of Providence, until March 1, 1889.

Aquidneck Agricultural Society.—John J. Peckham, of Newport, until March 1, 1889.

Washington County Agricultural Society.—Rowland Hazard, of South Kingstown, until March 2, 1889.

Woonsocket, Agricultural, Horticultural and Industrial Society.—Arlon Mowry, of North Smithfield, until March 2, 1889.

Secretary of the Board.—Charles W. Smith, office of the Board, State House, Providence.

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*Resigned Sept. 1, 1889.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

Thomas Coggeshall.....*Chairman.*
William W. Chapin.....*Secretary.*

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, pursuant to Chapter 254 of the Public Statutes.)

		Term expires.
*Orlando R. Smith	Westerly	June, 1890.
Henry L. Greene	Warwick	" 1891.
William S. Hayward	Providence	" 1892.
Stephen R. Weeden	Providence	" 1892.
Charles H. Peckham	Scituate	" 1893.
Thomas Coggeshall	Newport	" 1894.
Ellery H. Wilson	East Providence	" 1895.
Joseph U. Starkweather	Barrington	" 1895.
William W. Chapin	Providence	*Ex-officio.*

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

(Appointed by the Governor pursuant to Chap. 131 of the Public Statutes.)
(Terms expire July 1, 1891.)

William B. Blanding, *President*.....Providence.
Norman N. Mason, *Secretary*.....Providence.
James H. Taylor.....Newport.
William E. Clarke.....Providence.
Albert B. Collins.....Westerly.
Henry M. Dudley.....Woonsocket.
E. C. Danforth.....Providence.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

(Appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, pursuant to Chapter 83 of the Public Statutes.)

Henry E. Turner, M. D.....*Chairman.*
Charles H. Fisher, M. D.....*Secretary.*

* Appointed April 24, 1889, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

		Term expires.
Henry E. Turner, M. D.	Newport	July 1, 1890.
Albert G. Sprague, M. D.	Warwick	" 1, 1891.
Thomas H. Shipman, M. D.	Bristol	" 1, 1892.
Paul S. Redfield, M. D.	Providence	" 1, 1893.
Samuel M. Gray	Providence	" 1, 1894.
Herbert J. Pomroy, M. D.	Westerly	" 1, 1895.
Charles H. Fisher, M. D.	Providence	*Ex officio.*

Office, No. 46 Weybossett Street, Providence.

BOARD OF FEMALE VISITORS TO INSTITUTIONS WHERE WOMEN ARE IMPRISONED.

(Appointed by the Governor at the May Session, A. D., 1888, pursuant to Chapter 255 of the Public Statutes.)

Mrs. Susan H. Barney	Providence.
Elizabeth C. K. Hill.	Providence.
Mrs. Eliza C. Weeden	Westerly.
Mrs. Emily A. Hall	Providence.
Mrs. Celia B. Arnold	Woonsocket.
Mrs. Sarah A. Greene	Providence.
* Annie P. Carr	Newport.

STATE BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN DENTISTRY.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Chapter 712 of the Public Laws.)

		Term expires.
A. W. Buckland	Woonsocket	June 26, 1890.
William P. Church	Providence	" 26, 1890.
Charles A. Brackett	Newport	" 26, 1891.
John F. Lennon	Providence	" 26, 1891.
Harry E. Windsor	Providence	" 26, 1892.

* Appointed in place of Phebe A. Bradford, of Newport, who declined to accept.

BOARD OF MANAGERS OF STATE AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Chap. 706 of the Public Statutes).

		Term expires.
Christopher A. Shippee	East Greenwich	July, 1890.
Melville Bull	Middletown	" 1891.
Charles J. Greene	Richmond	" 1892.
*Charles O. Flagg	Cumberland	" 1893.
Chandler H. Coggeshall	Bristol	" 1894.

COMMISSIONERS OF INLAND FISHERIES.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Chap. 150 of the Public Statutes.)

		Term expires.
Henry T. Root	Providence	June 20, 1892.
William P. Morton	Johnston	" 20, 1892.
J. M. K. Southwick	Newport	Aug. 17, 1892.

COMMISSIONERS OF SHELL FISHERIES.

(Elected by the General Assembly, pursuant to Chapter 146 of the Public Statutes.) Terms expire April 22, 1894.

Commissioner.—James C. Collins, of North Providence.

Assistant Commissioners.—George C. Cross, of Charlestown, and James M. Wright, of Foster.

Office, No. 12 South Main Street, Room 13, Providence.

COMMISSIONERS OF PILOTS.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Chapter 99 of the Public Statutes.)

		Term expires.
Frank M. Burrough, *Chairman*	Providence	June, 1891.
Henry P. Williams	Newport	" 1892.
Darius B. Dodge	New Shoreham.	" 1890.

Office No. 81 Dyer Street, Providence.

* Appointed in place of James A. Budlong, of Cranston, who declined to accept.

LIST OF PILOTS.

For Year 1888-89.

Holding Licenses from the Commissioners of Pilots.

Nathan A. Briggs	Providence.
Josiah Albro	Newport.
George Fowler	"
Benj. M. Kerlew	"
Thomas McDonald	"
Tennant Pike	"
Edward Young	"
John Murphy	"
James M. Dodge	Block Island.
Joshua Dodge	"
Wm. T. Dodge	"
L. A. Dodge	"
Andrew Willis	"
John E. Rose	"
John B. King	Jamestown.
Andrew King	"
Uriah Dodge	Block Island.
Hugh Brady	Newport.
Wm. S. Dodge	Block Island.
Samuel Allen	Warren.
George A. Folger	Providence.
Randall P. Fowler	Newport.
Andrew J. Dodge	Block Island.
Josiah Albro, Jr	Newport.
Abram T. King	Jamestown.

HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, pursuant to Chapter 100 of the Public Statutes.)

		Term expires.
William C. Clarke	South Kingstown	June, 1890.
J. Herbert Shedd	Providence	" 1891.
Henry C. Bradford	Providence	" 1892.

PRINTERS TO THE STATE.

Edward L. Freeman & Son.....Central Falls.

BINDERS TO THE STATE.

Hayes M. Coombs & Co.....Providence.

SEALER OF WEIGHTS, MEASURES AND BALANCES.

(1889-90.)

(Appointed by the Governor, October 18, 1889, for one year.)

Thomas F. Kennedy.....Providence.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS, (1889-90.)

(Appointed by the Governor, June 23, 1889, for one year.)

Frank L. Titcomb.....Providence.

COMMISSIONER OF PAWTUCKET RIVER

(Appointed by the Governor, May 31, 1889, for one year.)

Christopher Duckworth.....Pawtucket.

COMMISSIONER OF THE PROVIDENCE AND WORCESTER RAILROAD.

(Appointed by the Governor, November 21, 1888, for four years.)

Samuel Clark.....Lincoln.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

(Appointed by the Governor, May 1, 1889, for three years.)

Edward L. Freeman.....Central Falls.

INSPECTORS.

(Elected by the General Assembly, May Session, 1889, for the term of one year.

Inspector of Beef and Pork.—Henry M. Kimball, of Providence.

Inspector of Lime.—Hartwell H. Jencks, Lincoln.

Inspector of Scythe Stones.—Franklin B. Ham, Glocester.

Inspector of Cables.—John Waters, Newport.

R. I. STONE BRIDGE COMMISSIONERS.

Newport.....Thomas Coggeshall.
Middletown.....Melville Bull.
Portsmouth.....Lorenzo D. Tallman.
Tiverton.....Richard W. Albert.

COMMISSIONERS OF WRECKS.

FOR THE FOLLOWING TOWNS.

Charles M. Burdick.....Charlestown.
William Smith.....Middletown.
Lawton Coggeshall.....Newport.
William P. Lewis.....New Shoreham.
Hazard G. Knowles.....Narragansett.
Samuel Seabury, 2d.....Tiverton.
Daniel F. Larkin.....Westerly.

COMMISSIONER OF DAMS AND RESERVOIRS.

(Appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, pursuant to Chapter 271 of the Public Laws, for three years from May 31, 1888.)

Lemuel M. E. Stone.....North Providence.

COMMISSION TO SELL OLD PRISON PROPERTY IN PROVIDENCE.

(Appointed by the Governor, under the provisions of Chapter 367 of the Public Laws, passed April 13, 1883.)

Royal C. Taft.....Providence.
Olney Arnold.....Pawtucket.
Lucius D. Davis.....Newport.

SPECIAL COUNSEL FOR THE STATE RELATIVE TO THE COVE LANDS IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to Resolution No. 37, passed April 24, 1885.)

Benjamin N. Lapham.....Providence.
Francis Colwell..... "

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

(Appointed by the Governor, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 420 of the Public Laws, passed April 30, 1884.)

(Term of six years from July 1, 1884, unless otherwise stated.)

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON.

District 1. (Town of Westerly) J. Howard Morgan, M. D., Westerly.
" 2. (Town of South Kingstown) Philip K. Taylor, M. D., Kingston.
" 3 (Towns of Hopkinton and Richmond) A. B. Briggs, M. D., Ashaway.
" 4. (Towns of North Kingstown and Exeter) Harold Metcalf, M. D., of Wickford; (appointed July 29, 1889, for six years, in place of Samuel B. Church, M. D., resigned.)
" 5. (Town of Charlestown) A. A. Saunders, M. D., Carolina, (appointed July 2, 1888, for six years, in place of Henry K. Gardiner, M. D., resigned.)

COUNTY OF KENT.

District 1. (Towns of West Greenwich and Coventry) John Winsor, M. D., Anthony.
" 2. (Towns of East Greenwich and Warwick) Dan O. King, M. D., Pontiac.

COUNTY OF PROVIDENCE.

District 1. (Towns of Scituate and Foster) Walter J. Smith, M. D., North Scituate, (appointed Sept. 15, 1884, for six years, in place of Elmer S. Fiske, M. D., resigned.)
" 2. (Towns of Cranston and Johnston) Elmer B. Eddy, M. D , Olneyville.
" 3. (Town of Glocester) George A. Harris, M. D , Chepachet.
" 4. (Towns of Smithfield and North Providence) Charles A. Barnard, M. D., Centredale.
" 5. (Towns of Burrillville and North Smithfield) George R. Smith, M. D.) Woonsocket.
" 6. (City of Woonsocket) Geo. W. Jenckes, M. D. Woonsocket.
" 7. (Town of Cumberland) Lucius F. C. Garvin, M. D., Lonsdale.
" 8. (City of Pawtucket and Town of Lincoln) Frank B. Fuller, M. D., Pawtucket.
" 9. (Town of East Providence) Simeon Hunt, M. D., East Providence.
" 10. (City of Providence) William H. Palmer, M. D., and George D. Wilcox, M. D., Providence.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

District 1. (Towns of Barrington and Warren) G. L. Church, M. D., Warren.
" 2. (Town of Bristol) George A. Pike, M. D., Bristol. (appointed August 20, 1888, for six years, in place of Henry S. Swan, M. D., resigned.)

COMMISSION TO SELL OLD PRISON PROPERTY IN PROVIDENCE.

(Appointed by the Governor, under the provisions of Chapter 367 of the Public Laws, passed April 13, 1883.)

Royal C. Taft.....Providence.
Olney Arnold.....Pawtucket.
Lucius D. Davis.....Newport.

SPECIAL COUNSEL FOR THE STATE RELATIVE TO THE COVE LANDS IN THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

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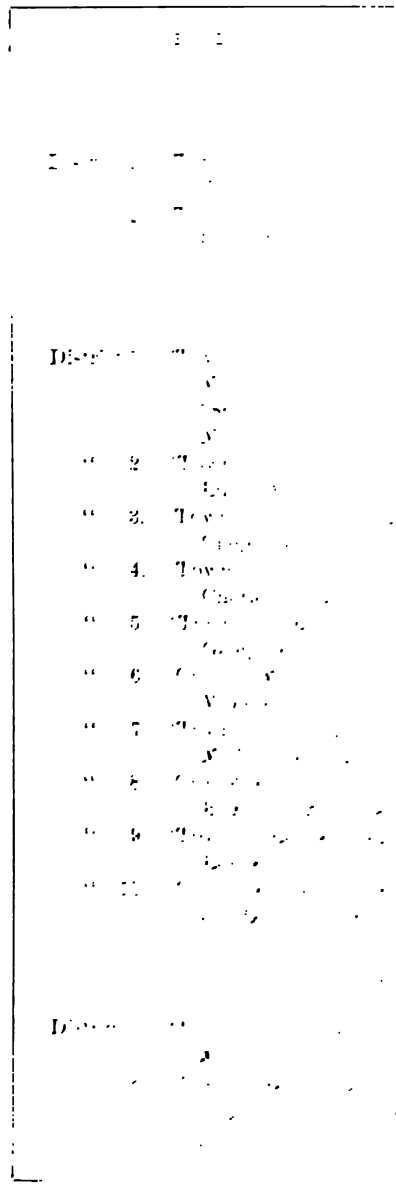
5 (Town of Charlestown) A. A. Saunders, M. D., Carolina (appointed July 2, 1888, for six years, in place of F[illegible]rdiner, M. D., resigned.)



COUNTY OF NEWPORT.

District 1. (Towns of Tiverton and Little Compton) George H. Nichols, M. D., Little Compton, (appointed May 11, 1886, for six years in place of Isaac B. Cowen, M. D., deceased.)

" 2. (Town of New Shoreham) John B. Husted, M. D., Block Island, (appointed January 1, 1889, for six years, in place of Charles H. Hadley, M. D., resigned).

" 8. (City of Newport and Towns of Portsmouth, Middletown and Jamestown) W. Thornton Parker, M. D , Newport; (appointed July 29, 1887, for six years, in place of A. F. Squire, M. D., resigned); and Henry E. Turner, M. D., Newport; (appointed Nov. 26, 1884, for six years, in place of Wm. L. Wheeler, M. D., resigned.)

STATE BOARD OF SOLDIERS' RELIEF.

(Chapter 733 of the Public Laws.)

Office, 87 Weybosset Street, Room 39, Providence.

(Ex-officio.)

Governor Herbert W. Ladd, *Chairman.*
Hon. Samuel Clark, *General Treasurer.*
Gen. Elisha Dyer, Jr., *Adjutant General.*

(Appointed by the Governor.)

Alonzo Williams, (3d R. I. H. Artillery,) term expires 1892.
Andrew K. McMahon, (2d R. I. Vols.,) " 1892.
Elisha H. Rhodes, (2d R. I. Volunteers,) " 1891.
Gideon Spencer, (1st R. I. Light Artillery,) " 1891.
Charles C. Gray, (1st R. I. Light Artillery,) " 1890.
George T. Cranston, (3d R. I. H. Art'y.,) " 1890.

(Elected by the Board.)

Philip S. Chase, (1st R. I. Light Artillery,) *Secretary.*

This Board is to establish and maintain a home to be known as the "Rhode Island Soldiers' Home." It is also charged with the duty of distributing "Soldiers' Relief," and for that purpose agents have been appointed as follows:

William J. Crossley, (2d R. I. Volunteers,)	District No.	1.
William O. Thatcher, (11th R. I. Volunteers,)	"	2.
George W. Gooding, (11th R. I. Volunteers.)	"	3.
Walter A. Read, (4th R. I. Volunteers,)	"	4.
Charles A. Barbour, (10th R. I. Volunteers,)	"	5.
Gideon S. Stillman, (1st R. I. Light Artillery,)	"	6.
Andrew K. McMahon, (2d R. I. Volunteers,)	"	7.
George T. Cranston, (3d R. I. H. Artillery,)	"	8.

STATE PENSION AGENT.

Chapter 738 of the Public Laws constitutes the Secretary of the State Board of Soldiers' Relief a pension agent for this State.

COMMISSIONER TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION, FRANCE, FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Aram J. Pothier.....Woonsocket.

COMMISSIONER OF INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

(Appointed by the Governor, June 28, 1889, pursuant to Chapter 621, Public Laws, passed March 29, 1887.)

Almon K. Goodwin.....Pawtucket.

CLERK.—John H. Davis.....Pawtucket.

Office, Butler Exchange, Providence.

Financial Statistics.

GENERAL TREASURER.

SAMUEL CLARK, of Lincoln.

Office, Room No. 1, Elizabeth Building, 104 North Main Street, Providence.

CLERK.—Charles C. Clark, of Lincoln.

STATE AUDITOR.

WILLIAM C. TOWNSEND, of Newport.

Office, Room 2, Elizabeth Building, 104 North Main Street, Providence.

CLERKS, Charles M. Arnold, of Woonsocket.
William H. Brines, of Providence.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR FISCAL YEAR, JAN. 1 TO DEC. 31, 1888.

Balance in the Treasury Dec. 31, 1887.....	$135,458 16
Receipts from Jan. 1st to Dec. 31, 1888..	822,903 74
Payments from Jan. 1st to Dec. 31, 1888..... ...	895,648 22
Balance in the Treasury Dec. 31, 1888.	62,713 68

FUNDED DEBT OF THE STATE.

Dec. 31, 1883.

Bonds of July 1, 1863, payable 1893	$584,000 00
" August 1, 1864, payable 1894	699,000 00
	$1,283,000 00
Sinking Fund	$767,900 09

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:

To City of Providence 5 per cent. sterling bonds	$8,149 23
" " " 5 " water bonds	64,800 00
" Town of Burrillville 6 per cent. bonds	41,691 18
" " Meriden 6 per cent. bonds	16,910 00
" Town notes	582,695 77
" Deposit with R. I. Hospital Trust Co	53,653 91
	$767,900 09

RHODE ISLAND STATE BANKS.

Prepared from returns made to the State Auditor, Nov. 21, 1883.

BANKS OF PROVIDENCE.	Capital.
Bank of America	$200,000 00
Butchers and Drovers	150,010 00
High Street	120,000 00
Jackson	344,450 00
*Pawtuxet	
State	77,225 00
Union	500,000 00
Westminster	200,000 00
Total	$1,591,685 00
OTHER STATE BANKS.	
Merchants, Newport	$100,000 00
New England Commercial, Newport	75,000 00
Total	$175,000 00
Aggregate State Banks	$1,766,685 00
Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company	$800,000 00

*In liquidation.

STATE BANKS IN RHODE ISLAND.

The following is an abstract of the aggregate returns of the ten State Banks, which continued to do business under their charters, made up by the State Auditor to November 21, 1888.

RESOURCES.	Banks in Providence.	Banks out of Providence.	All the Banks in the State.
Debts due from directors	$110,507 48	$16,259 90	$126,767 38
Debts due from other stockholders	123,444 69	3,897 49	127,342 18
Debts due from all others	1,968,353 71	177,077 97	2,145,431 68
Specie actually in banks	11,028 78	3,157 90	14,118 68
Bills of other banks	73,121 69	23,545 66	96,667 35
Deposits in other banks	104,890 42	73,710 73	178,601 15
Own stock held by the banks	62,896 63	17,117 00	80,013 63
Other stock owned by the banks	86,902 50	52,545 00	139,447 50
Real estate	182,434 83	37,629 64	220,064 47
Other property	3,793 58	119 46	3,913 04
Expense account	4,399 20	938 13	5,337 33
Profit and loss	42,795 88	.....	42,795 88
Deficit	.....	.....	.....
Total amount of resources	$2,774,569 39	$405,998 88	180,568 27
LIABILITIES.			
Capital actually paid in	$1,591,685 00	$175,000 00	$1,766,685 00
Bills in circulation	3,139 00	.....	3,139 00
Deposits on interest	479,145 38	.....	479,145 38
Deposits not on interest	358,421 30	222,727 37	581,148 67
Debts due to other banks	156,950 95	1,282 29	158,233 24
Dividends unpaid	7,602 05	978 00	8,580 05
Net profits on hand	167,625 71	6,011 22	173,636 93
Certificates issued	10,000 00	.....	10,000 00
Cashier's and Certified Checks	.....	.....	.....
Total amount of liabilities	$2,774,569 39	$405,998 88	$3,180,568 27
SUMMARY OF OTHER ITEMS.			
Amount of last dividend	$35,883 65	$3,500 00	$39,382 75
Amount of suspended paper considered bad or doubtful	34,449 82	500 00	34,949 82
Reserved profits at time of last dividend	159,427 07	3,456 05	162,883 12
Amount loaned on pledges of stock in banks	65,397 00	5,522 79	70,919 79
Debts due and unpaid	224,736 52	5,587 36	230,323 88

NATIONAL BANKS IN RHODE SLAND.

Name.	Place.	Capital.
National Bank of Commerce	Providence	$1,709,200
American National Bank	"	1,437,650
National Bank of North America	"	1,000,000
Merchants National Bank	"	1,000,000
Commercial " "	"	1,000,000
Rhode Island " "	"	600,000
First " "	"	500,000
Second " "	"	300,000
Third " "	"	500,000
Fourth " "	"	500,000
Fifth " "	"	300,000
Globe " "	"	300,000
Old " "	"	500,000
Weybosset " "	"	500,000
Manufacturers" "	"	500,000
Providence " "	"	500,000
Blackstone Canal National Bank	"	500,000
National Exchange Bank	"	500,000
City National Bank	"	500,000
Mechanics National Bank	"	500,000
National Eagle Bank	"	500,000
Phenix National Bank	"	450,000
Roger Williams National Bank	"	499,950
Lime Rock " "	"	500,000
Atlantic " "	"	225,000
Traders " "	"	200,000
Coventry " "	Anthony	100,000
Ashaway " "	Ashaway	100,000
First " "	Bristol	75,000
National Eagle Bank	"	50,000
Greenwich National Bank	East Greenwich	75,000
National Exchange Bank	Greenville	150,000
First National Bank of Hopkinton	Hope Valley	100,000
National Landholders Bank	Kingston	105,000
First National Bank	Newport	120,000
Newport National Bank	"	120,000
National Bank of Rhode Island	"	100,000
Aquidneck National Bank	"	200,000
National Exchange Bank	"	100,000
Union National Bank	"	155,250
Pacific " "	Pawtucket	200,000
Slater " "	"	300,000
First " "	"	300,000
Pascoag " "	Pascoag	100,000
Phenix " "	Phenix	100,000
First " " of Smithfield	Slatersville	100,000
Wakefield" "	Wakefield	100,000
First " "	Warren	150,000
National Hope Bank	"	130,000
National Warren Bank	"	200,000
Centreville Nationa Bank	Centreville	100,000
National Niantic Bank	Westerly	250,000
Washington National Bank	"	150,000
National Phenix Bank	"	150,000
Wickford National Bank	Wickford	125,000
Citizens " "	Woonsocket	100,000
Woonsocket " "	"	200,000
First " "	"	107,000
National Union "	"	150,000
Producers National "	"	200,000
National Globe "	"	100,000

TABLE SHOWING THE LARGEST AMOUNT DUE TO ANY ONE DEPOSITOR FROM EACH SAVINGS INSTITUTION IN THE STATE, WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE CRANSTON AND FRANKLIN, OF PROVIDENCE, ON WEDNESDAY, 21ST NOVEMBER, 1888.

Ashaway Savings Bank, Ashaway	$2,725 08
Bristol County Savings Bank, Bristol	8,614 86
Bristol Institution for Savings	10,320 44
Centreville Savings Bank, Centreville	4,411 00
Citizens Savings Bank, Providence	42,204 56
City Savings Bank, Providence	17,296 63
Coddington Savings Bank, Newport	13,245 72
Coventry Savings Bank, Anthony	1,063 40
East Greenwich Institution for Savings, East Greenwich	5,775 30
Franklin Savings Bank, Pawtucket	23,844 13
Hopkinton Savings Bank, Hope Valley	5,447 02
Island Savings Bank, Newport	17,711 56
Jackson Institution for Savings, Providence	14,212 61
Kingston Savings Bank, Kingston	5,134 43
Mechanics Savings Bank, Providence	45,277 00
Mechanics Savings Bank, Westerly	8,019 00
Mechanics Savings Bank, Woonsocket	2,930 00
Merchants Savings Bank, Providence	15,000 00
Niantic Savings Bank, Westerly	13,371 64
Pawtucket Institution for Savings, Pawtucket	25,351 28
Peoples Savings Bank, Providence	69,825 32
Peoples Savings Bank, Woonsocket	15,931 85
Phenix Savings Bank, Phenix	9,754 14
Producers Savings Bank, Woonsocket	3,861 34
Providence County Savings Bank, Pawtucket	36,613 22
Providence Institution for Savings, Providence	8,007 37
Rhode Island Institution for Savings, Providence	1,541 70
Savings Bank of Newport, Newport	169,148 21
Smithfield Savings Bank, Greenville	20,100 00
Union Savings Bank, Providence	2,727 87
Wakefield Institution for Savings, Wakefield	11,330 71
Warren Institution for Savings, Warren	11,373 09
Warwick Institution for Savings, Centreville	17,357 12
Westerly Savings Bank, Westerly	11,509 92
Wickford Savings Bank, Wickford	8,040 53
Woonsocket Institution for Savings, Woonsocket	13,191 00

INSTITUTIONS FOR SAVINGS.

A SUMMARY OF THE CONDITION OF THE SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS IN RHODE ISLAND ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1888.

RESOURCES.

Loans on mortgages of real estate	$24,171,192 91
Bank and other stocks	3,231,405 47
National, State, county, city and town bonds	9,108,111 20
Railroad and other bonds	10,264,071 10
City, town and district notes	382,929 77
Loans on personal security	5,705,523 79
Loans on collaterals	2,997,220 00
Cash on hand and deposited in national banks	1,630,371 91
Real estate	2,740,773 43
Call loans	571,092 20
Miscellaneous	173,669 76
	$60,976,361 54

LIABILITIES.

Amount due depositors	$57,699,884 94
Amount due national banks	18,621 90
Profit and loss	32,112 68
Profits, or excess of assets	3,123,366 34
Guarantee Fund	76,769 16
*Dividends uncalled for	25,606 52
	$60,976,361 54

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of institutions in the State	38
Whole number of depositors	123,102
Number of depositors of $500 and under $1,000	15,441
Number of depositors of $1,000 and upwards	16,697
Average to each depositor	$468 71
Largest amount due to any one depositor	$169,148 21
Number of institutions that declared dividends within the last six months	30
Average rate per cent	.0488⅛
Increase of deposits from previous year	$2,336,601 61
Increase of depositors	2,958
Increase of those depositing less than $500	2,001
Increase of those depositing more than $500 and less than $1,000	517
Increase of those depositing $1,000 and upwards	440
Loans on mortgages of real estate in other States	$5,300,185 89

*Cranston Savings Bank and Franklin Institution for Savings.

STATE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

From returns made to the Insurance Commissioner, December 31, 1888.

WILLIAM C. TOWNSEND, *Insurance Commissioner.*

Office, Room 2, Elizabeth Building, 104 North Main Street, Providence.

STOCK COMPANIES.

Name and Location.	Cash Capital.
Atlantic Fire and Marine, Providence	$200,000 00
Equitable Fire and Marine, "	300,000 00
Merchants, "	200,000 00
Providence Washington, "	400,000 00
Aggregate	$1,100,000 00

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Name and Location.	Cash Assets.	Risks Written.	Premiums Received.
American.....Providence.	$149,017 19	$16,179,370 00	$152,776 83
Blackstone..... "	294,730 21	23,901,477 00	215,645 35
Enterprise..... "	145,680 37	16,896,838 00	158,930 97
Firemens.. . ..... "	536,295 75	46,056,780 00	405,113 40
Franklin..... .. "	69,773 22	1,456,150 00	15,159 55
Hope..... "	125,256 30	14,643,169 00	144,977 16
Manufacturers .... "	174,460 39	16,184,486 00	129,425 11
Mechanics..... "	105,201 27	11,813,000 00	97,245 99
Merchants.... .... "	149,253 59	6,337,548 00	61,121 57
Mercantile..... "	50,331 44	12,545,583 00	114,892 81
Pawtucket.....Pawtucket.	224,070 67	3,460,777 00	39,682 63
Providence.....Providence.	191,074 05	3,677,180 00	35,711 06
Rhode Island..... "	292,617 29	23,941,999 00	202,630 11
State..... "	518,299 23	51,869,603 00	449,768 03
Tiverton and Little Compton..	5,106 77	119,408 00	499 73
Union.....Providence.	166,623 60	2,167,500 00	25,958 19
What Cheer..... "	189,614 24	21,555,714 00	209,543 66
Total.....	$3,387,405 58	$272,806,582 00	$2,459,082 15
Providence Mut'l Steam Boiler	13,216 35	928,840 00	8,086 60
Rhode Island Mut'l Live Stock	1,308 08	.....	.....

RAILROAD CORPORATIONS.

Railroad Commissioner.—EDWARD L. FREEMAN, *of Lincoln.*

NAME OF RAILROAD.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	Capital Stock actually paid in.	Miles of track in this State.
Boston and Providence ...	May, 1834	$4,000,000	$10\frac{421}{1000}$
Fall River, Warren & Prov.	(Organized) July 2, 1863.	150,000	$2\frac{132}{1000}$
Moshassuck Valley.....	May, 1874	50,000	2
Narragansett Pier.....	May, 1868	106,980	$8\frac{1}{2}$
Newport & Wickford R. R. & Steamboat Co.....	May, 1864	100,000	$3\frac{5}{10}$
N. Y., Providence & Boston	June, 1832.....	3,000,000	$63\frac{67}{100}$
New York & New England	May, 1873.....	22,200,000	$34\frac{58}{100}$
Old Colony.....	May, 1846	11,766,200	$22\frac{4}{100}$
Pawtuxet Valley	May, 1868	100,900	$5\frac{67}{100}$
Providence & Springfield..	January, 1857	517,450	$22\frac{8}{10}$
Providence & Worcester...	May, 1844	3,000,000	$67\frac{665}{1000}$
Prov., Warren & Bristol..	October, 1850.....	437,300	$13\frac{6}{10}$
R. Island & Massachusetts.	January, 1865	180,000	$7\frac{2}{10}$
Wood River Branch.....	May, 1872	60,000	$6\frac{3}{8}$
Union (Horse).....	January, 1865.....	1,500,000	$54\frac{58}{100}$
Pawtucket (Horse).....	.....	200,000	$7\frac{72}{100}$
Woonsocket (Horse).....	....	24,000	$4\frac{7}{10}$

STATISTICS FOR 1888-9.

(From Railroad Commissioner's report, made at the January Session, 1889.)

Total miles of track in this State.....	$334\frac{153}{1000}$
Number of passengers carried.....	48,134,823
Tons of merchandise carried	7,189,267
Net earnings.....	$2,052,642 53

Number of accidents during the year 1888, 42, of which 22 proved fatal.

The Judiciary.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit Judge.—LeBaron B. Colt, of Bristol.
District Judge.—George M. Carpenter, of Providence.
District Attorney.—Rathbone Gardner, of Providence.
Clerk.—Henry Pitman, of Providence.
Marshal.—Samuel L. Blaisdell, of Providence.

Terms of the United States Circuit Court.—At Providence, on the 15th of November, and 15th of June, annually.

By usage the U. S. Circuit Court is in session on the first Monday in every month.

United States Commissioners—William W. Douglas, Henry Marsh, Jr, of Providence, and William Gilpin, of Newport.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Judge.—George M. Carpenter, of Providence.
Clerk.—William C. Cross, of Cranston.
Marshal.—Samuel L. Blaisdell, of Providence.
District Attorney.—Rathbone Gardner, of Providence.
Register in Bankruptcy.—John C. Pegram, of Providence.
Terms of the District Court.—In Newport, on the second Tuesday in May, and third Tuesday in October.

In Providence, on the first Tuesday in August, and first Tuesday in February.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE.

The "Superior Court of Judicature, Court of Assize, and General Gaol Delivery," was first established in June, 1729, and until 1747 consisted of the governor, deputy governor, and assistants.

In February, 1746-7, an act was passed providing for the annual election of a chief judge and four associates.

In the Revision of 1798, the designation of the court was changed to that of the Supreme Judicial Court, to be held by one chief justice and four associate justices.

Under the constitution one Supreme Court was established, which now consists of one chief justice and four associate justices.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Gideon Cornell,	Stephen Hopkins, Joshua Babcock, Josiah Arnold, John Howland,	May, 1747, to May, 1749.
Joshua Babcock,	Jonathan Randall, William Hopkins, William Hall, John Walton,	May, 1749, to May, 1750.
Joshua Babcock,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, John Walton, Benjamin Hazard,	May, 1750, to May, 1751.
Stephen Hopkins,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Russell, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1751, to May, 1755.
Francis Willett, Stephen Hokins,[1]	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Russell, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1755, to May, 1756.
John Gardner,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Russell, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1756, to May, 1759.

[1] At the August Session 1755, Stephen Hopkins, who was at the same time Governor of the Colony, was elected chief justice of the Superior Court. (See Schedule, August, 1755, pp. 36 and 44.)

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
John Gardner,	Jonathan Randall, William Richmond, Joseph Lippitt, Joseph Clarke,	May, 1759, to May, 1761.
Samuel Ward,	Joseph Russell, William Hall, Thomas Wickham, John Burton,	May, 1761, to May, 1762.
Jeremiah Niles,	Joseph Russell, William Hall, Nicholas Easton, Samuel Nightingale,	May, 1762, to Aug., 1763.
Joshua Babcock,	Thomas Cranston, John Cole, Thomas Greene, Silas Niles,	Aug., 1763, to May, 1764.
John Cole,	Thomas Greene, Silas Niles, Job Bennet, Jr., Stephen Potter,	May, 1764, to May, 1765.
Joseph Russell,	William Hall, Job. Bennet, Jr., Benoni Hall, Henry Harris,	May, 1765, to May, 1766.
Joseph Russell,	William Hall, Job Bennet, Benoni Hall, Gideon Comstock,	May, 1766, to June, 1767.
James Helme,	Job Bennet, Benoni Hall, Stephen Potter, Samuel Nightingale,	June, 1767, to May, 1768.
Joseph Russell,	Metcalf Bowler, Nathaniel Searle, Philip Greene, Samuel Nightingale,	May, 1768, to June, 1769.
James Helme,	Benoni Hall, Nathaniel Searle, Thomas Greene, Gideon Comstock,	June, 1769, to June, 1770.
Stephen Hopkins,	James Helme, Benoni Hall, Metcalf Bowler, Stephen Potter,	June, 1770, to May, 1773.
Stephen Hopkins,	James Helme, Metcalf Bowler, Stephen Potter, Job Bennet,	May, 1773, to May, 1774.
Stephen Hopkins,	Metcalf Bowler, William Greene, Joseph Russell, Job Bennet,	May, 1774, to Aug., 1776.
Metcalf Bowler,	William Greene, Shearjashub Bourn, Jabez Bowen, Thomas Wells,	Aug., 1776, to Feb., 1777.
William Greene,	Shearjashub Bourn, Jabez Bowen, Thomas Wells, Perez Richmond,	Feb., 1777, to May, 1778.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Shearjashub Bourn,	Thomas Wells, Paul Mumford, Stephen Potter, Christopher Lippitt,	May, 1778, to May, 1779.
Shearjashub Bourn,	Thomas Wells, Paul Mumford, Stephen Potter, Gideon Comstock,	May, 1779, to May, 1780.
Shearjashub Bourn, Jabez Bowen,[1]	William Ellery,[2] Paul Mumford, Peter Phillips, Rufus Hopkins,	May, 1780, to May, 1781. Elected in Sept., 1780.
Paul Mumford,	Gideon Comstock, Peter Phillips, Thomas Tillinghast, Ambrose Page,[3] Pardon Gray, David Howell,	May, 1781, to May, 1782.
Paul Mumford,	Peter Phillips, Thomas Tillinghast, Pardon Gray, Jonathan Jenckes,	May, 1782, to June, 1785.
William Ellery,	Peter Phillips, Thomas Tillinghast, Pardon Gray, Thomas Arnold,	June, 1785, to May, 1786.
Paul Mumford,	Joseph Hazard, Thomas Tillinghast, Gilbert Devol, David Howell,	May, 1786, to May, 1787.
Paul Mumford,	William West, Stephen Potter, Walter Cooke, John Waite,[4]	May, 1787, to June, 1788.
Othniel Gorton,	William West, Stephen Potter, Walter Cooke, Simeon Clarke, Jr.,	June, 1788, to May, 1790.
Othniel Gorton,	Daniel Owen, Sylvester Robinson. Walter Cooke, Ezekiel Gardner, Jr.,	May, 1790, to May, 1791.
Daniel Owen,	Sylvester Robinson, Walter Cooke, Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1791, to May, 1792.
Daniel Owen,	Carder Hazard, Walter Cooke, Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1792, to May, 1793.
Daniel Owen,	William Taggart, Walter Cooke, Ezekiel Gardner, Jr., Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1793, to May, 1794.

[1] Elected in February, 1781, in place of Shearjashub Bourn, deceased.

[2] Declined.

[3] Declined, and David Howell elected.

[4] Declined, and in September, Simeon Clarke, Jr., appointed.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Daniel Owen,	William Taggart, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Tillinghast,	May, 1794, to June, 1795.
Peleg Arnold,	Joseph Hoxsie, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Tillinghast,	June, 1795, to May, 1796.
Peleg Arnold,	George Brown, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Tillinghast,[1]	May, 1796, to May, 1798.
Peleg Arnold,	George Brown, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Holden,	May, 1798, to June, 1799.
Peleg Arnold,	Ezekiel Gardner, Walter Cooke, Joshua Bicknall, Thomas Holden,	June, 1799 to June, 1801.
Peleg Arnold,	John Allen, Walter Cooke, Joseph Reynolds, Henry Remington,	June, 1801, to May, 1808.
Peleg Arnold,	William Marchant, Walter Cooke, Joseph Reynolds, Benjamin Johnson,	May, 1808, to June, 1809.
Thomas Arnold,	William Marchant, William Anthony, Joseph Reynolds, Benjamin Johnson,	June, 1809, to May, 1810.
Peleg Arnold,	Jeffrey Hazard, Joseph Cundall, Joseph Reynolds, Thomas Westcott,	May, 1810, to May, 1811.
Peleg Arnold,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Benjamin Johnson,	May, 1811, to May, 1812.
Daniel Lyman,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Benjamin Johnson,	May, 1812, to May, 1814.
Daniel Lyman,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Charles Brayton,	May, 1814, to May, 1816.
James Burrill, Jr.,	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Charles Brayton,	May, 1816, to May, 1817.
Tristam Burges,[2]	Jeffrey Hazard, William Anthony, Joshua Bicknall, Charles Brayton,	May, 1817, to May, 1818.

[1] Resigned in December, 1797, and Thomas Holden elected in his place.

[2] Elected in June, 1817.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
James Fenner,[1]	Isaac Wilbour, Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, John D'Wolf,	May, 1818, to May, 1819.
Isaac Wilbour,	Thomas Buffum, Dutee Arnold,[2] Daniel Champlin, John DeWolf,	May, 1819, to June, 1822.
Isaac Wilbour,	Thomas Buffum, Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Luke Drury,	June, 1822, to May, 1823.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Luke Drury, Wheeler Martin,[3]	May, 1823, to May, 1824.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Samuel Randall, Isaac Fiske,	May, 1824, to June, 1825.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Samuel Randall, Nathan Brown,	June, 1825, to May, 1826.
Isaac Wilbour,	Henry Remington, Daniel Champlin, Samuel Randall, Samuel Eddy,[4]	May, 1826, to May, 1827.
Samuel Eddy,[5]	Charles Brayton, Samuel Randall,	May, 1827, to May, 1833.
Samuel Eddy,	Charles Brayton, Job Durfee,	May, 1833, to June, 1835.
Job Durfee,	Levi Haile, William R. Staples,	June, 1835 to June, 1843.
Job Durfee,[6]	Levi Haile, William R. Staples, George A. Brayton,	June, 1843, to May, 1848.
Richard W. Greene,[7]	Levi Haile,[8] William R. Staples, George A. Brayton,	May, 1848, to Nov., 1854.
William R. Staples,[9]	George A. Brayton, Alfred Bosworth, Sylvester G. Shearman,	Nov., 1854, to Mar. 7, 1856.
Samuel Ames,[10]	George A. Brayton, Alfred Bosworth,[11] Sylvester G. Shearman,	1856 to 1862.

[1] Declined and Asa Messer elected June, 1818.
[2] Elected in June, 1819.
[3] Elected in June, 1823.
[4] Stephen Branch elected in place of Samuel Eddy, in June, 1826.
[5] In January, 1827, a law was passed providing for the election of three Judges, one Chief and two Associates.
[6] In June, 1843, a law was passed providing that the Supreme Court should consist of one Chief and three Associate Justices.
[7] Resigned June 14, 1854.
[8] Died July 14, 1854.
[9] Resigned March 7, 1856.
[10] Sworn in August 11, 1856.
[11] Died June 10, 1862.

CHIEF.	ASSOCIATES.	DATE.
Samuel Ames,	George A. Brayton, J. Russell Bullock,[1] Sylvester G. Shearman,	1862 to 1865.
Samuel Ames,[2]	George A. Brayton, Thomas Durfee, Sylvester G. Shearman,	May, 1865, to May, 1866. (Elected June 15, 1865.)
Charles S. Bradley,[3]	George A. Brayton, Thomas Durfee, Sylvester G. Shearman,[4]	1866 to March, 1868.
George A. Brayton,[5]	Thomas Durfee, Walter S. Burgess, Elisha R. Potter,	March 13, 1868, to 1875. (Elected Jan. 24, 1868.) (Elected Mar. 16, 1868.)
Thomas Durfee,	Walter S. Burgess,[6] Elisha R. Potter, Charles Matteson, John H. Stiness,	Jan., 1875, to June, 1881. (Elected Feb. 11, 1875.) (Elected April 13, 1875.)
Thomas Durfee,	Elisha R. Potter,[7] Charles Matteson, John H. Stiness, Pardon E. Tillinghast,	June, 1881, to 1882. (Elected June 2, 1881.)
Thomas Durfee,	Charles Matteson, John H. Stiness, Pardon E. Tillinghast, George M. Carpenter,[8]	Apr.,1882, to Jan.1,1885. (Elected April 20, 1882.)
Thomas Durfee,	Charles Matteson, John H. Stiness, Pardon E. Tillinghast, George A. Wilbur,	January, 1885, to (Elected Jan. 29, 1885.)

[1] Sworn in September 7, 1862; resigned March 1, 1864.

[2] Died December 20, 1865.

[3] Elected February 7, 1866, and resigned March 1, 1868. Geo. A. Brayton elected Chief Justice, March 13, 1868.

[4] Died January 3, 1868.

[5] Resigned May 28, 1874. George H. Browne elected Chief Justice June 23, 1874, but declined to accept. Thomas Durfee elected Chief Justice, January 28, 1875. April 9, 1875, an act was passed providing for four Associate Justices.

[6] Resigned June 1, 1881.

[7] Died April 10, 1882.

[8] Resigned January 1, 1885.

Present Organization of the Courts.

SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice.—Thomas Durfee, of Providence.

Associate Justices.—Charles Matteson, of Providence; John H. Stiness, of Providence; Pardon E. Tillinghast, of Pawtucket; George A. Wilbur, of Woonsocket.

Attorney General.—Ziba O. Slocum, of Providence.

Assistant Attorney General.—Clarence A. Aldrich, of Providence.

Reporter.—Arnold Green, of Providence.

Masters in Chancery.—Francis B. Peckham, William Gilpin, and Darius Baker, all of Newport; Thomas C. Greene, Samuel W. Peckham, Rollin Mathewson, Claudius B. Farnsworth, Amasa M. Eaton, Lorin M. Cook, J. C. B. Woods, Herbert Almy, Horatio Rogers and John F. Lonsdale, all of Providence; William H. Clapp, of Pawtucket; Alfred B. Chadsey, of North Kingstown; George H. Olney, of Hopkinton; John G. Clarke, and Benjamin W. Case, all of South Kingstown.

Clerks.—For Newport County: Charles E. Harvey, of Newport. *Assistant Clerk.*—Sadie A. Harvey, of Newport.

For Providence County: Charles Blake, of Providence. *Assistant Clerk.*—Caleb A. Burbank, of Providence.

For Washington County: Benjamin W. Case, of South Kingstown. (P. O. Address, Wakefield, R. I.) *Deputies.*—Charles S. Aldrich, of Kingston, and William Hoxsey, of Westerly.

For Bristol County: Lyman B. Bosworth, of Bristol.

For Kent County: Henry A. Thomas, of East Greenwich.

Sheriffs.—For Newport County: Benjamin Easton, Jr., of Newport. *Deputy.*—Wm. Lovie Tilley, of Newport. *Jailer.*—Benjamin Easton, Jr.

For Providence County: Walter C. Smith, of Providence. *Deputies.*—J. Aborn Gardiner, Albert C. Johnson, James S. McCabe, Charles E. Chaffee, Edgar S. Thayer, all of Providence; Jason E. Lawrence and Carlos L. Rogers, of Pawtucket; Samuel E. Gardiner, Walter S. Brownell, William A. Carroll, and Truman Blanchard, of Johnston; Osmond C. Goodell, of East Providence; Alfred B. Church, and Jefferson Aldrich, of Woonsocket; Oliver A. Inman, of Burrillville; Graham Cowperthwaite, of Central Falls; Jeremiah Powers, of Berkeley; Barton A. Cook, of Cumberland Hill; Israel Stott, of Manville; Frank C. Viall, of Cranston, (at State Prison); John A. Staples, of Glocester; George A. Atwood, of Scituate.

For Washington County: Edward G. Cundall, of Hopkinton. (P. O. Address, Westerly.)

Deputy Sheriff and Jailer.—Arthur W. Brown, of Kingston.

For Bristol County: John B. Pearce, of Warren. *Deputy.*—(No deputies) *Jailer.*—John S. Ingraham, of Bristol.

For Kent County: Amasa Sprague, of Coweset. *Deputy.*—Michael B. Lynch, of Apponaug. *Jailer.*—Amasa Sprague, of Coweset.

Terms of the Supreme Court.—At Newport, for Newport County, on the fourth Monday in March, and on the fourth Monday in September.

At Providence, for Providence County, on the first Monday in April, and first Monday in October.

At East Greenwich, for Kent County, on the second Monday in March, and the second Monday in September.

At South Kingstown, for Washington County, on the third Monday in March, and third Monday in Sep-

tember, with adjournments to Westerly at the convenience of the court.

At Bristol, for Bristol County, on the first Monday in March, and first Monday in September.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Judges.—Pardon E. Tillinghast, and George A. Wilbur.

Clerks.—For Newport County: Charles E. Harvey, of Newport. *Assistant Clerk.*—Sadie A. Harvey, of Newport.

For Providence County: George E. Webster, of East Providence. *Assistant Clerk.*—William M. P. Bowen, of Providence.

For Washington County: Benjamin W. Case, of South Kingstown. (P. O. Address, Wakefield, R. I.)

Deputies.—Charles S. Aldrich, of Kingston, and William Hoxsey, of Westerly.

For Bristol County: Lyman B. Bosworth, of Bristol.

For Kent County: Henry A. Thomas, of East Greenwich.

Terms of the Court of Common Pleas.—At Newport, for Newport County, on the third Mondays in May and November.

At Providence, for Providence County, on the first Mondays in March, June, September, and December.

At East Greenwich, for Kent County, on the second Mondays in April and October.

At South Kingstown, for Washington County, on the second Monday in May, and first Monday in November, with adjournments to Westerly at the convenience of the court.

At Bristol, for Bristol County, on the first Monday in May, and last Monday in October.

Librarian of State Law Library.—J. Harry Bongartz, of East Providence.

COURTS OF PROBATE OF THE SEVERAL TOWNS.

[In towns, other than those here named, the Town Council is the Court of Probate and the Town Clerk is *ex-officio*, Probate Clerk.]

NEWPORT.—*Judge*, Darius Baker; *Clerk*, Edwin S. Burdick.

PROVIDENCE.—*Judge*, Joseph E. Spink; *Clerk*, Edward Field, 2d.

PAWTUCKET.—*Judge*, William W. Blodgett; *Clerk*, Alden W. Sibley.

EAST PROVIDENCE.—*Judge*, Alfred A. White, (P. O. Riverside.) *Clerk*, Thomas A. Sweetland, (P. O. East Providence)

CRANSTON.—*Judge*, Jonathan M. Wheeler, (P. O. Pawtuxet.) *Clerk*, Daniel D. Waterman, (P. O. Cranston Print Works.)

BRISTOL.— *Judge*, William H. Spooner; *Clerk*, Herbert F. Bennett, Woonsocket.

POLICE COURT OF THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

(Elected by the City Council.)

Elias M. Jenckes and Joseph S. G. Cobb, *Justices*.

(Meets daily at 8 A. M., at Central Police Station.)

DISTRICT COURTS.

(Established by Chapter 597 of the Public Laws, passed May 27, 1886.)

The justices and clerks hold their offices for the term of three years from July 1, 1889, unless otherwise stated.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*County of Newport*).

The Court meets at the Police Station, Newport, daily at 9 A. M., for arraignment of prisoners and disposal of cases, where no trials are had; on Tuesdays and Fridays at the State House at 10 A. M., for both civil and

criminal business. Civil cases are made returnable on those days; and criminal cases to be tried are continued for trial to one of those days. Court meets at the Town Hall in Tiverton, at 9 A. M., each Thursday, for any business properly coming before it.

Justice.—Darius Baker, of Newport.

Clerk —Henry N. Ward, of Newport.

Justices of the Peace, authorized to take bail and issue warrants, (pursuant to sec. 34, chap. 598, of the Public Laws): James G. Topham, Newport; Asa B. Anthony, Portsmouth; Thomas H. Clarke, Jamestown; Perry G. Lawton, Tiverton.

Second Judicial District.

(*Towns of South Kingstown, North Kingstown and Exeter.*)

Meets at Town House, Wakefield, South Kingstown, Mondays at 10 A. M., Town House, Wickford, North Kingstown, Thursdays at 10 A. M., Town Hall, Pine Hill, Exeter, first and third Wednesdays, at 10 A. M.

Justice.—Nathan B. Lewis, of North Kingstown, (P. O. Wickford.)

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Albert F. Ellsworth, North Kingstown, (P. O. Allenton); Frank G. Ferry, South Kingstown, (P. O. Wakefield); James O. Chandler, District of Narragansett, (P. O. Narragansett Pier).

Third Judicial District.

(*Towns of Westerly, Hopkinton, Charlestown and Richmond*).

Meets at Town Hall, Westerly, Fridays at 9 A. M. District Court Hall, Hope Valley, for Hopkinton, second and fourth Thursdays at 9 A. M. Library Hall, Shannock, for Richmond, fourth Wednesday at 9 A. M. Hoxsie's Hall, Shannock, for Charlestown, fourth Saturday at 9 A. M.

Justice.—Henry Whipple, of Westerly.

Assistant Justice —William Hoxsey, of Westerly.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—George H. Olney, Hopkinton; Wm. Hoxsey, Westerly.

Fourth Judicial District.

(County of Kent).

Meets at Town House, Apponaug, Warwick, Tuesdays at 10 A. M. Court House, East Greenwich, Thursdays at 10 A. M. Town House, Coventry Centre, Coventry, second and fourth Saturdays at 10 A. M. Noose Neck Hill, West Greenwich, third Saturday at 10 A. M.

Justice.—Eugene F. Warner, of Coventry, (P. O. Anthony).

Clerk.—Thomas J. Tilley, East Greenwich, elected May 30, 1888, for three years.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—John A. Bates, West Greenwich, (P. O. West Greenwich Centre); Everett A. Round, Coventry, (P. O. Anthony); James T. Lockwood, Warwick, (P. O. Apponaug); Thomas J. Tilley, East Greenwich.

Fifth Judicial District.

(County of Bristol).

Meets at Court House, Bristol, Mondays at 9 A. M. Town Hall, Warren, Thursdays at 9 A. M.

Justice.—Benjamin F. Bosworth, of Warren.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Lewis T. Fisher, Barrington Centre; Frederick A. Warner, Bristol; Charles B. Mason, Warren.

Sixth Judicial District.

(City of Providence and Town of North Providence).

Meets at Central Police Station, Providence, daily at 9 A. M. Return days for civil cases Mondays and Thursdays.

Justice.—Stephen A. Cooke, Jr.,* of Providence.

Clerk.—Wm. H. Sweetland, of Providence.

* Elected May 30, 1888, for three years.

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Gardner G. Clarke, of North Providence, (P. O. Centredale)

SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Town of East Providence*).

Meets at District Court Room daily at 9 A. M. Return day for civil cases Friday, at 2.30 P. M.

Justice.—George N. Bliss, of East Providence.

Assistant Justice.—Samuel H. Allen, of East Providence.

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Samuel H. Allen, of East Providence.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Towns of Cranston, Johnston, Scituate and Foster*).

Meets at Police Station, Cranston, Wednesdays at 9 A. M. Watermans Block, Olneyville, for the town of Johnston, Mondays at 9 A. M. Town Clerk's Office, Foster, second Saturday in each month at 9 A. M. Town Clerk's Office, Scituate, third Saturday in each month at 9 A. M.

Justice —Clarke H. Johnson, of Foster, (P. O. Providence).

Clerk.—William A. Phillips, of Johnston, (P. O. Olneyville). Elected May 30, 1888, for three years.

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Stanton J. Smith, Johnston; Daniel H. Remington, Scituate; Alexander Cameron, Foster.

NINTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Towns of Burrillville, Glocester and Smithfield*).

Meets at District Court Room, Burrillville, Saturdays at 11 A. M. Town Clerk's Office, Chepachet, Glocester, Wednesdays at 11 A. M. District Court Room, Georgiaville, Smithfield, Thursdays, at 11 A. M.

Justice —James Harris, of Smithfield, (P. O. Georgiaville).

Assistant Justice.—Allen T. Smith, of Burrillville, (P. O. Oakland).

Justices of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Allen T. Smith, Burrillville; Charles W. Farnum, Glocester.

TENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*City of Pawtucket.*)

Meets at Police Station daily at 9 A. M., for criminal business. Return days for civil cases Tuesdays and Fridays.

Justice.—Isaac Shove, of Pawtucket.

Clerk.—Edward W. Blodgett, of Pawtucket.

ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

(*Towns of Lincoln and Cumberland*).

Meets at District Court Room, Central Falls, Lincoln, daily at 9 A. M., for criminal business. Return day for civil cases at Lincoln, Saturday. Return day for civil cases at Cumberland, Wednesday.

Justice.—Frederick N. Goff, of Lincoln, (P. O. Central Falls).

Clerk.—Horace A. Follett, of Cumberland, (P. O. Valley Falls).

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Wm. Duane Aldrich, Lincoln.

TWELFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

City of Woonsocket and Town of North Smithfield).

Meets at District Court Room, Woonsocket, daily for criminal business at 9 A. M. Return days for civil cases Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Justice.—Charles F. Ballou, of Woonsocket.

Clerk.—Charles M. Arnold, of Woonsocket.

Justice of the Peace authorized to take bail and issue warrants.—Charles S. Seagrave, North Smithfield.

Penal and Reformatory Institutions, etc.

STATE CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

[For members of the Board of State Charities and Corrections, see page 128]

Agent of State Charities and Corrections.—George W. Wightman, Providence.

Superintendent of the State Institutions in Cranston.—James H. Eastman.

Warden of the State Prison.—Nelson Viall.

Chaplain of the State Institutions.—Rev. James H. Nutting.

Physician of the State Institutions —George F. Keene, M. D.

Asst. Physician of the State Institutions.—Wm. J. McCaw, M. D.

Deputy Superintendent of the Workhouse and House of Correction.—Richmond J. Stone.

Superintendent of the Asylum for the Insane.—George F. Keene, M. D.

Deputy Superintendent of the Almshouse. — George H. Fletcher.

Superintendent of the Sockanosset School for Boys —Franklin H. Nibecker.

Snperintendent of the Oaklawn School for Girls.—Mrs. R. S. Butterworth.

The regular meetings of the Board are held on the first and third Fridays of each month.

Office of the Board No. 104 North Main Street, Room No. 4, Providence.

Post-office address of the State Institutions: Howard, R. I.

THE STATE INSTITUTIONS IN CRANSTON.

These Institutions are situated upon what is known as the State Farm, a tract of land of about five hundred and thirty acres in the town of Cranston, and about seven miles from the city of Providence. The Pawtuxet Valley Branch of the Stonington railroad passes through the State land. Five trains daily, each way, stop near the institutions.

The State Institutions in Cranston comprise, at present, the State Workhouse and House of Correction, the State Asylum for the Incurable Insane, the State Almshouse, the State Prison and Providence County Jail, the Sockanosset School for Boys and the Oaklawn School for Girls. The two latter institutions are departments of the State Reform School.

The oversight, management and control of the State Institutions in Cranston are vested in the Board of State Charities and Corrections.

STATISTICS OF THE STATE INSTITUTIONS.

The number of inmates at the several institutions, September 30, 1889, was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
State Workhouse and House of Correction	153	67	220
State Asylum for the Insane	239	267	506
State Almshouse, (including 14 boys and 24 girls)	121	116	237
State Prison	135	4*	139
Providence County Jail	213	19*	232
State Reform School	211	40	251
Totals	1,072	513	1,585

*The female convicts are in the Workhouse and House of Correction for want of suitable accommodations in the Prison and Jail.

NEWSPAPERS IN THE STATE WHICH PUBLISH THE STATE LAWS.

Newport.—The Mercury, the Daily News, the Newport Journal, the Newport Enterprise, and the Newport Observer.
Providence.—The Daily Journal, Evening Bulletin, Manufacturers' and Farmers' Journal, R. I. Country Journal, the Evening Telegram, the Providence Visitor, the R. I. Democrat, Providence Herald, The Tiden.
Bristol.—The Bristol Phenix.
Central Falls.—The Weekly Visitor.
Cranston.—Cranston Leader.
East Greenwich.—The Rhode Island Pendulum.
East Providence.—The East Providence Record.
Hope Valley.—The Sentinel—Advertiser.
Narragansett Pier.—The Narragansett Herald.
Olneyville.—Olneyville Times.
Pascoag.—The Burrillville Gazette.
Pawtucket.—The Gazette and Chronicle, The Evening Times, The Pawtucket Record, the Evening Tribune.
Phenix.—The Pawtuxet Valley Gleaner.
Wakefield.—The Narragansett Times.
Warren.—The Warren Gazette.
Westerly.—The Narragansett Weekly, The Westerly Journal, and the Westerly Tribune.
Wickford.—Wickford Standard.
Woonsocket.—The Patriot, the Evening Reporter.

POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

(Money Order offices are marked*) (All offices are "Special Delivery.")

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
Abbot Run	Cumberland	Providence.
Adamsville	Little Compton	Newport.
Albion	Lincoln	Providence.
Allenton	North Kingstown	Washington.
Anthony	Coventry	Kent.
Apponaug	Warwick	"
Arcadia	Richmond	Washington.
Arnold's Mills	Cumberland	Providence.
*Ashaway	Hopkinton	Washington.
Ashton	Cumberland	Providence.
Auburn	Cranston	"
Barrington	Barrington	Bristol.
Barrington Centre	"	"
Block Island	New Shoreham	Newport.
*Bristol	Bristol	Bristol.
Bristol Ferry	Portsmouth	Newport.
Burnside	South Kingstown	Washington.
Burrillville	Burrillville	Providence.
Buttonwoods	Warwick	Kent.
Carolina	Richmond	Washington.
*Central Falls	Lincoln	Providence.
Centredale	North Providence	"
*Centerville	Warwick	Kent.
Charlestown	Charlestown	Washington.
Chepachet	Glocester	Providence.
Chopmist	Scituate	"
Coventry	Coventry	Kent.
Cowesett	Warwick	"
Cranston Print Works	Cranston	Providence.
Crompton	Warwick	Kent.
Cumberland Hill	Cumberland	Providence.
Davisville	North Kingstown	Washington.
Diamond Hill	Cumberland	Providence.
Drownville	Barrington	Bristol.
*East Greenwich	East Greenwich	Kent.
East Providence	East Providence	Providence.
East Providence Centre	"	"
Enfield	Smithfield	"
Escoheag	West Greenwich	Kent.
Exeter	Exeter	Washington.
Fiskeville	Cranston	Providence.
Foster	Foster	"
Foster Centre	"	"
Georgiaville	Smithfield	"
Glendale	Burrillville	"
Gould	South Kingstown	Washington.
Greene	Coventry	Kent.
*Greenville	Smithfield	Providence.
Hamilton	North Kingstown	Washington.
Harmony	Glocester	Providence.
Hill's Grove	Warwick	Kent.
Hope	Scituate	Providence.
*Hope Valley	Hopkinton	Washington.
Hopkinton	"	"
Howard	Cranston	Providence.
Hughesdale	Johnston	"
Jamestown	Jamestown	Newport.
Kent	Scituate	Providence.

POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND—Continued.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
Kenyon	Richmond	Washington.
*Kingston	South Kingstown	"
LaFayette	North Kingstown	"
Liberty	Exeter	"
Lime Rock	Lincoln	Providence.
*Little Compton	Little Compton	Newport.
*Lonsdale	Lincoln	Providence.
Manton	Providence	"
Manville	Lincoln	"
Mapleville	Burrillville	"
Matunuck	South Kingstown	Washington.
Moosup Valley	Foster	Providence.
Narragansett	South Kingstown	Washington.
Narragansett Pier	" "	"
Nasonville	Burrillville	Providence.
Natick	Warwick	Kent.
Nayatt Point	Barrington	Bristol.
*Newport	Newport	Newport.
Niantic	Westerly	Washington.
Nooseneck Hill	West Greenwich	Kent.
North Scituate	Scituate	Providence.
North Tiverton	Tiverton	Newport.
Norwood	Warwick	Kent.
Oak Lawn	Cranston	Providence.
Ocean View	Westerly	Washington.
*Olneyville	Johnston	Providence.
*Pascoag	Burrillville	"
*Pawtucket	Pawtucket	"
Pawtuxet	Cranston	"
Peace Dale	South Kingstown	Washington.
Perryville	" "	"
*Phenix	Warwick	Kent.
Pine Hill	Exeter	Washington.
Point Judith	South Kingstown	"
Pontiac	Warwick	Kent.
Portsmouth	Portsmouth	Newport.
Potter Hill	Westerly	Washington.
Quonochontaug	Charlestown	"
*Providence	Providence	Providence.
River Point	Warwick	Kent.
Riverside	East Providence	Providence.
Rockland	Scituate	"
Rockville	Hopkinton	Washington.
Rocky Brook	South Kingstown	"
Rumford	East Providence	Providence.
Saylesville	Lincoln	"
*Shannock	Richmond	Washington.
*Slatersville	North Smithfield	Providence.
Slocumville	North Kingstown	Washington.
Smithfield	Smithfield	Providence.
South Foster	Foster	"
South Portsmouth	Portsmouth	Newport.
South Scituate	Scituate	Providence.
Stillwater	Smithfield	"
Summit	Coventry	Kent.
Tiverton	Tiverton	Newport.
Tiverton Four Corners	"	"
Usquepaugh	Richmond	Washington.
Valley Falls	Cumberland	Providence.

POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.—Continued.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
*Wakefield	South Kingstown	Washington.
*Warren	Warren	Bristol.
Warwick	Warwick	Kent.
Washington	Coventry	"
Watch Hill	Westerly	Washington.
*Westerly	"	"
West Glocester	Glocester	Providence.
West Greenwich Centre	West Greenwich	Kent.
West Kingston	South Kingstown	Washington.
White Rock	Westerly	"
*Wickford	North Kingstown	"
Wood River Junction	Richmond	"
Woodville	Hopkinton	"
*Woonsocket	Woonsocket	Providence.
Wyoming	Richmond	Washington.

MEMBERS OF THE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Jonathan Arnold, of Providence.....1782 to 1784.
Peleg Arnold, of Smithfield.....1787 to 1789.
John Collins, of Newport.....1778 to 1783.
Ezekiel Cornell, of Scituate.....1780 to 1783.
William Ellery, of Newport.....1776 to 1781; 1783 to 1785.
Jonathan J. Hazard, of South Kingstown.....1787 to 1789.
Stephen Hopkins, of Providence.....1774 to 1780.
David Howell, of Providence.....1782 to 1785.
James Manning, of Providence.....1785 to 1786.
Henry Marchant, of Newport.....1777 to 1780; 1783 to 1784.
Nathan Miller, of Warren.....1785 to 1786.
Daniel Mowry of Smithfield.....1780 to 1782.
James M. Varnum, E. Greenwich, 1780 to 1782; 1786 to 1787.
Samuel Ward*, of Westerly.....1774 to 1776.
John Gardner, of Newport.....1788 to 1789.
William Bradford,† of Bristol.....October, 1776.
John Brown,† of Providence.....1784 and 1785.
George Champlin,† of Newport.....1785 and 1786.
Paul Mumford,† of Newport.....1785.
Peter Phillips,† of North Kingstown.....1785.
Sylvester Gardner,† of North Kingstown.....1787.
Thomas Holden,† of Warwick.....1788 and 1789.

* Died in Philadelphia, March 25, 1776, while attending a session of Congress.

† Duly elected, but their names are not in the Journals of Congress.

SENATORS IN CONGRESS

FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Joseph Stanton, Jr., of Charlestown, June 25, 1790, to Mar. 1793.
Theodore Foster, of Providence, June 25, 1790, to Mar., 1803.
William Bradford, of Bristol .....Mar , 1793, to Oct., 1797.*
Ray Greene, of Providence.....Nov. 22, 1797, to May, 1801.*
Christopher Ellery, of Newport...May, 1801, to Mar. 3, 1805.
Samuel J. Potter, of S. Kingstown, Mar., 1803, to Oct. 29, 1804.†
Benjamin Howland, of Tiverton ...Oct., 1804 to Mar., 1809.
James Fenner, of Providence.....Mar., 1805, to Oct., 1807.*
Elisha Mathewson, of Scituate..Nov. 20, 1807, to Mar., 1811.*
Francis Malbone, of Newport...Mar., 1809, to June 4, 1809 †
Christopher G. Champlin, of Newport, June, 1809, to Oct., 1811.*
Jeremiah B. Howell, of Providence, Mar., 1811, to Mar., 1817.
William Hunter, of Newport.....Oct., 1811, to Mar., 1821.
James Burrill, Jr., of Providence, Mar., 1817, to Dec. 25, 1820.†
Nehemiah R. Knight, of Providence, Jan. 9, 1821, to Mar., 1841.
James DeWolf, of Bristol.....Mar., 1821, to Oct. 31, 1825.*
Asher Robbins, of Newport.....Dec. 5, 1825, to Mar., 1839.
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly,..Mar., 1839, to Jan. 29, 1842.†
James F. Simmons, of Johnston...Mar., 1841, to Mar., 1847.
William Sprague, of Warwick, Feb. 18, 1842, to Jan. 17, 1844.*
John Brown Francis, of Warwick.....Feb. 7, 1844, to 1845.
Albert C. Greene, of Providence.....1845 to 1851.
John H. Clarke, of Providence.....1847 to 1853.
Charles T. James, of Providence.....1851 to 1857.
Philip Allen, of Providence .....1853 to 1859.
James F. Simmons, of Johnston .....1857 to August, 1862.*
Samuel G. Arnold, of Middletown.. ...Sept 5, 1862, to 1863.
William Sprague, of Providence .....1863 to 1875.
Henry B. Anthony, of Providence.....1859 to Sept. 2, 1884 †
Ambrose E. Burnside, of Bristol .....1875 to Sept. 13, 1881.†
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Providence, Oct. 5, 1881 to
William P. Sheffield, of Newport, Nov. 19, 1884, to Jan 21, 1885.
Jonathan Chace, of Lincoln,....Jan. 26, 1885, to Mar., 1889.*
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly...April 10, 1889, to

* Resigned. † Died in Office.

NOTES AND STATISTICS FROM THE JOURNALS OF PROCEEDINGS RELATIVE TO THE ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM RHODE ISLAND.

June,	1790.	Theodore Foster and Joseph Stanton, Jr., elected in Grand Committee. (No vote given.) They took their seats in the Senate on the 25th of June. "In drawing lots for their respective classes, Mr. Stanton drew that for four years, and Mr. Foster that for two years, from March 4, 1789."
October 30,	1790.	Theodore Foster elected for six years from third of March ensuing. (No vote given.)
November 3,	1792.	William Bradford elected in Grand Committee. (No vote given.)
November 5,	1796.	Theodore Foster elected for six years from 3d of March ensuing. (No vote given.)
October 28,	1797.	Ray Greene elected in room of William Bradford, resigned. (No vote given.)
November 1,	1798.	Ray Greene elected unanimously for six years "next ensuing the third of March next."
May 9,	1801.	Christopher Ellery elected in room of Ray Greene, resigned. (No vote given.)
October 30,	1802.	Samuel J. Potter elected for six years, commencing the 4th of March ensuing. (No vote given.)
November 3,	1804.	James Fenner elected by a majority of 16 votes over Christopher Ellery for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.
		Benjamin Howland elected in place of Samuel J. Potter, deceased, by majority of 2 votes over Asher Robbins.

October 30, 1807. Elisha Mathewson elected in room of Gov. James Fenner, resigned. (No vote given.)

November 5, 1808. Francis Malbone elected for six years, commencing the 4th of March, ensuing. (No vote given.)

June 30, 1809. Christopher Grant Champlin elected unanimously in place of Francis Malbone, deceased.

November 2, 1810. Jeremiah B. Howell elected for six years, commencing on the fourth of March ensuing.
Jeremiah B. Howell .....42 votes.
James Burrill, Jr .....41 "
The Journal says: "His Excellency the Governor having voted in the first instance as one of the committee and not having the casting vote as presiding officer."

October 30, 1811. William Hunter elected unanimously in place of Christopher G. Champlin, resigned.

November 4, 1814. William Hunter elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing. (No vote given.)

June 21, 1816. James Burrill, Jr., elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

February 19, 1817. James Burrill, Jr., elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing. (No vote given) Mr. Burrill had declined to accept the preceding appointment, doubts having arisen as to the constitutionality of that election. (For his letter of declination, see Acts and Resolves, February Session, 1817, page 4)

November 4, 1820. Vote in Grand Committee for Senator:

James DeWolf..... 20
William Hunter..... 17
——— Champlin..... 1
Blanks 15

James DeWolf declared elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

January 9, 1821. Nehemiah R. Knight elected unanimously for unexpired term of James Burrill, Jr., deceased, (ending March 3, 1823.)

January 17, 1823. Vote in Grand Committee:

1st Ballot.

Nehemiah R. Knight..... 39
Elisha R. Potter..... 37
William C. Gibbs 1
Samuel W. Bridgham..... 1
William Valentine..... 1

2d Ballot.

Nehemiah R. Knight..... 40
Elisha R. Potter..... 39

Nehemiah R. Knight elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

November 5, 1825. Vote in Grand Committee:

Asher Robbins..... ... 43
Elisha R. Potter..... 36
Scattering..... 2

Asher Robbins elected in place of James DeWolf, resigned.

November 2, 1826. Asher Robbins elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

October 31, 1828. Nehemiah R. Knight elected unanimously for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

January 19, 1833. Vote in Grand Committee:

Asher Robbins 41
Elisha R. Potter.....25
Dutee J. Pearce 12
—78

and Asher Robbins was declared elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

By act passed at the October Session, 1833, the foregoing election was declared null and void and the office declared vacant. (See Acts and Resolves, October Session, 1833, p. 37.)

November 1, 1833. In Grand Committee Elisha R. Potter was declared elected U. S. Senator for six years from the 4th of March preceding. (Elisha R. Potter received the unanimous vote of those voting; the opposition refusing to vote.) "Protest offered by Mr. Cranston, &c, before proceeding to election, read and laid on table, called up, debated and ordered not to be received. 29 for, 48 against." (Journal Proceedings)

The seat was contested, and Mr. Robbins finally declared entitled thereto. (See Senate Journal, 1st Session 23d Congress, 1833–34, p. 285.)

For majority report of committee and documents, see Senate Documents (same Congress,) Vol. 2, No. 139.

For minority report of committee, etc., see same, Vol. 3, No. 246.

May 13, 1835.	Nehemiah R. Knight elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March preceding. The vote was:
	Nehemiah R. Knight 41
	Elisha R. Potter.. 38
November 3, 1838. (Saturday.)	Vote in Grand Committee:
	Whole number of votes for U. S. Senator 82
	Necessary for choice..... 42
	Nathan F. Dixon..... 54
	Benjamin B. Thurston..... 26
	Albert C. Greene..... 1
	Dutee J. Pearce..... 1
	Nathan F. Dixon elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.
October 29, 1840.	Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:
	James F. Simmons..... 55
	Samuel Y. Atwell 24
	Tristam Burges..... 2
	James F. Simmons elected for six years, from 4th of March ensuing.

NOTE.—At the preceding January Session, (*i. e.* January 21st and 22d 1835,) twenty ballots were taken for election of Senator without choice.

The first of these ballots resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes.....	82
Necessary for choice.....	42
Albert C. Greene....	39
Elisha R. Potter.....	30
William Sprague, Jr.....	11
Tristam Burges.....	1
Nehemiah R. Knight.....	1

The twentieth ballot resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes.....	82
Necessary for choice.....	42
Albert C. Greene.....	40
Elisha R. Potter.....	29
William Sprague, Jr.....	12
Nehemiah R. Knight.....	1

February 5, 1842. (Saturday.)
(On *third* ballot for U. S. Senator.)
Whole number of votes 80
Necessary for choice..... 41
William Sprague 44
Lemuel H. Arnold..... 24
——— Potter..... 9
John H. Clarke..... 2
——— Cranston..... 1
and William Sprague was elected for the unexpired term of Nathan F. Dixon, deceased.

January 25, 1844.
Whole number of votes for U. S. Senator..... 93
Necessary for choice..... 47
John Brown Francis 67
Christopher Spencer..... 26
and John Brown Francis was elected for the unexpired term of William Sprague, resigned.

January 15, 1845.
Vote on second ballot for U. S. Senator:
Albert C. Greene 52
Lemuel H. Arnold..... 25
John H. Clarke 4
Olney Ballou..... 18
S. F. Man..... 1
—100
and Albert C. Greene was elected for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

October 29, 1846.
Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:
John H. Clarke..... 59
Thomas W. Dorr..... ... 34
Charles Jackson..... 1
Daniel W. Coggeshall..... 1
William French 1
Field Burgess..... 1
Job Durfee..... ... 1
— 98

and John H. Clarke was elected for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

January 30, 1851. In Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:
Vote on the eighth ballot:
Whole number of votes..... 99
Necessary for choice 50
Charles T. James..... 50
John Whipple..... 20
James F. Simmons..... 19
Alfred Bosworth 9
Geo. A. Brayton..... ... 1
and Charles T. James was elected for six years commencing March 4, 1851.

May 4, 1853. Gov. Philip Allen elected U. S. Senator "by vote *viva voce, Nem. con.*" for six years, commencing March 4, 1853.

(NOTE.—At the preceding January Session (Feb. 1, 1853,) the Senate refused to join the House in Grand Committee for the purpose of electing U. S. Senator.)

January 9, 1857. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

Whole number of votes..... 90
Necessary for choice..... ... 46
James F. Simmons..... 63
Charles Jackson..... ... 21
Henry B. Anthony 3
William W. Hoppin..... 1
Thos. A. Jenckes..... 1
Alfred Anthony..... 1
The vote of each house was:

Senate.

James F. Simmons..... 20
Charles Jackson..... 7
Henry B. Anthony..... 1
— 28

House of Representatives.

James F. Simmons..... 43
Charles Jackson.. 14
Henry B. Anthony..... 2
William W. Hoppin.... 1
Thomas A. Jenckes..... 1
Alfred Anthony..... 1
— 62
90

James F. Simmons was elected for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

May 28, 1858. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Henry B. Anthony..... 92
George H. Browne..... 7
Elisha Dyer..... 1
—100

The vote of each house was:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony... 30
George H. Browne..... 2
— 32

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony..... 62
George H. Browne..... 5
Elisha Dyer..... 1
— 68
100

and Henry B. Anthony was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

May 28, 1862. In Grand Committee, whole number of votes for U. S. Senator.....103
Necessary for choice..... 52
William Sprague. 92
James F. Simmons..... 5
Nathan F. Dixon..... ... 1
Thomas G. Turner..... 1

and William Sprague was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

September 5, 1862. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

Samuel G. Arnold	71
Nathan F. Dixon	7
Thomas G. Turner	1
Elisha Dyer, Jr.	1
Moses B. Lockwood	1
	—81

and Samuel G. Arnold was elected to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Jas F. Simmons, (*i. e.* till March 4, 1863.)

June 1, 1864. Vote in Grand Committee for U. S. Senator:

Henry B. Anthony	75
George H. Browne	26
James Y. Smith	1
Thomas Davis	1
	—103

The vote in each house was:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony	23
George H. Browne	9
James Y. Smith	1
	— 33

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony	52
George H. Browne	17
Thomas Davis	1
	— 70
	103

June 9, 1868. Vote in separate houses for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

William Sprague	33

House of Representatives.

William Sprague	65
	— 98

(On the following day, formal declaration was made of the election of William Sprague as U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing)

June 14, 1870. Vote in separate houses for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony	22
Charles S. Bradley	7
James Y. Smith	2
Thomas Davis	1
	— 32

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony	53
Charles S. Bradley	15
James Y. Smith	2
	— 70

(On the following day formal declaration was made of the election of Henry B. Anthony as U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

January 26, 1875. Vote in Joint Assembly (28th ballot):

Ambrose E. Burnside	62
Amos C. Barstow	16
George H. Browne	12
William P. Sheffield	6
Charles Hart	3
Horace Babcock	2
Henry Howard	2
Charles C. Van Zandt	1
	—104

and Ambrose E. Burnside was elected for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.

June 13, 1876. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony	31
Charles S. Bradley	1
	— 32

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony..... 66
Charles S. Bradley..... 3
— 69

101

(On the following day, in Joint Assembly, formal declaration was made of the election of Henry B. Anthony as U. S. Senator for six years, commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

June 8, 1880. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Ambrose E. Burnside..... 25
George H. Browne..... 7
Charles C. Van Zandt..... 2
Absent..... 3
— 37

House of Representatives.

Ambrose E. Burnside..... 54
George H. Browne..... 9
Charles C. Van Zandt..... 2
J. Lewis Diman..... 1
William P. Sheffield..... 1
Absent 5
— 72

(On the following day in Joint Assembly, Ambrose E. Burnside was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

October 5, 1881. Vote in Joint Assembly:

Nelson W. Aldrich,
Senators..... 29
Representatives..... 60
— 89

Thomas A. Doyle,
Representatives..... 4

George H. Browne,
Senator 1
Representative 1
— 2

William P. Sheffield,
Senator..... 1 1
—
96

and Nelson W. Aldrich was declared elected U. S. Senator, to fill vacancy caused by death of Ambrose E. Burnside.

June 13, 1882. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Henry B. Anthony..... 29
Charles S. Bradley..... ... 3
Absent..... ... 5
— 37

House of Representatives.

Henry B. Anthony..... 63
Charles S. Bradley..... 4
George H. Browne..... 1
Absent..... 4
— 72

(On the following day in Joint Assembly, Henry B. Anthony was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing, (being his fifth successive election to said office.)

November 19, 1884. William P. Sheffield, of Newport, was appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Henry B. Anthony, September 2, 1884.

January 20, 1885. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Jonathan Chace..... 25
Isaac Bell, Jr..... 8
William P. Sheffield..... 3
Absent..... 1
— 37

House of Representatives.

Jonathan Chace	53
Isaac Bell, Jr.	14
William P. Sheffield	3
Absent	2
	— 72

(On the following day in Joint Assembly, formal declaration was made of the election of Jonathan Chace as U. S. Senator for the unexpired term of Henry B. Anthony, deceased.

June 8, 1886. Vote for U. S. Senator:

Senate.

Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.)	30
Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.)	3
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	2
Absent	2
	— 37

House of Representatives.

Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.)	63
Horace A. Kimball, (Dem.)	5
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	1
Absent	3
	— 72

(On the following day in Joint Assembly, Nelson W. Aldrich was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

Senate.

June 12, 1888.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)	29
John W. Davis, (Dem.)	4
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	1
Absent	3
	— 37

House of Representatives.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.) 59
John W. Davis, (Dem) 8
Charles H. Page, (Dem.) 1
Absent..... ... 4
— 72

(On the following day in joint Assembly Jonathan Chace was formally declared elected U. S. Senator for six years commencing on the 4th of March ensuing.)

April 10, 1889. Vote in Joint Assembly (8th ballot):

Nathan F. Dixon..... 51
George Peabody Wetmore..... 41
Olney Arnold..... 4
LeBaron B. Colt..... 2
Henry J. Spooner 1

and Nathan F. Dixon was declared elected U. S. Senator for the unexpired term of Jonathan Chace, resigned

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS

FROM RHODE ISLAND.

Benjamin Bourn, of Providence.....Dec. 17, 1790 to 1796.*
Francis Malbone, of Newport .....1793 to 1797.
Elisha R. Potter, of So. Kingstown...Dec. 19, 1796 to 1797.*
Christopher G. Champlin, of Newport..... 1797 to 1801.
Thomas Tillinghast, of E. Greenwich.. Nov. 13, 1797 to 1799.
John Brown, of Providence..... 1799 to 1801.
Joseph Stanton, Jr., of Charlestown..... ..1801 to 1807.
Thomas Tillinghast, of East Greenwich.....1801 to 1803.
Nehemiah Knight, of Cranston..... ...1803 to 1808.†
Richard Jackson, Jr., of Providence, Nov. 11, 1808 to 1815.
Isaac Wilbour, of Little Compton.....1807 to 1809.
Elisha R. Potter, of South Kingstown.....1809 to 1815.
James B. Mason, of Providence.... .....1815 to 1819.
John L. Boss, Jr , of Newport.....1815 to 1819.
Samuel Eddy, of Providence .. ..1819 to 1825.
Nathaniel Hazard, of Middletown.....1819 to Dec. 17, 1820 †
Job Durfee, of Tiverton.....1821 to 1825.
Tristam Burges, of Providence .....1825 to 1835.
Dutee J. Pearce, of Newport..... 1825 to 1837.
William Sprague, Jr., of Warwick.....1835 to 1837.
Robert B. Cranston, of Newport..... .1837 to 1843.
Joseph L. Tillinghast, of Providence.....1837 to 1843.
Henry Y. Cranston, of Newport .....1843 to 1847.
Elisha R. Potter, Jr., of South Kingstown.....1843 to 1845.
Lemuel H. Arnold, of South Kingstown.....1845 to 1847.
Robert B. Cranston, of Newport.....1847 to 1849.
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1847 to 1849.
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly..... ....1849 to 1851.

*Resigned.
†Died in office.

George G. King, of Newport.....1849 to 1853.
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.....1851 to 1857.
Thomas Davis, of North Providence.....1853 to 1855.
Nathaniel B. Durfee, of Tiverton.....1855 to 1859.
William D. Brayton, of Warwick. ... .1857 to 1861.
Christopher Robinson, of Cumberland.....1859 to 1861.
George H. Browne, of Glocester .....1861 to 1863.
William P. Sheffield, of Newport.....1861 to 1863.
Thomas A. Jenckes, of Providence.....1863 to 1871.
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.....1863 to 1871.
James M. Pendleton, of Westerly. .....1871 to 1875.
Benjamin T. Eames, of Providence..... ...1871 to 1879.
Latimer W. Ballou, of Woonsocket..... 1875 to 1881.
Nelson W. Aldrich, of Providence.....1879 to Oct. 4, 1881.*
Jonathan Chace, of Lincoln.....1881 to Jan. 26, 1885.†
Henry J. Spooner, of Providence.....1881 ‡ to
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly, Feb. 5, 1885, to Mar. 3, 1885.§
William A. Pirce, of Johnston.....1885 to Jan. 25, 1887.‖
Charles H. Page, of Scituate, Feb. 25, 1887, to Mar. 3, 1887.
Warren O. Arnold, of Glocester.....1887 to

*Resigned to accept election as United States Senator.

†Resigned to accept election as United States Senator.

‡Elected November 22, 1881, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Nelson W. Aldrich.

§Elected February 5, 1885, to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Jonathan Chace.

‖Seat declared vacant by U. S. House of Representatives on contest of Charles H. Page.

NOTES AND STATISTICS RELATIVE TO THE ELECTION OF REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS FROM RHODE ISLAND.

First Congress. (1789-1791.)

Rhode Island not having ratified the Federal Constitution until May 29, 1790, no election for representative in Congress was held until August (last Tuesday in,) 1790, when Benjamin Bourn, (Fed.) was elected for the term expirng on the 3d day of March following. (No vote given.)

Second Congress. (1791-1793.)

1790. (October Session.) Benjamin Bourn declared elected Representative from and after the third day of March next. (No vote given.)

At the June Session, 1792, a vote was adopted providing for the election of two Representatives, by the freemen of the State, on the last Tuesday in August following.

Third Congress. (1793-1795.)

1792. August. Benjamin Bourn and Francis Malbone elected. (No vote given.)

Fourth Congress. (1795-1797.)

1794. (October Session.) The committee to receive and count the proxies for Representatives, "made report that there was a majority of votes for Benjamin Bourn and Francis Malbone," and they were declared elected as follows:

Benjamin Bourn, (Fed.)..... 1,880
Peleg Arnold, (anti-Fed.)..... 1,138
Francis Malbone, (Fed.)..... 1,911
Joseph Stanton, Jr., (anti-Fed.) 1,178

In 1796 Benjamin Bourn resigned; a special election was ordered by the Governor, Arthur Fenner, for November 15, 1796, which resulted as follows:

Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... ... 1,619
Peleg Arnold, (Rep)..... 662

(For report of the Governor, see Schedule, February Session, 1797, page 24.)

FIFTH CONGRESS. (1797-1799.)

1796. August 30. Benjamin Bourn, (Fed.) elected First Representative, by a majority of 3,704 votes, and Christopher Grant Champlin, (Fed.) Second Representative, by a majority of 107 votes.

Benjamin Bourn declined to accept; an election was ordered for November 15, 1796, when Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.) was elected by a majority of 935 votes. (No returns from Coventry and Warren.)

NOTE.—In the "Political Register and Congressional Directory," by Ben: Perley Poore, it is stated that Thomas Tillinghast was elected a Representative in place of Elisha R. Potter, resigned, receiving 53 majority, serving from Nov. 13, 1797, to March 5, 1799. The Secretary is unable to find any record of the last named election.

SIXTH CONGRESS. (1799-1801.)

1798. August. John Brown, (Fed.)..... 2,680
Thomas Tillinghast, (Rep)..... 1,415
Christopher Grant Champlin, (Fed.)..... 2,836

Messrs. Brown and Champlin elected.

SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1801-1803.)

1800. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,240
Thomas Tillinghast, (Rep.)..... 2,506
Joseph Stanton, Jr., (Rep.) 1,494
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)..... 1,243
Asher Robbins, (Fed)..... 803
John Brown, (Fed)..... 138
Scattering 47

Thomas Tillinghast declared to be the only Representative elected. The votes were counted at the October Session 1800, and at the February Session, 1801, an election for another Representative ordered for the third Wednesday in April, 1801, which resulted as follows:

1801. April. Joseph Stanton, Jr. (Rep.) 2,292
Thomas Noyes, (Fed.) 1,443
Majority for Mr. Stanton, 849.

EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1803–1805)

1802. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,878
Joseph Stanton, (Rep.)..... 2,604
Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.)..... 2,598
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.) 1,633
Thomas Tillinghast, (Fed.)..... ... 1,636
Messrs. Stanton and Knight declared elected.

NINTH CONGRESS. (1805–1807.)

1804. August. Whole number of votes..... 1,637
Joseph Stanton, (Rep.) 1,606
Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.) 1,618

TENTH CONGRESS. (1807–1809.)

1806. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,389
Necessary for a choice 1,695
Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.)..... 1,794
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep) 1,630
William Hunter, (Fed.) 1,483
Thomas Arnold, (Fed.) 1,456
Thomas B. Hazard, (Fed.)..... 310
Scattering 27
Nehemiah Knight, only, declared elected. An election for another representative was ordered for the first Tuesday of the following December, which resulted as follows:

1806. December. Whole number of votes.... 2,957
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep) 1,720

William Hunter, (Fed.) 1,220
Scattering..... 15
Isaac Wilbour declared elected.

Nehemiah Knight having died in office, an election to fill the vacancy was had with the following result:

1808. August. Whole number of votes 6,152
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.) 3,262
Jonathan Russell, (Rep.)..... 2,887
Scattering 3
and Mr. Jackson was elected.

ELEVENTH CONGRESS. (1809–1811.)

1808. August. Whole number of votes 6,206
Necessary for a choice 3,104
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 3,257
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.) 3,287
Jonathan Russell, (Rep.).... 2,895
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep.)..... 2,911
Messrs. Potter and Jackson were declared elected.

TWELFTH CONGRESS. (1811–1813.)

1810. August. Whole number of votes 7,119
Necessary for a choice 3,560
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.) 3,638
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)..... 3,648
Nathaniel Hazard, (Rep.) 3,475
Nathan Brown, (Rep.)..... 3,444
Messrs. Potter and Jackson declared elected.

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS. (1813–1815.)

1812. August. Whole number of votes.... 7,618
Necessary for a choice..... 3,810
Richard Jackson, Jr., (Fed.)..... 4,454
Elisha R. Potter, (Fed.)..... 4,446
Jonathan Russell, (Rep.)..... 3,164
Isaac Wilbour, (Rep.)..... 3,154
Messrs. Jackson and Potter were declared elected.

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS. (1815–1817.)

1814. August. Whole number of votes..... 6,749
James B. Mason, (Fed) 3 663
John L. Boss, Jr., Fed.) 3,771
Nehemiah R. Knight, (Rep.) 2,953
John D'Wolf, Jr., (Rep.) 2,952
Messrs. Mason and Boss declared elected.

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS. (1817–1819.)

1816. August. Whole number of votes 2,281
James B. Mason, (Fed) 2,230
John L Boss, Jr., (Fed.) 2,231
Messrs. Mason and Boss declared elected. (No votes returned from Westerly and Jamestown)

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS. (1819–1821.)

1818. August. Whole number of votes..... 1,956
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.) 1,945
Nathaniel Hazard, (Rep.) 1,909
Scattering..... 11
Messrs. Eddy and Hazard were declared elected. (No votes returned from New Shoreham, South Kingstown, Coventry, Tiverton, Little Compton and Hopkinton.)

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS. (1821–1823.)

1820. August. Whole number of votes..... 5,744
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.) 2,891
Samuel W. Bridgham, (People's) 2,773
Nathaniel Hazard, (Rep.) 2,033
Job Durfee, (People's) 3,563
Scattering 66
Messrs. Durfee and Eddy were declared elected.

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS. (1823–1825.)

1822. August. Job Durfee, (Rep.)..... ... 456
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.) 417
Scattering 91
Messrs. Durfee and Eddy elected.

NINETEENTH CONGRESS. (1825–1827.)

1825. August. Whole number of votes 5,556
Necessary for a choice 2,779
Tristam Burges, (Rep.) 2,932
Samuel Eddy, (Rep.) 2,121
Dutee J. Pearce, (Rep.) 2,534
Job Durfee, (Rep) 2,468
William Hunter, (Rep.) 364
Scattering 136

Tristam Burges was declared to be the only Representative elected. An election for another Representative was ordered for the 25th day of November following, which resulted, as follows:

1825. November 25. Whole number of votes 3,445
Dutee J. Pearce, (Dem.) 1,960
Job Durfee, (Dem.) 1,482
Scattering 3

and Mr. Pearce was declared elected.

TWENTIETH CONGRESS. (1827–1829.)

1827. August. Whole number of votes 2,259
Necessary for a choice 1,130
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.) 2,230
Dutee J. Pearce, (Nat. Rep) 2,126
Scattering 29

Messrs. Burges and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1829–1831.)

1829. August. Whole number of votes 5,848
Necessary for a choice 2,925
Tristam Burges, Nat. Rep.) 4,108
Dutee J. Pearce, (Nat. Rep.) 4,328
Samuel Eddy, (Nat. Rep.) 1,251
Job Durfee, (Nat. Rep.) 1,126
Elisha R. Potter, (Nat. Rep.) 518
John D'Wolf, Jr., (Nat. Rep.) 208
Scattering 33

Messrs. Burges and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1831-1833.)

1831. August. Whole number of votes..... 3,896
Necessary for a choice.... 1,949
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.)..... 2,931
Dutee J. Pearce, (Nat. Rep.)..... 2,727
Scattering 518
Messrs. Burges and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1833-1835.)

1833. August. Whole number of votes..... 5,350
Necessary for a choice 2,626
Tristam Burges, (Nat. Rep.)..... 3,162
Dutee J. Pearce, (People's). 2,078
Wilkins Updike; (Dem. Rep.)..... 1,904
Nathan B. Sprague, (Dem. Rep). 1,499
Albert C. Greene, (Nat. Rep.)..... 557
Henry Y. Cranston, (Nat. Rep.)..... 375
Nathan F. Dixon, (Nat. Rep.)..... ... 167
Scattering..... 227

Tristam Burges was declared to be the only Representative elected. An election for another Representative was ordered for the 20th day of November following, the votes to be counted by the Governor which election resulted as follows:

1833. November 20. Whole number of votes..... 3,902
Necessary for a choice 1,952
Dutee J. Pearce, (Rep.)..... 2,152
Nathan F. Dixon, (Nat. Rep.)..... 1,705
Scattering..... 25
and Mr. Pearce was declared elected.

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1835-1837.)

1835. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,767
Necessary for a choice 3,884
William Sprague, Jr., (Dem.) 3,924
Dutee J. Pearce. (Dem.). 3,901
Tristam Burges, (Whig)..... 3,776

Henry Y. Cranston, (Whig)..... 3,659
Scattering..... 45
Messrs. Sprague and Pearce were declared elected.

TWENTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1837-1839.)

At the June Session, 1837, by act of the General Assembly, the votes for Representatives in Congress, to be given in at the election in August following, were to be returned to the Governor, and by him counted, and the result declared, which was as follows:

1837. August. Whole number of votes..... 7,615
Necessary for a choice..... 3,808
Joseph L. Tillinghast, (Whig) 4,282
Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)..... 4,221
Dutee J. Pearce, (Administration) 3,261
Jesse Howard, (Administration)..... 3,201
Thomas W. Dorr, (Const.)..... 72
Dan King, (Const.) 25
Messrs. Tillinghast and Cranston were (Sept. 2, 1837,) declared elected.

TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1839-1841.)

1839. August. Whole number of votes 7,669
Necessary for a choice..... 3,834
Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)..... 3,912
Joseph L. Tillinghast, (Whig)..... 4,050
Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)..... 3,595
Thomas W. Dorr, (Dem.)..... 3,660
Scattering..... 54
Messrs. Cranston and Tillinghast were declared elected.

TWENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1841-1843.)

At the January Session, 1841, an act was passed, providing that the election should be held thereafter, on the third Wednesday in April instead of the last Tuesday in August as theretofore. At the January Session, 1843, this act was repealed.

1841. April. Whole number of votes 2,725
Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)..... 2,516
Joseph L. Tillinghast, (Whig)..... 2,486
Scattering 246
Messrs. Cranston and Tillinghast elected.

At the June Session, 1843, the State was divided into two districts, to be called the Eastern and Western Districts, and the qualified electors in each were entitled to elect a Representative in Congress for the district in which they resided.

TWENTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1843-1845.)

Eastern District.

1843. August. Henry Y. Cranston, (Law and Order)..... 4,228
John H. Weeden, (Dem.)..... 2,571
Scattering 18
——— 6,817
Majority for Mr. Cranston, 1,639.

Western District.

Elisha R. Potter, (Law and Order) 2,917
Wilmarth N. Aldrich, (Dem.) 1,846
Scattering..... 5
——— 4,768
Majority for Mr. Potter, 1,066.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (1845-1847.)

(In the Digest of 1844, the time of the election was changed to the first Wednesday in April.)

Eastern District.

1845. April. Henry Y. Cranston, (Whig)..... 4,967
Scattering.. 69
——— 5,036
Majority for Mr. Cranston, 4,898.

Western District.

Lemuel H. Arnold, (Liberation)	3,213	
Elisha R. Potter, (Law and Order)	3,030	
Scattering	76	
		6,319

Majority for Mr. Arnold, 107.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. (1847-1849)

Eastern District.

1847.	April. Robert B. Cranston, (Whig)	3,303	
	Fenner Brown, (Dem.)	2,429	
	John Boyden, Jr., (Free Soil)	116	
	Scattering	709	
			6,557

Majority for Mr. Cranston, 24.

Western District.

Wilkins Updike, (Whig)	2,035	
Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	1,928	
Lemuel H. Arnold, (Whig)	451	
Lauriston Hall, (Free Soil)	172	
Scattering	20	
		4,606

No choice. New election ordered for last Tuesday in August, 1847, with the following result:

1847.	August. Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	2,415	
	Wilkins Updike, (Whig)	2,350	
	Scattering (Abolition, 60)	66	
			4,831

Mr. Thurston declared elected, having a plurality of the legal votes.

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1849-1851.)

Eastern District.

1849.	April. George G. King, (Whig)	3,029	
	Fenner Brown, (Dem.)	1,248	
	John Boyden, Jr., (Free Soil)	213	
	Scattering	10	
			4,500

Majority for Mr. King, 1,558.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	1,994	
Sylvester G. Shearman, (Whig)	1,974	
Lauriston Hall, (Abolition)	160	
Lemuel H. Arnold, (Whig)	9	
Charles Jackson, (Whig)	8	
Scattering	7	
		4,152

No choice. Election ordered for the 28th of August following, with the following result:

1849.	August 28. Nathan F. Dixon, (Whig)	2,824	
	Benjamin B. Thurston, (Coalition)	2,209	
	Scattering	1	
			5,034

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 614.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1851–1853.)

Eastern District.

1851.	April. George G. King, (Whig)	3,463	
	Welcome B. Sayles, (Dem.)	3,239	
	Hiram Cleveland, (Free Soil)	72	
	Scattering	8	
			6,782

Majority for Mr. King, 144.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	3,524	
Charles Jackson, (Whig)	2,432	
Lauriston Hall, (Free Soil)	82	
Scattering	25	
		6,063

Majority for Mr. Thurston, 985.

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1853–1855.)

Eastern District.

1853.	April. Thomas Davis, (Dem.)	5,524	
	George G. King, (Whig)	4,942	
	John H. Willard, (Free Soil)	401	
	Scattering	6	
			10,873

Majority for Mr. Davis, 175.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Dem.)	4,438	
Elisha M. Aldrich, (Whig)	450	
Scattering	17	
		4,905

Majority for Mr. Thurston, 3,971.

THIRTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1855–1857.)

Eastern District.

1855. April.	Nathaniel B. Durfee, (Amer.)	6,283	
	Thomas Davis, (Dem.)	1,987	
	Scattering	284	
			8,554

Majority for Mr. Durfee, 4,012.

Western District.

Benjamin B. Thurston, (Amer.)	4,484	
Scattering	594	
		5,078

Majority for Mr. Thurston, 3,890.

THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1857–1859.)

Eastern District.

1857. April.	Nathaniel B. Durfee, (Rep.)	5,552	
	Ambrose E. Burnside, (Dem.)	2,063	
	Scattering	22	
			7,637

Majority for Mr. Durfee, 3,467.

Western District.

William D. Brayton, (Amer. Rep.)	3,933	
Charles Jackson, (Dem.)	3,217	
Scattering	84	
		7,234

Majority for Mr. Brayton, 632.

THIRTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1859–1861.)

Eastern District.

1859. April 7. Christopher Robinson, (Am. Rep.) 3,846
Thomas Davis, (Rep.) 2,450
Olney Arnold, (Dem) 1,507
Scattering 7
——— 7,808

(No choice.) An election ordered for 22d June inst., and the votes to be counted by the Governor. The election resulted as follows:

1859. June 22. Christopher Robinson, (A. Rep.) 3,414
Thomas Davis, (Rep.) 2,648
Scattering 36
——— 6,098

Majority for Mr. Robinson, 730.

Western District.

William D. Brayton, (Rep.) 3,102
Alfred Anthony, (Dem.) 1,750
Scattering 3
——— 4,855

Majority for Mr. Brayton, 1,349.

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1861–1863.)

Eastern District.

1861. April 3. William P. Sheffield, (Union)... 6,998
Christopher Robinson, (Rep.) 6,656
Scattering 22
——— 13,676

Majority for Mr. Sheffield, 320.

Western District.

George H. Browne, (Union) 4,441
William D. Brayton, (Rep.) 3,856
Scattering 2
——— 8,299

Majority for Mr. Browne, 583.

THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1863–1865.)

Eastern District.

1863.	April 1. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.).....	6,536	
	Charles S. Bradley, (Dem.)	4,615	
	Scattering.....	68	
			11,219

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 1,853.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)..... ...	4,202	
George H. Browne, (Dem.).....	3,180	
Scattering.....	30	
		7,412

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 992.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (1865–1867.)

Eastern District.

1865.	April 5. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.).....	5,180	
	Scattering.....	53	
			5,233

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 5,127.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	3,193	
Gideon Bradford, (Dem.)...	1,286	
Scattering.....	4	
		4,483

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 1,903.

FORTIETH CONGRESS. (1867–1869.)

Eastern District.

1867.	April 3. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.).....	4,311	
	Scattering..... ...	101	
			4,412

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 4,210.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep)	2,669	
William Carder, (Dem.)	1,480	
Scattering	11	
		4,160

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 1,178.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1869-1871.)

(By chapter 752, passed March 8, 1868, amended by chapter 888, passed June 15, 1870, the time of the election thereafter was changed to the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November.)

Eastern District.

1868.	Nov. 3. Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	7,964	
	Olney Arnold, (Dem.)	3,898	
	Scattering	62	
			11,924

Majority for Mr. Jenckes, 4,004.

Western District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep)	4,242	
James Waterhouse, (Dem.)	2,587	
Scattering	18	
		6,847

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 2,605.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS. (1871-1873)

Eastern District.

1870.	Nov. 8. Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.)	4,962	
	Thomas A. Jenckes, (Rep.)	1,965	
	Nicholas Van Slyck, (Dem.)	1,380	
	Thomas Davis, (Rep.)	1,040	
	Benjamin Mumford, (Pro.)	267	
	Scattering	103	
			9,717

Majority for Mr. Eames, 207.

Western District.

James M. Pendleton, (Rep.)	1,534	
Samuel Rodman, (Dem.)	947	
Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	88	
Scattering	43	
		2,612

Majority for Mr. Pendleton, 456.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS. (1873-1875.)

Eastern District.

1872. Nov. 5.	Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep)	8,977	
	Thomas Davis, (Dem),	3,138	
	Scattering	14	
			12,129

Majority for Mr. Eames, 5,825.

Western District.

James M. Pendleton, (Rep.)	4,310	
George H. Browne, (Dem.)	2,505	
		6,815

Majority for Mr. Pendleton, 1,805.

(NOTE.—By the General Statutes of 1872, the designations of the Districts were changed to First and Second respectively.)

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. (1875-1877.)

First District.

1874. Nov. 3.	Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.)	2,316	
	William B. Beach, (Dem.)	857	
	Scattering	15	
			3,188

Majority for Mr. Eames, 1,544.

Second District.

Latimer W. Ballou, (Rep.)	2,362	
Samuel Rodman, (Dem.)	1,235	
Scattering	22	
		3,619

Majority for Mr. Ballou, 1,105.

FORTY-FIFTH CONGRESS. (1877-1879.)

First District.

1876.	Nov. 7. Benjamin T. Eames, (Rep.).....	8,523	
	Edward W. Brunsen, (Dem.).....	5,068	
	Benjamin G. Chace, (Greenback).....	29	
	Scattering.....	9	
			13,629

Majority for Mr. Eames, 3,417.

Second District.

	Latimer W. Ballou, (Rep.).....	7,177	
	Charles H. Page, (Dem.).....	5,303	
	John M. Bailey, (Greenback).....	25	
	Scattering.....	23	
			12,528

Majority for Mr. Ballou, 1,826.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. (1879-1881.)

First District.

1878.	November 5. Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.).	5,969	
	Thomas Davis, (Dem.).....	1,332	
	Lycurgus Sayles, (Greenback).....	575	
	Scattering.....	93	
			7,669

Majority for Mr. Aldrich, 3,969.

Second District.

	Latimer W. Ballou, (Rep.).....	5,572	
	Jerothmul B. Barnaby, (Dem.).....	4,540	
	John Francis Smith, (Greenback).....	311	
	Scattering.....	4	
			10,427

Majority for Mr. Ballou, 717.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. (1881-1883.)*

First District.

1880.	November 2. Nelson W. Aldrich, (Rep.).	9,502	
	Isaac Lawrence, (Dem)	4,585	
	Henry Cram, (Greenback).	171	
	Scattering	10	
			14,268

Majority for Mr. Aldrich, 4,736.

Second District.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)	8,515	
Franklin Treat, (Dem.)	6,031	
John Francis Smith, (Greenback).	92	
George H. Browne, (Dem.)	31	
Scattering	16	
		14,685

Majority for Mr. Chace, 2,345.

FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS. (1883-1885.)

First District.

1882.	November 7. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.).	3,515	
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	1,491	
	Scattering	13	
			5,019

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 2,011.

*NOTE.—Nelson W. Aldrich, having been elected, October 5, 1881, a Senator in Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Ambrose E. Burnside, a special election for Representative from the First District was ordered for November 22, 1881, with the following result:

1881.	November 22. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	3,623	
	Henry T. Sisson, (Dem.)	1,103	
	Charles C. Van Zandt, (Rep.)	709	
	Scattering	23	
			5,458

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 1,788.

Second District.

Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)*	3,349	
Jonathan M. Wheeler, (Dem.)	1,831	
Scattering	6	
		5,186

Majority for Mr. Chace, 1,512.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS (1885-1887.)

First District.

1884. November 4.	Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	10,140	
	Ziba O. Slocum, (Dem.)	5,976	
	William P. Buffum, (Prohibition)	539	
	Daniel Bruce, Jr., (Peoples)	198	
	Scattering	41	
			16,894

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 3,386.

Second District.

William A. Pirce, (Rep.)†	7,746	
Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	5,995	

*NOTE.—Jonathan Chace having been elected January 21, 1885, a Senator in Congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Henry B. Anthony, a special election for Representative from the Second District was ordered for February 5, 1885, with the following result:

1885. February 5.	Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	2,258	
	Philip W. Hawkins, (Dem.)	998	
	Scattering	4	
			3,260

Majority for Mr. Dixon, 1,056.

†NOTE.—The election of William A. Pirce was contested by Charles H. Page, and January 25, 1887, the U. S. House of Representatives declared that William A. Pirce was not duly elected a member of the 49th Congress and in consequence declared his seat therein to be vacant.

A special election for Representative from the Second District was ordered for February 21, 1887, with the following result:

1887. February 21.	Charles H. Page, (Dem.)	5,790	
	William A. Pirce, (Rep.)	5,495	
	Alfred B. Chadsey (Prohibition)	466	
	Scattering	6	
			11,757

Plurality for Mr. Page, 295.

Alfred B. Chadsey, (Prohibition)	1,500
Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	106
Wm. M. Longstreet, (Peoples)	76
Jonathan Chace, (Rep.)	13
William Goddard, (Rep.)	8
Scattering	32
	15,476

Majority for Mr. Pirce, 16.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS. (1887–1889.)

First District.

1886. November 2. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)

Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	3,506
Oscar Lapham, (Dem.)	2,373
Albert C. Howard, (Prohibition)	746
Scattering	2
	6,627

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 385.

Second District.

Nathan F. Dixon, (Rep.)	4,854
Charles S. Bradley, (Dem.)	5,430
Arnold B. Chace, (Prohibition)	853
William A. Pirce, (Rep.)	125
Scattering	6
	11,268

There being no choice, the General Assembly ordered a new election for Nov. 8, 1887, which resulted as follows:

1887. November 8. Warren O. Arnold, (Rep)

Warren O. Arnold, (Rep)	8,089
Charles S. Bradley, (Dem.)	7,252
Thomas H. Peabody, (Prohibition)	2
Scattering	3
	15,643

Plurality for Mr. Arnold, 837.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS. (1889-1891.)

First District.

1888.	November 6. Henry J. Spooner, (Rep.)	11,982	
	Oscar Lapham, (Dem)	8,993	
	Elwood G. Macomber, (Prohibition)	699	
	Scattering	3	
			20,787

Majority for Mr. Spooner, 1,397.

Second District.

Warren O. Arnold, (Rep)	10,940	
William C. Baker, (Dem.)	8,040	
Anson Greene, (Prohibition)	572	
Scattering	12	
		19,564

Majority for Mr. Arnold, 2,316.

Department of Public Instruction.

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THOMAS B. STOCKWELL, of Providence.

Office, No. 104 North Main Street, Elizabeth Building.

Clerk—Luly M. Coggeshall.

(For members of State Board of Education and Trustees of the State Normal School, see page 126.)

Regular meetings of the Board of Education are held on the second Friday of each month.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Benefit Street,.....Providence.

BOARD OF INSTRUCTION.

Principal—GEORGE A. LITTLEFIELD.

Assistants—WILLIAM E. WILSON, CHARLOTTE E. DEMING, SARAH MARBLE, CLARA M. COLCORD, ELIZABETH HAMMETT.

B. W. HOOD, Teacher of Vocal Music.

The number of pupils in attendance October 12, 1889, was 169, divided as follows: Senior A class, 18; Senior B class, 31; Middle A class, 11; Middle B class 10; Junior A class, 29; Junior B class, 49; Preparatory, 21.

FINANCES FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 1889.

RECEIPTS.

State appropriations for day schools	$120,000 00
" " " evening schools	3,441 15
" " " apparatus	1,559 80
Town appropriations for schools	517,512 56
Town appropriations for sites, buildings, &c.	137,557 93
District taxation	63,789 77
School funds, individuals and corporations	6,969 78
Registry taxes and other sources	51,523 50
Balances unexpended last year	76,607 98
	$978,962 47

EXPENDITURES.

Day schools	$641,207 28
Evening schools	25,151 05
School Supervision	18,606 48
Sites, buildings, furniture, libraries and apparatus	222,322 04
	$907,286 85

MISCELLANEOUS.

Average number of teachers employed	1,130
Number of school houses	474
Estimated value of sites, buildings, and all other property used for school purposes	$2,744,408 00

STATE APPROPRIATIONS, 1889.

State Normal School	$12,000 00
Evening schools	3,500 00
Apparatus	2,000 00
Mileage to pupils of State Normal School	2,000 00
Teachers' Institutes	500 00
Lectures, addresses, &c.	300 00
Libraries	5,000 00
R. I. School of Design	2,000 00
State Home and School for Children	15,000 00
State School for the Deaf	4,000 00

APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL MONEY FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 30, 1890.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Apportionment of $45,200 by Schools, due July 15, 1889.	Apportionment of $74,800 according to School Census of Jan'y, 1889, due Dec. 15, 1889.	Total apportionment for each town.	Population from 5 to 15 years of age, inclusive, School Census, Jan'y, 1889.
Barrington	$600 00	$283 50	$883 50	246
Bristol	1,500 00	1,382 94	2,882 94	1,200
Burrillville	1,500 00	1,280 38	2,780 38	1,111
Charlestown	700 00	182 09	882 09	158
Coventry	1,500 00	1,175 50	2,675 50	1,020
Cranston	1,500 00	1,499 34	2,999 34	1,301
Cumberland	1,500 00	1,990 29	3,490 29	1,727
East Greenwich	1,000 00	636 16	1,636 16	552
East Providence	1,500 00	1,998 35	3,498 35	1,734
Exeter	1,100 00	257 00	1 357 00	223
Foster	1,500 00	251 24	1,751 24	218
Glocester	1,300 00	414 88	1,714 88	360
Hopkinton	1,500 00	575 08	2,075 08	499
Jamestown	300 00	109 48	409 48	95
Johnston	1,500 00	1,873 89	3,373 89	1,626
Lincoln	1,500 00	5,230 99	6,730 99	4,539
Little Compton	900 00	239 71	1,139 71	208
Middletown	500 00	215 51	715 51	187
Narragansett	600 00	236 25	836 25	205
Newport	1,500 00	4,189 17	5,689 17	3,635
New Shoreham	500 00	290 42	790 42	252
North Kingstown	1,500 00	894 30	2,394 30	776
North Providence	800 00	560 09	1,360 09	486
North Smithfield	1,500 00	863 19	2,363 19	749
Pawtucket	1,500 00	6,104 54	7,604 54	5,297
Portsmouth	900 00	280 05	1,180 05	243
Providence	1,500 00	26,445 34	27,945 34	22,947
Richmond	1,500 00	432 17	1,932 17	375
Scituate	1,500 00	704 15	2,204 15	611
Smithfield	1,200 00	620 02	1,820 02	538
South Kingstown	1,500 00	1,042 97	2,542 97	905
Tiverton	1,200 00	693 78	1,893 78	602
Warren	900 00	1,011 85	1,911 85	878
Warwick	1,500 00	4,065 86	5,565 86	3,528
Westerly	1,500 00	1,599 61	3,099 61	1,388
West Greenwich	1,200 00	233 95	1,433 95	203
Woonsocket	1,500 00	4,935 96	6,435 96	4,283
Totals	$45,200 00	$74,800 00	$120,000 00	64,905

Each town receives $100 per school up to 15, and $1,152,453 per capita of school population.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES

RECEIVING AID FROM THE STATE BOABD OF EDUCATION.

Name of Library.	Location.	Number of Volumes.
Anthony Lyceum Library	Anthony, Coventry	2,246
Apponaug Free Library	Apponaug, Warwick	1,440
Ashaway Library and Readiug-room	Ashaway, Hopkinton	2,846
Barrington Public Library	Barrington	5,283
Carolina Public Library	Carolina, Richmond	1,253
Central Falls Free Public Library	Central Falls, Lincoln	2,019
Crompton Free Library	Crompton, Warwick	3,624
East Greenwich Free Library	East Greenwich	3,698
East Providence Free Library	East Providence	1,666
George Hail Free Library	Warren	4,872
Greenville Public Library	Greenville, Smithfield	2,319
Harris Institute Library	Woonsocket	11,744
Island Free Library	New Shoreham	1,893
Jamestown Philomenian Library	Jamestown	2,171
Kingston Free Library	Kingston, S. Kingstown	4,315
Langworthy Public Library	Hope Valley, Hopkinton	1,320
League Library	Warwick Neck, Warwick	1,440
Little Compton Free Public Library	Little Compton	1,255
Manton Free Library	Exeter	1,342
Manville Library	Manville, Lincoln	1,920
Middletown Library	Middletown	1,275
Narragansett Library	Peacedale, S. Kingstown	3,706
Natick Free Library	Natick, Warwick	648
Old Warwick Library	Warwick Neck, Warwick	2,021
Olneyville Free Library	Olneyville, Johnston	1,836
Pawtucket Free Public Library	Pawtucket	11,283
Pawtuxet Valley Free Library	Phenix, Warwick	3,059
Pontiac Free Library	Pontiac, Warwick	1,321
Providence Public Library	Providence	41,301
Riverside Library	Riverside, East Providence	1,738
Rogers Free Library	Bristol	10,000
Shannock Free Library	Shannock, Richmond	726
Union for Christian Work Library	Providence	3,879
Union Free Library	Centredale, N. Providence	2,169
Union Public Library	Tiverton	636
Valley Falls Free Public Library	Valley Falls, Cumberland	1,705
Watchemoket Library	Watchemoket, East Prov	1,689
Whitridge Hall Library	Tiverton	2,133

SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS, 1889-90.

City or Town.	Number of Schools.	Average Number of Pupils.	Superintendent.	Post Office Address.	Salary.
Providence	316	14,123	Horace S. Tarbell	Providence	$3,500 00
Newport	44	2,041	*Henry H. Fay	Newport	2,500 00
Pawtucket	77	3,387	*Henry M. Maxson	Pawtucket	2,000 00
Woonsocket	38	1,448	Frank E. McFee	Woonsocket	1,500 00
Barrington	6	192	Rev. Wm. M. Chapin	Barrington	50 00
Bristol	18	852	John P. Reynolds	Bristol	600 00
Burrillville	23	675	Rev. Abram H. Granger, D. D.	Burrillville	200 00
Charlestown	8	118	Albert A. Saunders, M. D.	Carolina	50 00
Coventry	21	442	Charles L. Ormsbee, M. D	Greene	50 00
Cranston	17	700	Aaron S. Haven	Cranston Print Works	300 00
Cumberland	23	766	*Rev. Robert Murray	Ashton	$3 00 per day.
East Greenwich	10	252	Albert J. Congdon	East Greenwich	50 00
East Providence	26	1,167	*William W. Ellis	Rumford	300 00
Exeter	12	178	Warren F. Wilcox	Escoheag	50 00
Foster	16	190	John W. Bowen	Rockland	50 00
Glocester	13	242	*Frank H. Potter	Chepachet	100 00
Hopkinton	15	391	Paul M. Barber	Ashaway	$2 50 per day.
Jamestown	3	45	Thomas H. Clarke	Jamestown	50 00
Johnston	28	1,016	William E. Wilson	Olneyville	300 00
Lincoln	45	2,182	*A. H. Nickerson, M. D	Central Falls	150 00

SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS, 1889-90.

City or Town.	Number of Schools.	Average Number of Pupils.	Superintendent.	Post Office Address.	Salary.
Little Compton	9	151	*Valentine Almy	Little Compton	$40 00
Middletown	5	133	Joel Peckham	Newport	75 00
Narragansett	6	153	*James A. Rose	Narragansett Pier	75 00
New Shoreham	5	176	*Ransom Kenyon	Block Island	35 00
North Kingstown	20	536	*Samuel B. Church, M. D	Wickford	200 00
North Providence	8	349	James C. Collins	12 S. Main St., Prov	75 00
North Smithfield	15	387	*John H. Bailey, Jr	Woonsocket	60 00
Portsmouth	9	187	*Joseph Coggeshall	Box 11, Newport	26 00
Richmond	15	240	Charles J. Greene	Kenyon	100 00
Scituate	20	393	*Martin S. Smith	North Scituate	100 00
Smithfield	11	291	Rev. Henry S. Latham, Jr	Greenville	100 00
South Kingstown	22	587	*Edward C. Tefft	Wakefield	300 00
Tiverton	12	339	Mrs. C. J. Barker	Tiverton	20 00
Warren	9	407	*Benjamin M. Bosworth	Warren	175 00
Warwick	38	1,568	Dwight R Adams	Centreville	200 00
Westerly	32	1,140	Rev. O. U. Whitford	Westerly	200 00
West Greenwich	12	147	Charles F. Carpenter	Summit	25 00
	1,007	37,591			

*Denotes a change from last year. † From returns for the year ending April 30, 1889.

THE PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND.

(January, 1889.)

The following investments constitute the Permanent School Fund:

1000 shares Globe National Bank, Providence ...	$116,141 68
572 shares American National Bank, Providence	30,069 62
1266 shares National Bank of North America, Providence	57,039 57
332 shares Mechanic National Bank, Providence,	15,600 00
813 shares National Bank of Commerce, "	42,935 24
142 shares Merchants National Bank, "	9,660 00
45 shares Rhode Island National Bank, "	1,534 25
7 shares Newport National Bank, Newport....	350 00
	$273,330 36
Amount subject to investment	6,339 45

STATE SCHOLARSHIPS IN BROWN UNIVERSITY.

By resolutions of the General Assembly, the national grant to this State "for the benefit of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts," was given to Brown University, and the income of the fund of fifty thousand dollars which has accrued from this grant, is devoted to the education of scholars, each at the rate of seventy-five dollars per annum. Appointments to these scholarships are made by the governor and secretary of state, and president of the university, on the nomination of the General Assembly in grand committee.

Thirty-eight students were, November 1, 1889, enjoying the benefit of this fund.

STATE HOME AND SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN.

This institution for indigent children was established under the provisions of Chapter 418 of the Public Laws, passed April 29, 1884, and is in charge of the State Board of Educa-

tion. It is located in the tenth ward, Providence, on the Walnut Grove Farm, so called, about one mile beyond the terminus of the horse car route on Smith street. The school was opened April 1, 1885, and the number of children in attendance November 1, 1889, was 113. Superintendent, M. C. Healey.

THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

The State School for the Deaf was opened April 2, 1877, with five pupils. The number of pupils who have attended the school since it was opened, is 79 (48 boys and 31 girls) The number at present in attendance is 27 (8 boys and 19 girls). The teachers are Miss Laura DeL. Richards, principal, and Miss Ardelia C. Dewing, Miss Emma F. Dunlop, Miss Laura A. Wheaton, and Miss Evelyn A. Butler, assistants. The school is located in the building corner of Fountain and Beverly streets, Providence. Sessions 9 to 1 daily. Instruction is free to residents of the State who by deafness or dumbness, total or partial, are incapacitated for education in common schools. Provision is made for the travelling expenses of indigent pupils.

RHODE ISLAND SCHOOL OF DESIGN.

By the provisions of Chapter 406 of the Public Laws, passed April 11, 1884, the State Board of Education is authorized to make appointments of suitable persons as State beneficiaries at the Rhode Island School of Design. This school is located in the Hoppin Homestead Building, No 283 Westminster street, Providence. Applications are to be filed with the Secretary of the Board, Thomas B. Stockwell, Providence.

Forty appointments have been made (November 9, 1889,) for the current year.

Rev. W. N. Ackley and Dwight R. Adams, are *ex-officio*, Directors of the School of Design.

RHODE ISLAND SOCIETY OF CINCINNATI.

Organized at Saratoga Barracks, on the Hudson (Schuylerville,) N. Y., 24th June, 1783.

First Meeting in Rhode Island in the Senate Chamber, State House, Providence, 17th December 1783.

Incorporated by Act of the State Legislature, 28th February, 1814.

Act of Incorporation Amended by the State Legislature, 26th March, 1878.

Prescriptive use on Independence Day of the Senate Chamber in either the State House in Newport or in Providence, confirmed by Act of the State Legislature, 30th March, 1892.

Use of Senate Chamber, State House, Newport, for special meetings or meetings of the General Society, granted by resolve of State Legislature, 25th March, 1887.

OFFICERS : 1888-89.

President.

NATHANIEL GREENE, M. D.....Newport, R. I.

Vice-President.

WILLIAM WARNER HOPPIN.....Providence, R. I.

Secretary.

HENRY EDWARD TURNER, M. D.....Newport, R. I.

Assistant Secretary.

JUDGE ADV. ASA BIRD GARDINER, LL. D., Garden City, N. Y.

Treasurer.

WILLIAM DEHON KING.... .....Sandwich, Mass.

Assistant Treasurer.

JAMES M. VARNUM.....New York City, N. Y.

These Officers constitute the "Standing Committee." The last Annual Meeting was held in the Senate Chamber, State House, Newport, 4th July, 1889.

Chaplain.

REV. HENRY BARTON CHAPIN, Ph. D.

BUTLER HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

President.—Amos C. Barstow.

Vice President.—William Butler Duncan.

Trustees.—Jabez C. Knight, Rufus Waterman, Royal C. Taft, Rowland Hazard, Stephen Brownell, Daniel Day (vacancy owing to death of Prof. Gammell), William Goddard, William G. Weld, John Nicholas Brown.

Treasurer.—Moses B. I. Goddard.

Secretary.—Charles Morris Smith.

Board of Consultation.—J. W. C. Ely, M. D., George W. Carr, M. D.

Superintendent and Physician.—William A. Gorton, M. D.

Assistant Physicians.—Henry C. Hall, M. D., David H. Sprague, M. D.

The Hospital originated in the will of the late Nicholas Brown, who bequeathed $30,000 towards the endowment of a Hospital for the Insane in this State. To this sum the late Cyrus Butler added $40,000. The amount was increased by subscriptions to $127,000.

The General Assembly granted an act of incorporation at its January Session, 1844, and the Hospital was opened for the reception of patients, December 1, 1847. 3,510 patients have been admitted for treatment; 3,355 have been discharged, of whom 1,142 were restored to mental health.

The number of patients November 1, 1889, was 158, viz.: 70 men and 88 women. The Hospital receives some patients, thought to be curable, who are a public charge, and the State pays $280 each per annum toward their support. There were ten of this class in the Hospital November 1, 1889. The State also contributes $100 each per annum toward the support of twenty patients who are partially supported by friends or by the beneficiary funds of the Hospital.

It is the aim of this institution to provide suitably for persons of refinement, and such as are able to pay are charged remunerative rates. Others are treated for less than the actual cost, preference being given to cases that are curable or whose

mental condition is such that they appreciate a comfortable home. The average charge per week during the past year was $8.71, while the average weekly expenditure per patient was $9.41. Money received for the support and treatment of patients is expended directly for this purpose.

The cost of the grounds and buildings and of the improvements thereon has been defrayed almost entirely by gifts of the founders and friends of the Hospital. Occasional deficiencies of income have been supplied in the same way.

The Hospital has invested funds as follows, viz :

Permanent Fund	$52,000 00
Duncan Improvement Fund	18,000 00
Donation Fund	30,440 00
Library Fund	1,600 00
Elizabeth S. Bartlett Beneficiary Fund	5,900 00
Thomas Whitridge Fund	12,000 00
Beneficiary Fund	19,300 00
Robert H. Ives Beneficiary Fund	50,000 00
William F. Weld Memorial Fund	25,000 00
Isaac Ray Fund	71,815 00
	$285,255 00

Its grounds possess great natural beauty, and consist of one hundred and fifty acres ; a part under cultivation, and a part laid out in walks and drives..

Customs Service of the United States.

DISTRICT OF NEWPORT.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Newport	John H. Cozzens	Collector & Disb'g Agt.
"	Edward Newton	Deputy Collector.
"	William H. Smith	Inspector.
Dutch Island	Charles H. Arnold	Inspector.
Newport	Henry Ecroyd	Acting Asst. Surgeon, M. H. S.
"	Charles S. Rice	Janitor.

DISTRICT OF BRISTOL AND WARREN.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Bristol	J. Howard Manchester	Collector.
"	Benjamin C. Barrus	Janitor.

DISTRICT OF PROVIDENCE.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Providence	John McWilliams	Collector & Disb'g. Agt.
"	Nathan Goff, Jr.	Deputy Collector and Cashier.
"	Edward C. Ashley.	Special Dep. Collector, Inspector and Clerk.
"	William T. Lally	Inspector, Weigher, Gauger and Measurer.
"	Nathaniel Crowell	do.
"	Francis Conlon	do.
"	Henry M. Castoff	do.
"	Edward M. Flynn	Messenger & Storekeeper
"	Silas Sherman	Storekeeper.
"	Edmund H. Gray	Boatman.
"	John F. Meehan	Janitor.
"	Charles Meegan	Assistant Janitor.
"	Reuben Fletcher	Night Watchman.
"	Patrick Fitzpatrick	Fireman.
Appraiser's department.		
Providence	Baron P. Lovewell	Inspector & Examiner.

NOTE.—The District of Providence includes the ports of Providence, Pawtucket, Pawtuxet and East Greenwich. The gross receipts of the District, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, were $290,486.78. The number of arrivals at the port of Providence from foreign countries, during the year was 104, of which 23 were American. The number of coastwise arrivals at the same port during 1889 was 4,521. The tonnage of the port December 31, 1888, was 77 sail vessels, 36 steam vessels. Total tonnage, 28,755.66.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

DISTRICT OF CONNECTICUT.

LOCATION.	NAME.	OFFICE.
Providence	John F. Clark	Stamp Dep'ty Collector.
"	Benjamin G. Perkins	Deputy Collector.
"	Albert O. Coates	" "
"	Amos Gardiner	" "
"	George W. Gardiner	Clerk.
"	Edward G. Farmer	Gauger.

NOTE.—The District of Connecticut comprises the States of Connecticut and Rhode Island, and the collections are from taxes on distilled spirits, malt liquors, cigars, tobacco and oleomargarine.

LIGHT HOUSES IN RHODE ISLAND.

Name of Light.	*Officers Employed.*
Brenton's Reef Lightship	Edward Fogarty, Keeper.
do.	Lars Wilhelmson, Asst. do.
Beaver Tail Light	William W. Wales, Keeper.
do.	George B. Wales, Asst. do.
Lime Rock (Newport Harbor)	Ida Wilson Lewis, Keeper.
Newport Harbor (on breakwater)	Charles Schoeneman, Keeper.
Rose Island (Newport outer harbor)	Charles S. Curtis, Keeper.
Dutch Island (West Passage)	Lewis T. King, Keeper.
Wickford Harbor	Nathaniel Dodge, Keeper.
Prudence Island	John Follett, Keeper.
Bristol Ferry (Bristol side)	Edward Sherman, Keeper.
Muscle Bed Beacon (Bristol Ferry, Portsmouth)	Andrew T. Smith, Keeper.
Warwick Neck	Edward P. Hoxie, Keeper.
Conimicut Point	B. B. Gray, Keeper.
do.	Ernest L. Arnold, Asst. do.
Bullock's Point	Joseph B. Eddy, Keeper.
Sabin's Point	John F. Weeden, Keeper.
Pomham Rock	Charles H. Salisbury, Keeper.
Fuller's Rock, (Providence harbor)	John J. Mullen, Keeper.
Sassafras Point, do.	do. do.
Point Judith	Henry A. Whaley, Keeper.
do.	William Nelson, Asst. do.
Block Island (North end)	Hiram D. Ball, Keeper.
do. (South east point)	Simeon Dodge, Keeper.
do. do.	Willet H. Clark, 1st Asst. do.
do. do.	Chas. E. Wescott, 2d Asst. do.
do. (Range lights at breakwater)	Uriah B. Dodge, Keeper.
Whale Rock	Elam P. Littlefield, Keeper.
do.	William Homan, Asst. do.
Gull Rocks	Fred W. Purinton, Keeper.
Watch Hill (in Stonington District)	——— ———, Keeper.
Sakonnet	Clarence Otis Gray, Keeper.
do.	Edward L. Hunt, Asst. do.
Hog Island Light Vessel	August Wohlstrom, Keeper.
do. do.	George S. Slocum, Asst. do.
Conanicut Light Station	Horace W. Arnold, Keeper.
Fort Adams Fog Bell	Augustus Riese, Keeper.
Gould Island Light and Fog Signal	Edmund Taylor, Keeper.

NOTE.—These light houses are in the Third Light House District, in charge of Inspector Frederick Rodgers, Commodore U. S. Navy, Tompkinsville, N. Y. The Collector of Customs of Providence is Superintendent of Lights in Rhode Island waters, and also of the Light on "Borden Flats," Fall River. New appointments of keepers and assistant keepers are made by the Superintendent of Lights, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of the Treasury.

UNITED STATES LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

THIRD DISTRICT.

(COMPRISING LONG ISLAND AND RHODE ISLAND COAST.)

HERBERT M. KNOWLES, Assistant Superintendent, Wakefield, R. I.

Station.	*Keeper.*
No. 1. Narragansett Pier	Albert Church.
No. 2. Point Judith, R. I., P. Office	Asa Church.
No. 3. Watch Hill	John F. Nash.
No. 4. At the Landing, Block Island	Amazon N. Littlefield.
No. 5. West side of Block Island	Nathaniel D. Ball.
No. 6. Brenton's Point	Chauncey C. Kenyon.

NOTE.—Each station has also a crew of six men, with one additional man from December first to the first of May following. Keepers have a salary not to exceed $700 a year; members of the crews are paid $50 a month during the active season, which usually is from September first to May first, following.

A Post Office was established at Point Judith, R. I., October 1st, 1889, Charles W. Hall, P. M. The name of the office is "Point Judith."

Point Judith light house keepers are Henry A. Whaley, principal keeper, and John E. Sleadinan, assistant keeper. Principal gets $650.00, assistant gets $500.00.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year of Qualification.	NAME.	Where From.	Term of Office.
1789	George Washington	Virginia	8 years.
1797	John Adams	Massachusetts	4 years.
1801	Thomas Jefferson	Virginia	8 years.
1809	James Madison	Virginia	8 years.
1817	James Monroe.	Virginia	8 years.
1825	John Quincy Adams	Massachusetts	4 years.
1829	Andrew Jackson	Tennessee	8 years.
1837	Martin Van Buren	New York	4 years.
1841	Wm. Henry Harrison*	Ohio	1 month.
1841	John Tyler	Virginia	3 years, 11 months.
1845	James K. Polk	Tennessee	4 years.
1849	Zachary Taylor*	Louisiana	1 year, 4 mos. 5 d.
1850	Millard Fillmore	New York	2 years, 7 mos. 26 d.
1853	Franklin Pierce	New Hampshire	4 years.
1857	James Buchanan	Pennsylvania	4 years.
1861	Abraham Lincoln	Illinois	4 years, 1 mo. 10d.
1865	Andrew Johnson	Tennessee	3 yrs. 10 mos. 20 d.
1869	Ulysses S. Grant	Illinois	8 years.
1877	Rutherford B. Hayes	Ohio	4 years.
1881	James A. Garfield*	Ohio	6 months, 15 days.
1881	Chester A. Arthur	New York	3 yrs. 5 mos. 15 d.
1885	Grover Cleveland	New York	4 years.
1889	Benjamin Harrison	Indiana	

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Year of Qualification.	NAME.	Where From.
1789	John Adams	Massachusetts.
1797	Thomas Jefferson	Virginia.
1801	Aaron Burr	New York.
1805	George Clinton*	New York.
1812	William H. Crawford†	Georgia.
1813	Elbridge Gerry*	Massachusetts.
1814	John Gaillard†	South Carolina.
1817	Daniel D. Tompkins	New York.
1825	John C. Calhoun‡	South Carolina.
1832	Hugh L. White†	Tennessee.
1833	Martin Van Buren	New York.
1837	Richard M. Johnson	Kentucky.
1841	John Tyler	Virginia.
1841	Samuel L. Southard†	New Jersey.
1842	Willie P. Mangum†	North Carolina.
1845	George M. Dallas	Pennsylvania.
1849	Millard Fillmore	New York.
1850	William R. King†	Alabama.
1853	William R. King*	Alabama.
1853	David R. Atchison†	Missouri.

VICE-PRESIDENTS—Continued.

Year of Qualification.	NAME.	Where From.
1854	Jesse D. Bright†	Indiana.
1857	John C. Breckinridge	Kentucky.
1861	Hannibal Hamlin	Maine.
1865	Andrew Johnson	Tennessee.
1865	Lafayette S. Foster†	Connecticut.
1867	Benjamin F. Wade†	Ohio.
1869	Schuyler Colfax	Indiana.
1873	Henry Wilson*	Massachusetts.
1875	Thomas W. Ferry†	Michigan.
1877	William A. Wheeler	New York.
1881	Chester A. Arthur	New York.
1881	David Davis†	Illinois.
1883	George F. Edmunds†	Vermont.
1885	Thomas A. Hendricks*	Indiana.
1885	John Sherman†	Ohio.
1889	Levi. P. Morton	New York.

* Died in office. † *Ex-officio* as President *pro tem.* of the Senate.
‡ Resigned December 28, 1832.

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND CAST AT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

Elect'n. Number.	Elect'n. Year.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	Vote for Candidates. Popular.	Majority.	Total Vote	Electoral.
2	1792	George Washington (Elected by Legislature				4
3	1796	John Adams (Elected by Legislature.)				4
4	1800	Thomas Jefferson (anti-Fed.)	1,694			4
		John Adams (Fed.)	1,941	247	3,635	
5	1804	Thomas Jefferson				4
6	1808	James Madison	2,692			4
		C. C. Pinckney	3,072	380	5,764	
7	1812	James Madison	2,084			4
		De Witt Clinton	4,032	1,948	6,116	
8	1816	James Monroe				4
9	1820	James Monroe (No opposition)	720	720	720	4
10	1824	John Quincy Adams (Coalition)	2,145	1,945	2,345	4
		Wm. H. Crawford (Rep.)	200			
11	1828	Andrew Jackson (Dem.)	821		3,675	4
		John Q. Adams (Nat. Rep.)	2,754	1,933		
12	1832	Andrew Jackson (Dem)	2,126		4,936	4
		Henry Clay (Nat. Rep.)	2,810	684		

VOTE OF R. I. CAST AT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS—Continued.

Elect'n. Number.	Year.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	Vote for Candidates. Popular.	Majority.	Total Vote.	Electoral.
	1836	Martin Van Buren (Dem.)	2,964	234	5,674	4
13		William H. Harrison (Whig)	2,710			
	1840	Wm. H. Harrison (Whig)	5,278	1,935	8,621	4
		Martin Van Buren (Dem)	3,301			
14		James G. Birney (Liberty)	42			
15	1844	James K. Polk (Dem.)	4,867		12,296	4
		Henry Clay (Whig)	7,322	2,348		
		James G. Birney (Liberty)	107			
16	1848	Zachary Taylor (Whig)	6,779	2,403	11,155	4
		Lewis Cass (Dem.)	3,646			
		Martin Van Buren (Free Soil)	730			
17	1852	Franklin Pierce (Dem)	8,735	465	17,005	4
		Winfield Scott (Whig)	7,626			
		John P. Hale (Free Soil)	644			
18	1856	James Buchanan (Dem.)	6,680		19,822	4
		John C. Fremont (Rep.)	11,467	3,112		
		Millard Fillmore (Amer.)	1,675			
19	1860	Abraham Lincoln (Rep.)	12,244	4,537	19,951	4
		Stephen A. Douglas (Dem)	7,707			
20	1864	Abraham Lincoln (Rep)	13,692	5,222	22,162	4
		George B. McClellan (Dem.)	8,470			
21	1868	Ulysses S. Grant (Rep.)	12,993	6,445	19,541	4
		Horatio Seymour (Dem.)	6,548			
22	1872	Ulysses S. Grant (Rep.)	13,665	8,336	18,994	4
		Horace Greeley (Lib. and Dem.)	5,329			
23	1876	Rutherford B. Hayes (Rep.)	15,787	4,947	26,627	4
		Samuel J. Tilden (Dem.)	10,712			
		Peter Cooper (Greenback)	68			
		Green C. Smith (Prohib.)	60			
24	1880	James A. Garfield (Rep.)	18,195	7,155	29,235	4
		Winfield S. Hancock) Dem.)	10,779			
		James B. Weaver (Greenback)	236			
		Neal Dow (Prohibition)	20			
		Scattering	5			
25	1884	Grover Cleveland (Dem.)	12,391		32,771	4
		James G. Blaine (Rep.)	19,030	5,289		
		John P. St. John (Prohib.)	928			
		Benjamin F. Butler (People's)	422			
26	1888	Benjamin Harrison (Rep.)	21,969	3,163	40,775	4
		Grover Cleveland (Dem.)	17,530			
		Clinton B. Fisk (Prohib.)	1,251			
		Alson J. Streeter (Union Labor)	18			
		Scattering	7			

NOTE.—The figures in the left hand column show the number of the election from the first Presidential election in 1789, to the twenty-sixth in 1888.

Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1888.

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND, BY TOWNS, WARDS, & DISTRICTS.

	Republican.	Democratic.	Prohibition.	Union Labor.	Scattering.
Barrington	139	76	24		
Bristol	548	332	49		
Warren	294	295	8		
BRISTOL COUNTY	981	703	81		
Coventry	443	308	12		
East Greenwich	338	173	9		
West Greenwich	73	86			
Warwick, 1st Dist.	648	314	38		
" 2d "	254	197	5		
" 3d "	232	183	1		
KENT COUNTY	1,988	1,261	65		
Jamestown	53	20	8		
Little Compton	170	27	5		
Middletown	175	29	5		
Newport, 1st Ward	478	206	9		
" 2d "	379	249	16		
" 3d "	264	159	12		
" 4th "	222	249	3		
" 5th "	175	367	2		
New Shoreham	142	160			
Portsmouth	188	61	15		
Tiverton	201	107	4		
NEWPORT COUNTY	2,447	1,634	79		
Burrillville	386	279	17		
Cranston, 1st District	180	178	23		
" 2d "	204	103	9		
" 3d "	46	33	3		
Cumberland, 1st District	122	62	7		
" 2d "	298	370	15		
East Providence, 1st District	428	331	35	2	1
" " 2d "	101	52	3		
" " 3d "	101	95	5		
Foster	174	145	13		
Glocester	192	233			1
Johnston	543	379	30		
Lincoln, 1st District	752	562	8	1	
" 2d "	119	87	3		
North Providence	126	71	20		
North Smithfield	122	140	14		

VOTE OF RHODE ISLAND BY TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.—Continued.

	Republican.	Democratic.	Prohibition.	Union Labor.	Scattering.
Pawtucket, 1st Ward	528	375	10	.....	....
" 2d "	268	415	4	1	....
" 3d "	397	164	8	.....	....
" 4th "	499	294	5	.....	....
" 5th "	197	383	1	.....	....
Providence, 1st "	822	622	41	.....	....
" 2d "	894	622	70	2	....
" 3d "	381	955	23	.....	....
" 4th "	744	476	24	4	....
" 5th "	861	586	61	.....	....
" 6th "	641	653	84	1	...
" 7th "	869	478	38	1	....
" 8th "	837	568	74	2	1
" 9th "	595	661	32	.....	....
" 10th "	343	872	28	3	....
Scituate	373	273	27	.....	3
Smithfield	180	144	24	.....	1
Woonsocket	884	759	30	.....	....
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	14,207	12,440	788	17	7
Charlestown	110	50	33	.....	....
Exeter	114	58	20	.....	....
Hopkinton	337	184	54	1	....
North Kingstown	425	371	39	.....	....
South Kingstown, 1st District	377	374	42	.....	....
" " 2d "	123	82	7	.....	....
Richmond	161	98	12	.....	....
Westerly	699	275	31	.....	....
WASHINGTON COUNTY	2,346	1,492	238	1	....
RECAPITULATION BY COUNTIES.					
Bristol County	981	703	81	.....	....
Kent County	1,988	1,261	65	.....	....
Newport County	2,447	1,634	79	.....	....
Providence County	14,207	12,440	788	17	7
Washington County	2,346	1,492	238	1	....
WHOLE STATE	21,969	17,530	1,251	18	7

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS CHOSEN IN RHODE ISLAND.

First Presidential Election, 1789.

Rhode Island not having ratified the Constitution of the United States, did not participate in this election.

In the elections of 1792 and 1796 the Presidential Electors were chosen by the General Assembly in Grand Committee; thereafter by the people.

Second Presidential Election, 1792.

Arthur Fenner, of Providence,
George Champlin, of Newport,
Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown,
William Greene, of Warwick.

Electoral Vote cast for George Washington, of Virginia, for President, and John Adams, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Third Presidential Election, 1796.

Arthur Fenner, of Providence,
George Champlin, of Newport,
Samuel J. Potter, of South Kingstown,
William Greene, of Warwick.

Vote cast for John Adams, of Massachusetts, for President, and Oliver Ellsworth, of Connecticut, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Fourth Presidential Election, 1800.

George Champlin, of Newport,
Edward Manton, of Johnston,
Oliver Davis, of Hopkinton,
William Greene, of Warwick.

Vote cast for John Adams, of Massachusetts, for President; for Charles Pinckney, of South Carolina, 3 votes, and John Jay, of New York, 1 vote, for Vice-President; all Federalists.

Fifth Presidential Election, 1804.

Constant Taber, of Newport,
James Aldrich, of Scituate,
James Helme, of South Kingstown,
Benjamin Remington, of Warwick.

Vote cast for Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, for President, and George Clinton, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans, (*i. e.* Democrats.)

Sixth Presidential Election, 1808.

Thomas P. Ives, of Providence,
Christopher Fowler, of Newport,
James Rhodes, of Warwick,
Thomas Noyes, of Westerly.

Vote cast for Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina, for President, and Rufus King, of New York, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Seventh Presidential Election, 1812.

Christopher Fowler, of Newport,
Samuel G. Arnold, of Providence,
William Rhodes, of Westerly,
Ephraim Bowen, of Providence.

Vote cast for DeWitt Clinton, of New York, for President, and Jared Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President; both Federalists.

Eighth Presidential Election, 1816.

James Fenner, of Providence.
Thomas Pitman, of Newport,
Edward Wilcox, of Charlestown,
Dutee Arnold, of Warwick.

Vote cast for James Monroe, of Virginia, for President, and Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans, (*i. e.*, Democrats).

Ninth Presidential Election, 1820.

James Fenner, of Providence,
Duty J. Pearce, of Newport,
Robert F. Noyes, of South Kingstown,
Dutee Arnold, of Warwick.

Vote cast for James Monroe of Virginia, for President, and Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans, (*i. e.*, Democrats).

Tenth Presidential Election, 1824.

Caleb Earle, of Providence,
Stephen B. Cornell, of Portsmouth,
Elisha Watson, of South Kingstown,
Charles Eldridge, of East Greenwich.

Vote cast for John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts (Coalition), for President, and John C. Calhoun (Democrat), of South Carolina, for Vice-President.

Eleventh Presidential Election, 1828.

Caleb Earle, of Providence,
Stephen B. Cornell, of Portsmouth,
Elisha Watson, of South Kingstown,
Charles Eldridge, of East Greenwich.

Vote cast for John Quincy Adams, of Massachusetts, for President, and Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President; both National Republicans.

Twelfth Presidential Election, 1832.

Samuel Ward King, of Johnston,
William Peckham, of South Kingstown,
Nathaniel S. Ruggles, of Newport,
Peleg Wilbur, of Coventry.

Vote cast for Henry Clay, of Kentucky, for President, and John Sergeant, of Pennsylvania, for Vice-President; both National Republicans.

Thirteenth Presidential Election, 1836.

James Fenner, of Providence,
John DeWolf, of Bristol,
Henry Bull, of Newport,
Benjamin B. Thurston, of Hopkinton.

Vote cast for Martin Van Buren, of New York, for President, and Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, for Vice-President; both Democrats.

Fourteenth Presidential Election, 1840.

Nicholas Brown, of Providence,
George Engs, of Newport,
Wager Weeden, of South Kingstown,
William Rhodes, of Warwick.

Vote cast for William H. Harrison, of Ohio, for President, and John Tyler, of Virginia, for Vice-President; both Whigs.

Fifteenth Presidential Election, 1844.

Benjamin Weaver, of Middletown,
Stephen Steere, of Smithfield,
John Greene, of Warwick,
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly.

Vote cast for Henry Clay, of Kentucky, for President, and Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New York, for Vice-President; both Whigs.

Sixteenth Presidential Election, 1848.

William Sprague, of Warwick,
James T. Rhodes, of Providence,
George G. King, of Newport,
Rowse Babcock, of Westerly.

Vote cast for Zachary Taylor, of Louisiana, for President, and Millard Fillmore, of New York, for Vice-President; both Whigs.

Seventeenth Presidential Election, 1852.

George Turner, of Newport,
Amasa Eddy, of Glocester,
Ariel Ballou, of Cumberland,
Joseph Spink, of North Kingstown.

Vote cast for Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, for President, and William R. King, of Alabama, for Vice-President; both Democrats.

Eighteenth Presidential Election, 1856.

Edward W. Lawton, of Newport,
William P. Bullock, of Providence,
Isaac Saunders of Scituate,
William D Brayton, of Warwick.

Vote cast for John C. Fremont, of California, for President, and William L. Dayton, of New Jersey, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Nineteenth Presidential Election, 1860.

Thomas G. Turner, of Warren,
Elisha Harris, of Coventry,
Latimer W. Ballou, of Cumberland,
David Buffum, of Middletown.

Vote cast for Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, for President, and Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twentieth Presidential Election, 1864.

Robert B. Cranston, of Newport,
Rowse Babcock, of Westerly,
William S. Slater, of Smithfield,
Simon Henry Greene, of Warwick.

Vote cast for Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, for President, and Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-first Presidential Election, 1868.

George H. Norman, of Newport,
James M. Pendleton, of Westerly,
James T. Edwards, of East Greenwich,
Seth Padelford, of Providence.

Vote cast for Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, for President, and Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-second Presidential Election, 1872.

Benjamin Finch, of Newport,
Henry Lippitt, of Providence,
John H. Barden, of Scituate,
Henry Howard, of Coventry.

Vote cast for Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois, for President, and Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-third Presidential Election, 1876.

Samuel G. Arnold, of Middletown,
Nathan F. Dixon, of Westerly,
*William S. Slater, of North Smithfield,
Charles H. Fisher, M. D., of Scituate.

Vote cast for Rutherford B. Hayes, of Ohio, for President, and William A. Wheeler, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-fourth Presidential Election, 1880.

George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport,
Rowland Hazard, of South Kingstown,
William Goddard, of Warwick,
Harvey E. Wellman, of Providence.

Vote cast for James A. Garfield, of Ohio, for President, and Chester A. Arthur, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

* Elected in place of George H. Corliss, who declined to serve.

Twenty-fifth Presidential Election, 1884.

George Peabody Wetmore, of Newport,
George Carmichael, Jr., of Charlestown,
Henry L. Greene, of Warwick,
Isaac M. Potter, of Providence.

Vote cast for James G. Blaine, of Maine, for President, and John A. Logan, of Illinois, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Twenty-sixth Presidential Election, 1888.

Daniel Russell Brown, of Providence,
Lyman B. Goff, of Pawtucket,
John Nicholas Brown, of Newport,
Allen Reynolds, of North Kingstown.

Vote cast for Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, for President, and Levi. P. Morton, of New York, for Vice-President; both Republicans.

Political Organizations.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

ALMON K. GOODWIN, *Chairman;* ISAAC L. GOFF, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

	P. O. Address.
A. C. Landers, Newport	Newport.
Wm. S. Hayward, Providence	Providence.
John E. Kendrick, Providence	Providence.
Rathbone Gardner, Providence	Providence.
Edward F. Dyer, Portsmouth	Portsmouth.
Enos Lapham, Warwick	Centreville.
Albert L. Chester, Westerly	Westerly.
Alvin H. Sprague, New Shoreham	Block Island.
N. P. S. Thomas, North Kingstown	Providence.
Jesse V. B. Watson, South Kingstown	Wakefield.
Thos. J. Tilley, East Greenwich	East Greenwich.
Elijah Anthony, Jamestown	Jamestown.
John E. Whipple, Smithfield	Georgiaville.
Martin S. Smith, Scituate	North Scituate.
Walter A. Read, Glocester	Chepachet.
Joseph C. Church, Charlestown	Charlestown.
Thurston Capwell, West Greenwich	Summit.
Eugene F. Warner, Coventry	Providence.
Edward P. Dutemple, Exeter	Exeter.
Melville Bull, Middletown	Newport.
Isaac F. Williams, Bristol	Bristol.
George R. Lawton, Tiverton	Fall River, Mass.
Nathaniel Church, Little Compton	Little Compton.
Benjamin Drown, Warren	Warren.
Charles E. Howes, Cumberland	Ashton.
John S. Kenyon, Richmond	Shannock.
Hollis M. Coombs, Cranston	Providence.

Elisha C. Stillman, Hopkinton .....Ashaway.
Geo. F. A. Beane, Johnston..... Olneyville.
Charles H. Cozzens, North Providence.....Centredale.
George L. Smith, Barrington.... .....Nayatt.
James M. Wright, Foster.....Rockland.
A. S. Hopkins, Burrillville..... ...Pascoag.
Isaac L. Goff, East Providence.....Providence.
Almon K. Goodwin, Pawtucket... .....Pawtucket.
William O. Thacher, Woonsocket.....Woonsocket.
Charles H. Hobbs, No. Smithfield..... Slatersville.
C. Fred Crawford, Lincoln.....Pawtucket.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

HUGH J. CARROLL, of Pawtucket, *Chairman;* CHRISTOPHER E. CHAMPLIN, of New Shoreham, *Secretary;* OSCAR LAPHAM, of Providence, *Treasurer.*

PROVIDENCE COUNTY.—George T. Brown, Mark A. Golrick, Thos. McMurrough, Oscar Lapham, James F. Miner, Hugh J. Carroll, Elisha W. Bucklin, Bernard McCabe, Thomas F. Hughes, James H. Conley, Gilbert H. Carty, George E. Carpenter, Nelson E. Church, P. J. Collins, A. L. Andrews, F. P. Owen, George H. Graves, S. S. Sweet, Jonathan S. Remington, Metcalf Comstock, Elisha Mathewson, Henry C. White, D. B. Pond, F. L. O'Reilly.

BRISTOL COUNTY.—William McConnery, John E. Connolly, Wiiliam A. Leonard.

KENT COUNTY.—Jesse Carr, James Comisky, John F. Byrne, Rhodes K. Edwards.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.—Thomas J. Peirce, William C. Clarke, George H. Lewis, John L. Kenyon, Philip A. Money, B. F. Bliven, William L. Tucker.

NEWPORT COUNTY.—Samuel R. Honey, Wm. J. Underwood, Dalton E. Young, Joshua Coggeshall, John S. Tallman, H. T. Sisson, Samuel Smith, Christopher E. Champlin, Geo. S. Church.

PROHIBITORY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

HENRY S. WOODWORTH, Providence, *Chairman;* JAVAN N. TODD, *Secretary.*

PROVIDENCE COUNTY.—Henry S. Woodworth, Benj. W. Gallup, John S. Tripp, David O. Cargill, John T. Blodgett, W. C. Purvon, Olin Hill, Ellery Sears, G. W. Kennedy, J. W. Willet, Samuel O. Tabor, Joshua Wells, Samuel W. Hubbard, William H Barron, J. H. Hulbert, J. N. Todd.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.—W. C. Purverce, J. W. Money, J. B. Brayman, Jonathan Larkin, Anson Greene, Bernon Helme, D. Sunderland, John F. Kenyon.

KENT COUNTY.—W. Bodfish, H. H. Kent, J. P. Hazard, Joseph Bailey.

BRISTOL COUNTY.—H. H. Richardson, F. A. Warner, Nathaniel Greene, Rev. C. H. Ewer.

NEWPORT COUNTY.—Michael Butler, Wm. Sisson, E. G. Macomber, Joshua C. Brown, W. B. Franklin, Wm. P. Buffum.

COMMISSIONERS FOR RHODE ISLAND IN OTHER STATES.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	STATE.	TERM EXPIRES.
James E. Mills	Sacramento	California	Nov. 26, 1893.
Erastus V. Joice	San Francisco	"	March 13, 1890.
James L. King	"	"	Jan. 12, 1893.
David Mitchell	Denver	Colorado	Feb. 20, 1892.
Henry S. Stearns	Hartford	Connecticut	April 29, 1890.
Henry E. Tainter	"	"	Nov. 23, 1891.
William A. Wright	New Haven	"	Sept. 20, 1893.
Philip A. Hoyne	Chicago	Illinois	May 18, 1891.
Simeon W. King	"	"	Aug. 16, 1891.
S. S. Willard	"	"	Feb. 20, 1892.
George A. Hero	New Orleans	Louisiana	April 13, 1890.
Meloney C. Soniat	"	"	April 3, 1892.
Walter D. Griscom	Baltimore	Maryland	May 26, 1892.
Philip H. Hoffman	"	"	Jan. 15, 1893.
G. Evett Beardon	"	"	May 22, 1893.
Charles Hall Adams	Boston	Massachusetts	Feb. 6, 1893.
Wm. Cahoone Greene	"	"	April 29, 1889.
Samuel Jennison	"	"	Jan. 26, 1891.
Edward J. Jones	"	"	Oct. 19, 1892.
Daniel B. Whittier	"	"	March 25, 1890.
Benj. Butler Barney	New Bedford	"	July 11, 1894.
C. D. Greene, Jr	St. Louis	Missouri	July 13, 1890.
George W. Earnshaw	Kearney	Nebraska	Feb. 20, 1894.
E. Wright Nelson	"	"	April 4, 1892.
Monroe Crannell	Albany	New York	Feb. 19, 1891.
Benjamin E. Andrews	Brooklyn	"	Oct. 8, 1890.
Charles H. Hooper	"	"	Aug. 9, 1892.
Albert H. Osborn	"	"	Feb. 3, 1891.
Wm. F. Lett	"	"	May 17, 1894.
Armour C. Anderson	New York	"	Dec. 31, 1891.
Benjamin Barker, Jr	"	"	April 19, 1892.
Louis Beckhardt	"	"	Feb. 3, 1893.
William G. Bibb	"	"	April 1, 1892.
Joseph D. Braman	"	"	April 11, 1893.
Frederick A. Burnham	"	"	Dec. 10, 1889.
Theodore Clarkson	"	"	July 31, 1894.
Thomas B. Clifford	"	"	Feb. 2, 1890.
Edwin F. Corey	"	"	Jan. 31, 1893.
George H. Corey	"	"	Aug. 22, 1891.
Spencer C. Doty	"	"	April 8, 1891.
S. A. Emanuel	"	"	April 26, 1892.

COMMISSIONERS FOR RHODE ISLAND, &c.—Continued.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.	STATE.	TERM EXPIRES.
Thomas W. Folsom...	New York.....	New York.....	March 5, 1892.
Emil Frenkel.....	"	"	Aug. 28, 1894.
Frank W. Fullerton....	"	"	Dec. 9, 1892.
John A. Hillery.....	"	"	Feb. 14, 1894.
Eleazer Jackson.....	"	"	Aug. 15, 1890.
Bernard J. Kelly.....	"	"	July 25, 1891.
Thomas Kilvert.....	"	"	Feb. 20, 1892.
Charles T. Lunt.....	"	"	July 18, 1894.
Charles Edgar Mills....	"	"	June 22, 1894.
Charles Nettleton	"	"	Aug. 4, 1891.
Joseph B. Nones.....	"	"	June 21, 1891.
Arthur D. Payne.....	"	"	March 3. 1893.
Vincent Rosemon	"	"	April 6, 1891.
Edward Rowell.....	"	"	March 30, 1890.
Leo. Schwab	"	"	Feb. 14, 1892.
Simon Steinheimer.....	"	"	Aug. 9, 1892.
Charles Taylor.....	"	"	Oct. 15, 1890.
Walter S. Langerman..	"	"	Oct. 8, 1894.
Eliphalet W. Tyler.....	"	"	Sept. 11, 1890.
Eugene A. Hinds... ...	Richfield Spr'gs	"	June 30, 1892.
Joseph T. Harrison....	Cincinnati	Ohio	March 19, 1890.
Gabriel Netter.....	"	"	April 7, 1893.
David F. Kronacker....	"	"	Oct. 3, 1894.
Edward H. Cloud.....	Philadelphia....	Pennsylvania...	Oct. 25, 1894.
Charles Chauncey.....	"	" ..	Jan. 27, 1893.
Wm. Jenks Fell.....	"	" ..	Feb. 15, 1894.
Henry B. Foulke.....	"	" ..	Oct. 13, 1892.
Henry E. Garsed.....	"	" ..	Feb. 15, 1893.
Thomas J. Hunt.....	"	" ..	Nov. 10, 1892.
Theodore D. Rand.....	"	" ..	July 30, 1891.
Edward Shippen.....	"	" ..	July 13, 1890.
Samuel L. Taylor.....	"	" ..	July 29, 1891.
John E. Beall.....	Washington....	Dist. Columbia	April 7, 1890.
Charles S. Bundy.....	"	"	July 22, 1891.
Samuel C. Mills.....	"	"	Sept. 21, 1893.
W. W. Moffett.....	"	"	May 5, 1892.
Anson S. Taylor.....	"	"	Aug. 30, 1891.
Frederick Wm. Terrill.	Montreal.....	Canada.....	May 24, 1891.
Augustus F. Warr.....	Liverpool	England	Aug. 12, 1891.
William Grain.....	London	"	Nov. 17, 1891.
Alfred Heaha.....	"	"	Oct. 2, 1894.

COMMISSIONERS FOR OTHER STATES IN RHODE ISLAND.

STATE.	NAME.	RESIDENCE IN R. I.	TERM EXPIRES.
ARKANSAS	John C. Purkis	Providence	Pleasure of Gov.
CALIFORNIA	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Oct. 18, 1891.
CONNECTICUT	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	April 12, 1893.
	Albert B. Crafts	Westerly	Oct. 10, 1892.
	William Fitch	Providence	March 24, 1891.
FLORIDA	Gilman E Jopp	Providence	Pleasure of Gov.
	John H. Hughes	Westerly	.....
ILLINOIS	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	May 23, 1891.
INDIANA	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	May 23, 1891.
IOWA	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Oct 7, 1892.
KANSAS	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Oct. 25, 1891.
MAINE	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	April 16, 1890.
	William D. Nisbet	"	Nov. 13, 1891.
	Charles Selden	"	Pleasure of Gov.
MASSACHUSETTS	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Oct 5, 1890.
	J. Erastus Lester	"	July 25, 1891.
	Alex. O'D. Taylor	Newport	June 13, 1891.
	Charles A. Warland	Pawtucket	Dec. 7, 1890.
MICHIGAN	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	April 16, 1893.
	Alex. O'D. Taylor	Newport	May 28, 1893.
MINNESOTA	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Oct. 7, 1892.
MISSOURI	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Pleasure of Gov.
NEBRASKA	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	May 24, 1891.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	May 1, 1893.
NEW JERSEY	Gilman E. Jopp	Providence	Jan. 21, 1890.

COMMISSIONERS FOR OTHER STATES IN R. I.—Continued.

STATE.	NAME.	RESIDENCE IN R. I.	TERM EXPIRES.
NEW YORK.....	Amos Prescott Baker. .	Newport.....	Aug. 12, 1891.
	Samuel R. Honey.....	" . ..	March 16, 1891.
	Charles Acton Ives	"	Aug. 14, 1890.
	William P. Sheffield, Jr.	"	Aug. 4, 1892.
	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor.	"	July 9, 1893.
	William W. Douglas...	Providence...	Nov. 17, 1890.
	Gilman E. Jopp.....	"	July 9, 1893.
	John E. Lester.....	"	June 30, 1892.
	Fletcher S. Mason.....	"	June 3, 1890.
	Henry B. Rose.....	"	Jan. 4, 1893.
	Henry B. Whitman....	"	April 13, 1889.
	Charles E. Boon.....	Narrag'st Pier	Jan. 15, 1891.
OHIO.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence..	May 13, 1892.
PENNSYLVANIA..	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence...	May 11, 1893.
	Charles Acton Ives	Newport.....	July 5, 1893.
	Alex. O'Driscoll Taylor.	"	Until expiration of next Senate.
	Wm. P. Sheffield, Jr....	"	Until expiration of next Senate.
SOUTH CAROLINA	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence...	Pleasure of Gov.
	J. E. Vilman.....	"	Pleasure of Gov.
TEXAS.....	Gilman E. Jopp.....	Providence...	Oct. 16, 1891.
WISCONSIN.....	Gilman E. Jopp...	Providence...	May 19, 1891.
	Alex O'Driscoll Taylor	Newport. ...	June 3, 1892.

Military Department.

GOVERNOR AND STAFF.

Governor..... .....Herbert W. Ladd.
Brig. Gen.....Elisha Dyer, Jr.....Adjutant-General.
Colonel.....Hunter C. White.....Asst. do.
Brig. General.....Charles R. Dennis .....Quartermaster General.
Lieutenant-Colonel.....W. Howard Walker .....Asst. do.
Brig. General.....John C. Budlong.....Surgeon-General.
Lieutenant-Colonel.....George H. Kenyon..... .Asst. do.
Brig. General .....Charles A. Wilson.....Judge Advocate General.
Lieutenant-Colonel.....Walter R. Stiness.....Asst. do.
Colonel.....Roscoe S. Washburn.....Aide-de-Camp.
" ....Henry H. Du Villard..... " "
" .....William T. Nicholson, Jr. " "
" .....Addison S. Hopkins..... " "
" ....Henry D. Heydon..... " "
" .....Joseph T. Perry..... " "

BRIGADE OFFICERS.

Brig. General.....Elisha H. Rhodes ... .Commanding Brigade.
Lieutenant-Colonel.....Philip S. Chase.....Asst. Adjutant-General.
" " .....George W. Carr..... ...Medical Director.
Major.....William J. Bradford.....Asst. Inspector-General.
Captain .....John J. Jencks.....Quartermaster.
" .....C. C. Maxson.....Commissary.
" .....Benjamin M. Bosworth...Judge-Advocate.
" .....John Howe.....Engineer.
" .....John F. Clark.....Aide-de-Camp.
" .....Frederick B. Burt ..... " "
" .....Charles Rittmann.....Signal Officer.
" ... .B. McSoley.....Provost Marshal.

AGGREGATE OF RHODE ISLAND MILITIA.—Oct. 1, 1889.

	OFFICERS.				Non-Com'd Officers, Musicians and Privates.			Total.
	General and Staff.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Infantry and Heavy Artillery acting as Infantry.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Infantry and Heavy Artillery acting as Infantry.	
Governor and Staff.....	15	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	15
Brigade Rhode Island Militia..	12	13	4	71	83	48	706	937
Independent Companies.....	....	..	..	34	..	..	209	243
	27	13	4	105	83	48	915	1195

WAR OF THE REBELLION.—(1861-1865.)

(Statistics from R. I. Adjutant General's Report.)

	Officers.	Enlisted Men.	Total.
Number of Troops furnished by the State, of all arms	1628	21,829	23,457
Number of men furnished the Navy	165	480	645
	1793	22,309	24,102

(Population by census of 1860, 174,620.)

CASUALTIES IN R. I. REGIMENTS.

	Officers.	Men.	Aggregate.
Killed	17	238	255
Wounded	66	1183	1249
Died	30	1235	1265
Total	113	2656	2769

Aggregate expenditure by the State, cities and towns for war purposes (1861-1865), $6,500,772.15.

Number of troops enlisted during the Revolutionary War (1775-1783), including Continental Soldiers and Militia.

(From the American Almanac.)

	1775	1776	1777	1778	1779	1780	1781	1782	1783
Rhode Island..	1,193	1,900	2,048	3,056	1,263	915	464	481	372

Facts and Statistics.

FROM THE STATE CENSUS OF 1885.

Total area of the State (exclusive of Narragansett Bay)	1053.1 sq. miles.
Total area of the State (inclusive of Narragansett Bay) about	1300 sq. miles.
Number of towns and cities	36
Smallest town in area is North Providence	5 5 sq. miles.
Largest town in area is South Kingstown.	77.9 sq. miles.

AREA OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES IN SQUARE MILES.

Bristol County	24.3
Kent County	169.0
Newport County	117 0
Providence County	410 9
Washington County	331.9
Total	1,053.1
Total population of the State	304,284
Number of inhabitants to the square mile	288.9

POPULATION BY COLOR AND SEXES.

Total white population	296,942	
" colored* population	7,342	
		304,284
Total male population (48.1 per cent.)	146,393	
" female population (51.9 per cent.)	157,891	
		304,284

* Including 199 Indians, 29 Chinese, and 2 Japanese.

POPULATION BY NATIVITY.

Total number of native born	218,723	
" " foreign born	85,561	
		304,284

CONJUGAL CONDITION OF POPULATION.

Single, males	83,884	
" females	85,196	
		169,080
Married, males	57,120	
" females	57,538	
		114,658
Widowed, males	4,958	
" females	14,430	
		19,388
Divorced, males	431	
" females	727	
		1,158
		304,284

POPULATION BY AGE.

Under 15 years of age	86,531	
15 to 59 years of age, inclusive	192,776	
60 years of age and over	24,977	
		304,284

CITIZENSHIP.

Males 21 years of age and over, native born	53,814	
" " " " foreign born	31,913	
		85,727

Distributed as follows;

COUNTY.	Native born.	Foreign born.
Bristol	2,108	1,020
Kent	4,211	1,788
Newport	5,807	2,669
Providence	36,090	25,436
Washington	5,598	1,000
	53,814	31,913

POLITICAL CONDITION.

Real estate voters	14,554	
" " (naturalized)	4,821	
Personal property voters	3,696	
Registry voters	22,886	
		45,957
Native born non-voters	12,678	
Naturalized non-voters	3,411	
Aliens	23,681	
		39,770
		85,727

MILITIA.

Males 18 to 44 years of age, inclusive :		
Native born	41,366	
Foreign born	22,599	
		63,965

DEFECTIVE PHYSICAL CONDITION.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Blind	120	126	246
Deaf	228	322	550
Dumb	8	4	12
Deaf and Dumb	50	41	91
Idiotic	148	70	218
Insane	278	331	609
	832	894	1,726

MISCELLANEOUS.

Gain in population since census of 1875	46,045
" " " " " 1880	27,753
Whole number of families in the State	66,610
Increase since 1880	6,351
Total number of dwelling houses	48,527
Increase since 1880	6,869
Number of persons to a square mile	288.9
" " dwellings to a square mile	46.08
Average number of persons to a family	4.6
" " " " dwelling	6.6

STATISTICS OF MANUFACTURES, FROM UNITED STATES CENSUS OF 1880.

	All kinds.	Cotton.	Woolen.	Worsted Goods.	Jewelry.
Number of establishments	2,205	133	50	11	148
Capital invested	$75,575,943	$29,260,734	$8,448,700	$4,567,416	$2,836,620
Average number of employees	62,878	22,076	8,121	4,004	3,470
Total amount of wages (year)	$21,355,619	$5,623,933	$2,480,907	$1,222,350	$1,688,616
Value of Materials	58,103,443	13,300,149	9,138,429	3,941,383	2,590,611
Value of Products	104,163,621	24,609,461	15,410,450	6,177,754	5,650,133
Total water power (horse power)	22,240	15,969	3,291	365	
Total steam power (horse power)	41,335	21,433	4,702	3,185	

TOWN INDEBTEDNESS.

Indebtedness of the several cities and towns with the amount of Sinking Funds, as returned by the Town Clerks.

Town or City.	Date, 1889.	Indebtedness.	Sinking Funds or cash on hand
Barrington	March 25	$28,736 70	$446 51
Bristol	February 1	61,766 97	
Burrillville	March 18	50,000 00	
Charlestown	June 3	9,707 96	
Coventry	May 31	15,986 43	
Cranston	April 16	48,393 94	
Cumberland	April 30	97,910 49	
East Greenwich	August 10	18,398 55	
East Providence	March 1	63,701 00	
Exeter	June 4	3,512 10	
Foster	May 27	784 50	
Glocester	February 28	None.	
Hopkinton	June 1	7,689 45	2,964 04
Jamestown	April 3	6,000 00	
Johnston	June 1	43,397 72	
Lincoln	April 30	25,000 00	
Little Compton	June 4	1,867 05	
Middletown	April 3	7,243 84	
Narragansett District	June 10	100 00	
Newport	January 3	227,000 00	18,693 12
New Shoreham	April 9	10,000 00	
North Kingstown	June 3	20,000 00	
North Providence	May 10	27,500 00	8,121 23
North Smithfield	May 1	2,777 16	
Pawtucket	November 30	2,663,008 50	585,000 00
Portsmouth	April 3	None.	
Providence	September 30	10,161,942 95	2,142,950 81
Richmond	May 31	15,797 07	
Scituate	May 10	21,866 47	
Smithfield	April 30	None.	
South Kingstown	May 20	50,913 21	
Tiverton	March 28	1,000 00	
Warren	February 15	10,000 00	
Warwick	September 3	2,000 09	
West Greenwich	May 25	4,825 96	
Westerly	May 17	47,850 00	
Woonsocket	January 1	585,631 52	37,942 83
Aggregate		$14,342,309 63	$2,796,118 51
State Debt	January 1	$1,283,000 00	$767,900 09

NOTE.—The date given above is generally that of the Town Treasurer's last report.

STATE VALUATION,

As established by Chapter 27 of the Public Statutes, on which basis the State tax is collected. Rate of tax: eighteen cents on each one hundred dollars, payable, one-half on or before June 15, and one-half on or before December 15, in each year.

Cities and Towns.	Real Estate.	Personal Property.	Total.
Providence			$168,547,726
North Providence			1,029,846
East Providence	$3,227,212	$563,325	3,790,537
Pawtucket			17,839,212
Lincoln	6,488,395	2,097,628	8,586,023
Smithfield	1,422,906	913,680	2,336,586
North Smithfield	1,589,076	1,092,050	2,681 116
Woonsocket	8,479,595	3,017,967	11,497,562
Cumberland	3,860,966	2,132,750	5,993,716
Burrillville	2,089,570	661,900	2,761,470
Glocester	826,775	365,500	1,192,275
Foster	511,250	151,400	662,650
Scituate	1,724,731	985,592	2,710,323
Johnston	3,354,093	879,300	4,233,393
Cranston	7,220,277	1,042,200	8,262.477
Newport	20,983,850	8,489,700	29,473.550
Middletown	2,295,500	482,650	2,778,150
Portsmouth	2,093,067	523,700	2,616,767
Tiverton	1,227,637	555,915	1,783,552
Little Compton	923,285	352,800	1,276,085
Jamestown	547,167	120,400	667,567
New Shoreham	377,308	71,775	449,083
Warren	1,857,122	2,858,024	4,695,146
Bristol	3,116,111	2,177,868	5,293,979
Barrington	1,311 360	419,768	1,731,128
North Kingstown	1,948,842	936,680	2,885,532
South Kingstown	3,199,831	2,234,200	5,434,031
Charlestown	564,210	99,750	663,960
Westerly	4,055,321	1,385,400	5,440,721
Hopkinton	1,350,062	462,200	1,812,262
Richmond	951,690	329,130	1,280,820
Exeter	478,478	132,280	610,758
Warwick	7,894,993	3,107,970	11,002,963
Coventry	2,559,895	1,531,752	4,091,617
East Greenwich	1,560,931	308,925	1,869,856
West Greenwich	373,600	174,520	548,120
	$243,658,190	$84,872,369	$328,530,559

TOWN AND CITY VALUATION FOR 1888-89.

Valuation of ratable property in the several Towns and Cities as returned by the Boards of Assessors thereof, 1889.

Town, City and County.	Real Estate.	Personal Estate.	Total.	Rate of Tax on each $100.
Barrington	$1,374,192 40	$608 823 00	$1,983,015 40	.71
Bristol	3,714,900 00	1,354,500 00	5,069,400 00	.92
Warren	1,931,450 00	1,608,550 00	3,540,000 00	.82
BRISTOL COUNTY.	$7,020,542 40	$3,571,873 00	$10,592,415 40	
Coventry	$2,505,250 00	$1,275,350 00	$3,780,600 00	.50
East Greenwich	1,496,050 00	328 500 00	1,824,550 00	.60
West Greenwich	287.850 00	75,650 00	363,500 00	1.15
Warwick	8,243,035 00	3,159,740 00	11,402,775 00	.50
KENT COUNTY.	$12,532,185 00	$4,839,240 00	$17,371,425 00	
Jamestown	$1,264,350 00	$370,560 00	$1,634,910 00	.50
Little Compton	941,100 00	504,700 00	1,445,800 00	.57½
Middletown	1,749,750 00	523 300 00	2,273,050 00	.62
Newpo	24,929,900 00	6,133,100 00	31,063,000 00	.93
New Shoreham	551,845 00	120,030 00	671,875 00	1.00
Portsmouth	1,564,700 00	420,200 00	1,984,900 00	.60
Tiverton	1,459,466 00	780,176 00	2,230,642 00	.70
NEWPORT COUNTY.	$32,452,111 00	$8,852,066 00	$41,304,177 00	
Burrillville	$2,154 550 00	$973,400 00	$3,127,950 00	.64
Cranston	6,906,600 00	992,300 00	7,898,900 00	.65
Cumberland	4,743.032 00	2,253,767 00	6,996,799 00	.80
East Providence	6,097,767 00	932,779 00	7,030,546 00	1.00
Foster	447,800 00	97,050 00	544,850 00	1.10
Glocester	847,850 00	544,000 00	1,391,850 00	.90½
Johnston	4,593,800 00	754,700 00	5,348,500 00	.80
Lincoln	7,644.000 00	2,440 300 00	10,084,300 00	.80
North Providence	955,865 00	162,900 00	1,118,765 00	1.00
North Smithfield	1,466,950 00	871,550 00	2,338,500 00	.70
Pawtucket	19,334,018 00	5,061,907 00	24,395,925 00	1.33⅓
Providence	102,850,100 00	37,627,240 00	140,477,340 00	1.50
Scituate	1,625.575 00	777,775 00	2,403,350 00	.80
Smithfield	1,234,000 00	542,500 00	1,776,500 00	.76
Woonsocket	8,142,200 00	1,811,775 00	9,953,975 00	1.35
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	$169,044,107 00	$55,843,943 00	$224,888,050 00	
Charlestown	$642,760 00	$108,000 00	$750,760 00	.80
Exeter	496,080 00	110,000 00	606,080 00	.80
Hopkinton	1,212,900 00	521,200 00	1,734,100 00	.65
North Kingstow	2,475,050 00	1,250,050 00	3,725,100 00	.50
Richmond	1,082,100 00	357,600 00	1,439,700 00	.72½
South Kingstown	2,503,900 00	1,987,647 49	4,491,547 49	.46
Westerly	4,155,400 00	1,110,530 00	5,265,930 00	.90
Dist. of Narragansett.	2,603,445 00	445,050 00	3,048,495 00	.60
WASHINGTON CO.	$15,171,635 00	$5,890,077 49	$21,061,712 49	
WHOLE STATE	$236,220,580 40	$78,997,199 49	$315,217,779 89	

TOWN ELECTIONS.

General officers of the State, and members of the General Assembly are voted for on the first Wednesday in April annually. The annual town meetings for the election of town officers and for making appropriations are held as follows:

Town or City.	Election of Town Officers.	Appropriations.
Barrington	1st Wednesday in April	1st Wednesday in April.
Bristol	1st Saturday in March	1st Saturday in March.
Burrillville	1st Monday in June	1st Wednesday in April.
Charlestown	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
Coventry	1st Monday in June	Tues. after 1st Mon. in June
Cranston	1st Wednesday in June	3d Monday in April.
Cumberland	1st Monday in June	2d Monday in June.
East Greenwich	1st Saturday in June	2d Saturday in August.
East Providence	1st Wednesday in April	1st Mon. after 1st Wed. in April.
Exeter	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
Foster	Last Monday in May	Last Monday in May.
Glocester	1st Monday in June	1st Wednesday in April.
Hopkinton	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
Jamestown	1st Wednesday in April	1st Wednesday in April.
Johnston	1st Monday in June	Last Monday in May.
Lincoln	1st Monday in June	2d Monday in June.
Little Compton	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
Middletown	1st Wednesday in April	1st Wednesday in April.
Newport*		In month of January.
New Shoreham	2d Tuesday in April	2d Tuesday in April.
North Kingstown	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
North Providence	1st Monday in June	1st Monday in June.
North Smithfield	1st Monday in June	2d Monday in June.
Pawtucket†		In month of January.
Portsmouth	1st Wednesday in April	1st Wednesday in April.
Providence‡		
Richmond	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
Scituate	3d Wednesday in May	3d Wednesday in May.
Smithfield	1st Monday in June	2d Tuesday in June.
South Kingstown	1st Tuesday in June	3d Tuesday in May.
Tiverton	1st Wednesday in April	1st Wednesday in April.
Warren	2d Saturday in March	2d Saturday in March.
Warwick	1st Monday in June	1st Tuesday in September.
West Greenwich	4th Monday in May	4th Monday in May.
Westerly	1st Tuesday in June	1st Tuesday in June.
Woonsocket§		
Dis. of Narragansett	1st Monday in June	2d Monday in June.

* In Newport the Municipal Election is held on the 2d Wednesday in September. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen on the first Monday in January.

† In Pawtucket the Municipal Elections are held on Tuesday after the first Monday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen in the month of February.

‡ In Providence the Municipal Election is held on the fourth Tuesday in November. Officers elected by the City Council are chosen on the first Monday in January.

§ In Woonsocket the Municipal Election is held on the first Monday in December; officers elected by the City Council are chosen in the month of January.

CORONERS OF THE SEVERAL TOWNS AND CITIES.

[Elected by the Town Council, pursuant to provisions of Section 10, Chapter 420 of the Public Laws, passed April 30, 1884.]

TOWN OR CITY.	CORONER.	Post Office Address.
Barrington	Mark H. Wood	Barrington Centre.
Bristol	Charles H. Spooner	Bristol.
Burrillville	Robert Wilcox, M. D.	Pascoag.
Charlestown	George C. Cross	Charlestown.
Coventry	Charles E. Andrews	Anthony.
Cranston	Nathan H. Pearce	Cranston Print Works.
Cumberland	Frank E. Miller	Valley Falls.
East Greenwich	Thomas J. Tilley	East Greenwich.
East Providence	Harmon S. Babcock	Providence.
Exeter	Edward P. Dutemple	Exeter.
Foster	Alexander Cameron	Foster Centre.
Glocester	Alexander Eddy	Chepachet.
Hopkinton	Nathan L. Richmond	Wyoming.
Jamestown	T. C. Watson	Jamestown.
Johnston	William A. Phillips	Olneyville.
Lincoln	Samuel Fescenden	Saylesville.
Little Compton	Frederick R. Brownell	Little Compton.
Middletown	George A. Brown	Newport.
Newport	Francis Stanhope	Newport.
New Shoreham	John P. Champlin	Block Island.
North Kingstown	Thomas J. Peirce	Wickford.
North Providence	Albert L. Andrews	Providence.
North Smithfield	James I. Hotchkiss	Slatersville.
Pawtucket	James L. Jencks	Pawtucket.
Portsmouth	Joseph G. Dennis	Portsmouth.
Providence	Elias M. Jenckes	Providence.
Richmond	William P. Richmond	Wyoming.
Scituate	John C. Colvin	Hope.
Smithfield	Oscar A. Tobey	Greenville.
South Kingstown	Benjamin W. Case	Wakefield.
Tiverton	John T. Cook	Tiverton 4 Corners.
Warren	Joseph M. Smith	Warren.
Warwick	Albert R. Greene	Coweset.
West Greenwich	John G. Franklin	Noose Neck Hill.
Westerly	William Hoxsey	Westerly.
Woonsocket	John J. Heffermann	Woonsocket.
Dist. of Narragansett	James O. Chandler	Narragansett Pier.

DEPUTY CORONERS.

TOWN.	DEPUTY CORONER.	Post Office Address.
Barrington	Willard Viall	Barrington Centre.
East Providence	Louis Walker	East Providence.
Glocester	Alex. Eddy	Chepachet.
Johnston	Simon S. Page	Olneyville.
Lincoln	James E. Bowen	Central Falls.
North Kingstown	William M. McKenzie	Wickford.
North Smithfield	Horace G. Smith	Woonsocket.
	Augustus M. Aldrich	Manville.
Providence	Eugene H. Lincoln	Providence.
Tiverton	Joshua T. Durfee	Fall River, Mass.
Warwick	Elihu R. Shippee	Crompton.

CITY AND TOWN OFFICERS—1889-90.

CITY OR TOWN.	City or Town Clerk.	Post Office Address of Clerk.	Town Sergeant, or Chief of Police.
BRISTOL COUNTY.			
Barrington	Mark H. Wood	Barrington Centre	Herbert M. Gardiner.*
Bristol	Herbert F. Bennett	Bristol	James Hoard, Jr.*†
Warren	Charles B. Mason	Warren	John H. Collamore.*
KENT COUNTY.			
Coventry	Stephen W. Griffin	Washington	James V. Fish.*
East Greenwich	Edward Stanhope	East Greenwich	Oliver H. Still.† George S. Bennett.*
West Greenwich	William N. Sweet	Noose Neck Hill	Stephen H. Kittle.*
Warwick	James T. Lockwood	Apponaug	Henry Smith.* Henry C. Budlong.†
NEWPORT COUNTY.			
Jamestown	John E. Watson	Jamestown	Thomas D. Wright.*
Little Compton	Frederick R. Brownell	Little Compton	Owen C. Manchester.*
Middletown	Albert L. Chase	Box 72, Newport	John D. Blair.*
Newport	William G. Stevens	Newport	Wm. C. Congdon.† Wm. H. Westcott*
New Shoreham	Ambrose N. Rose	Block Island	Jeremiah C. Rose.*
Portsmouth	Philip B. Chase	Portsmouth	George S. Sherman.*
Tiverton	John T. Cook	Tiverton 4 Corners	William Hunt.*
PROVIDENCE COUNTY.			
Burrillville	Alvah Mowry	Burrillville	George O. Fairfield.*
Cranston	Daniel D. Waterman	Cranston Print Works	John Bigbee.*†
Cumberland	Patrick F. Kinion	Valley Falls	John J. Noonan.*
East Providence	Thomas A. Sweetland	East Providence	Rufus W. Adams.† Osmond C. Goodell.*

TOWN AND CITY OFFICERS—1889-90—Continued.

CITY OR TOWN.	City or Town Clerk.	Post Office Address of Clerk.	Town Sergeant, or Chief of Police.
Foster	Emory D. Lyon	Foster Centre	Stanton A. Winsor.*
Glocester	Charles W. Farnum	Chepachet	George A. Lee.*
Johnston	William F. King	Olneyville	Martin Mann.*†
Lincoln	Edward B. Smith	Central Falls	George A. Cummings.*
North Providence	Thomas H. Angell	Centredale	Sanford E. Kinnecom.*†
North Smithfield	Byron A. Andrews	Slatersville	Joshua Wardle.*
Pawtucket	Alden W. Sibley	Pawtucket	Oliver H. Perry.† Ansel Carpenter.*
Providence	Henry V. A. Joslin	Providence	Benjamin H. Child.† Edward S. Rhodes.*
Scituate	Daniel H. Remington	South Scituate	Nathan Colvin.† Henry A Ford.*
Smithfield	Oscar A. Tobey	Greenville	Jenckes Smith.*
Woonsocket	Albert E. Greene	Woonsocket	John G. Currier.† Horace M. Pierce.*
WASHINGTON COUNTY.			
Charlestown	George C. Cross	Charlestown	Joseph C. Church.*
Exeter	John H. Edwards	Pine Hill	Amos A. Kenyon.*
Hopkinton	Edwin R. Allen	Hopkinton	John C. Langworthy.*
North Kingstown	Charles T. Crombe	Wickford	Thomas M. Peirce.*
South Kingstown	Howard B. Perry	Wakefield	John R. Wilcox.*
Richmond	Halsey P. Clarke	Wyoming	Wm. W. Lillibridge.*
Westerly	William Hoxsey	Westerly	J. B. Crandall.† George G. Wells.*
District of Narragansett	W. Herbert Caswell	Narragansett Pier	William Sprague.† S. H. Hale.*

* City or Town Sergeant. † Chief of Police.

TOWN TREASURERS.

TOWNS.	Name of Treasurer.	Post Office Address.
Barrington	Ebenezer Tiffany	Barrington.
Bristol	George H. Peck	Bristol.
Burrillville	Philip O. Hawkins	Pascoag.
Charlestown	Charles Cross	Charlestown.
Coventry	Pardon S. Peckham, Jr.	Washington.
Cranston	Hugh B. Bain	Arlington.
Cumberland	Cyrus Taft	Cumberland Hill.
East Greenwich	Levi N. Fitts	East Greenwich.
East Providence	Wm. W. Monroe	East Providence.
Exeter	Clarke S. Greene	Exeter.
Foster	Mowry P. Arnold	Foster Centre.
Glocester	Charles Potter	Chepachet.
Hopkinton	Silas R. Richmond	Hope Valley.
Jamestown	Thomas H. Clarke	Jamestown.
Johnston	Ezra Gifford	Olneyville.
Lincoln	Charles P. Moies	Pawtucket.
Little Compton	William S. Almy	Little Compton.
Middletown	Charles H. Ward	Newport.
Narragansett District	Ezbon S. Taylor	Narragansett Pier.
Newport	David M. Coggeshall	Newport.
New Shoreham	Edward H. Champlin	Block Island.
North Kingstown	Samuel B. Church	Wickford.
North Providence	Frank C. Angell	Centredale.
North Smithfield	Arnold Wakefield	Woonsocket.
Pawtucket	George W. Newell	Pawtucket.
Portsmouth	Edward R. Anthony	Portsmouth.
Providence	D. L. D. Granger	Providence.
Richmond	Charles J. Greene	Kenyon.
Scituate	Charles A. Capwell	South Scituate.
Smithfield	Marshall I. Mowry	Greenville.
South Kingstown	John A. Allen	Wakefield.
Tiverton	Isaac Brown	Tiverton.
Warren	Joseph W. Martin	Warren.
Warwick	Dwight R. Adams	Centreville.
West Greenwich	Pardon Hopkins	Noose Neck Hill.
Westerly	W. Court Pendleton	Westerly.
Woonsocket	Samuel P. Cook	Woonsocket.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

TOWNS.	Names of Overseers of the Poor.	Post Office Address.
Barrington	Jonathan Allen	Drownville.
Bristol	Charles H. Spooner	Bristol.
Burrillville	Henry A. Potter	Pascoag.
Charlestown	Joseph C. Church	Charlestown.
Coventry	David B. Knight	Coventry.
Cranston	John Bigbee	Cranston Print Works.
Cumberland	Jason B. Adams	Woonsocket.
East Greenwich	Nathaniel G. Carpenter	East Greenwich.
East Providence	H. A. L. Potter	East Providence.
Exeter	Stephen B. Weeden	Exeter.
Foster	Gardner Howard	Foster Centre.
Glocester	Lyman B. Stone	Chepachet.
Hopkinton	George B. Carpenter	Ashaway.
Jamestown	Isaac B. Briggs	Jamestown.
Johnston	Chas. E. Tourtellot	Olneyville.
Lincoln	Robert Gilchrist	Central Falls.
Little Compton	Benjamin S. Pierce	Little Compton.
Middletown	Town Council	P. O Box 72, Newport.
Narragansett District	George S. Knowles	Wakefield.
Newport	John H. Crosby, Jr... Jeremiah W. Horton. Andrew K. Quinn....	Newport.
New Shoreham	Otis P. Mott	Block Island.
North Kingstown	Joseph D. Parkhurst	Wickford.
North Providence	Henry R. Hill	Wanskuck.
North Smithfield	George Johnson	Slatersville.
Pawtucket	William M. Peckham	Pawtucket.
Portsmouth	Town Council	Portsmouth.
Providence	Matthew J. Cummings	Providence.
Richmond	William P. Richmond.. David P. Kenyon .	Wyoming Hope Valley.
Scituate	Henry A. Ford	Rockland.
Smithfield	Jabe J. Appleby.	Greenville.
South Kingstown	Wm. Sheldon	Wakefield.
Tiverton	Town Council	Tiverton 4 Corners.
Warren	George Smith	Warren.
Warwick	William J. Wells	Apponaug.
West Greenwich	Isaac C. Andrews	Noose Neck Hill.
Westerly	Samuel H. Cross	Westerly.
Woonsocket	Edward Thurber	Woonsocket.

Members of the City and Town Councils.

Also time and place of meetings of Town Councils and Probate Courts.

BARRINGTON.—John F. Richmond, Hiram F. Perry, Horace E. Medbury, Isaac T. Barnum, William R. Martin.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in every month at 2 P. M., in the Town Clerk's office.

BRISTOL.—Philip H. Coyle, William H. Thompson, Henry M. Thompson, Frederick F. Gladding, William J. Bradford.

Town Council meets on the first Monday in each month at 2 P. M., in Town Clerk's office. Probate Court meets on first and third Monday in each month at 10 A. M.

BURRILLVILLE.—Oliver A. Inman, George H. Thayer, Joseph D. Nichols, Edward Honan, Michael H. Lacy, Arthur S. Fitts, Henry L. Copeland.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on last Saturday in every month, at 1 P. M., in the Town Clerk's office, except the September meeting which is held at the Town Asylum on the last Saturday at 10 A. M,

CHARLESTOWN.—William D. Cross, Samuel B. Hoxsie, Jr., William K. Owen, Sheffield Greene, George W. Hoxsie.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday in each month at 1 P. M., at Card's Hall, Cross's Mills.

COVENTRY.—Caleb G. Bates, Horatio H. Colvin, Thomas G. Whaley, Wm. A. N. Matteson, John Brown.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the third Monday in every month at 10 A. M., at the Town Clerk's office, Washington.

CRANSTON.—James A. Budlong, George R. Babbitt, Charles F. Fiske, Joseph L. Sanders, Elisha S. Arnold, George A. Field, Orlando L. Hill.

Town Council meets on the last Saturday of every month at 10 A. M., at the new Town House, Knightsville. Probate Court on last Thursday of every month, at 2 P. M., at same place.

CUMBERLAND. — Conrad W. Cook, Jason B. Adams, Humphrey Gregory, Anthony Earle, Wm. Burke.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday of every month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office, Valley Falls.

EAST GREENWICH.—James H. Eldredge, Jos. W. Vaughan, Lyman Himes, Christopher A. Shippee of W., J. Warren Lander.

Town Council and Probate Court meet the last Saturday in each month at 2 P. M., at the Town Clerk's office.

EAST PROVIDENCE.—Henry F. Anthony, Benjamin Wilson, George W. Whelden, Benj. Martin, Ira D. Goff.

Town Council meets on first Tuesday in every month at 2 P. M.; Probate Court on second Monday in every month at 2 P. M., both at Town Clerk's office.

EXETER.—Clark S. Greene, John T. G. Sweet, George F. Barber, Stephen C. Dawley, William G. Rose.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday in every month at 10 A. M., at the Town Hall on Pine Hill.

FOSTER.—Mowry P. Arnold, Jr., Curtis H. Foster, William R. Hopkins, Job D. Place, Olney Brayton.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Saturday of every month at 1 P. M., at Town Clerk's office at Foster Centre.

GLOCESTER. — Samuel O. Mowry, James B. Reynolds, William H. Steere, Lucius B. Steere, Benedict A. Burlingame.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Saturday in every month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office in Chepachet.

HOPKINTON.—Paul M. Barber, Hazard R. Gates, Benjamin P. Langworthy, 2d., Nathan H. Lanphear, George E. Greene.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at Town Hall in Hopkinton City.

JAMESTOWN.—Thomas Carr Watson, Thomas G. Carr, Eben N. Tefft, Nathaniel S. Littlefield, John E. Watson.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on third Monday in every month at Town Hall, at 2 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—John E. Bowen, Charles O. Brown, Wm. B. Colwell, Chas. H. Coffin, Albert P. Bates, Henry C. Gorton, Simon Revens.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Saturday in every month at 2 P. M., in Oddfellows' Building, Olneyville.

LINCOLN.—John E. Thompson, John T. Parker, Edwin Clarkson, Benjamin Harris, George W. Burnham, Joseph T. Richards, Gilbert Carty.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the last Saturday in every month at 2 P. M., at Town House, Central Falls.

LITTLE COMPTON.—George A. Gray, Pardon C. Brownell, Philip W. Almy, Daniel Wilbor, Samuel B. Gray.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at Town Hall.

MIDDLETOWN.—Benjamin Wyatt, William F. Peckham, William E. Coggeshall, Isaac A. Sherman, A. Herbert Ward.

Town Council and Probate Court meet at the Town Hall on the third Monday of every month at 1 P. M.

NEWPORT.—(Elected September 11, 1889)—*Mayor*, Thomas Coggeshall.

Aldermen.

WARD.	WARD.
1. John D. Pike.	4. James A. Eddy.
2. Edward W. Higbee.	5. Charles H. Burdick.
3. Robert C. Cottrell.	

(*At large*)—Philip Stevens.

Common Council.

1st Ward.—Enoch G. Young, Edward P. Marsh, Arthur B. Gladding.

2d Ward.—Ezra J. Barker, John Myers, Joseph C. Coggeshall.

3d Ward.—William B. Sherman, Henry D. Scott, Fred M. Hammett.

4th Ward.—William M. Austin, James Openshaw, George W. Flagg.

5th Ward.—Jeremiah Lynch, Michael A. McCormick, John P. Hammond.

Regular meetings of the City Council on first Tuesday evening of each month. Probate Court meets every Monday at 10 A. M.

NEW SHOREHAM.—Herbert S. Millikin, John G. Sheffield, Alvin H. Sprague, George Jelly, Alonzo P. Mott.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at the Town Hall.

NORTH KINGSTOWN.—James A. Matteson, Lyman Aylesworth, Thomas W. D. Rathbun, William W. Congdon, Silas L. Parkis.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at the Town House in Wickford.

NORTH PROVIDENCE.—Charles A. Towne, Benjamin Sweet, Ira Olney, Jonathan G. Boss, James A. Burnes.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in every month at the Council Chamber in Centredale, at 10 A. M.

NORTH SMITHFIELD.—Arnold Wakefield, Metcalf B. Marsh, William H. Goodale, David B. Mowry, Michael F. Kelly.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on last Saturday of each month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office in Slatersville.

PAWTUCKET.—(Elected Nov. 5, 1889)—*Mayor*, Hugh J. Carroll.

Aldermen.—*1st Ward.*—Nathan A. Chatterton.
2d Ward.—Edward Smith.
3d Ward.—Joseph E. Jenckes.
4th Ward.—George A. Saunders.
5th Ward.—William F. Meagher.

Common Council.

1st Ward. — Henry E. Tiepke, Frederick F. Halliday, Franklin P. Watson.
2d Ward —James H. Winters, Bernard T. Lennon, Peter Lennon.
3d Ward.—Philo E. Thayer, Benjamin F. Davis, Philip C. Sheldon.
4th Ward.—James Brown, John H. Moore, J. Ellis White.
5th Ward —Frank O'Reilley, Thomas McKeough, James W. Larkin.

The Board of Aldermen meet on the first Wednesday after the first Saturday in each month, at 8 P. M.; the Common Council meet on the second Wednesday after the first Saturday in each month at 8 P. M. The Probate Court meets every Wednesday, at 4 P. M., in the Council Chamber on High street.

PORTSMOUTH.—Henry Anthony, Fillmore Coggeshall, Geo. R. Hicks, George N. Dennis, Restcom P. Manchester.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the second Monday in each month at 1 P. M., at the Town Hall.

PROVIDENCE.—(Elected Dec. 6, 1889.)—*Mayor*, Henry R. Barker.

Board of Aldermen.

WARD.	WARD.
1.—William E. Clarke,	6.—Robert E. Smith,
2.—Samuel T. Douglas,	7.—Henry T. Root,
3.—Edwin D. McGuinness,	8.—Edwin Lowe,
4 —Henry B. Winship,	9.—Arthur W. Dennis,
5.—Edward G. Burrows,	10.—Charles E. Gorman.

Common Council.

1st Ward.—Arthur H. Watson, William P. Vaughan, Philip B. Durfee, Frank F. Olney.

2d Ward.—John M. Rounds, George D. Lansing, Ezekiel W. Clarke, Edward S. Aldrich.

3d Ward.—Jesse H. Metcalf, John J. Gilmartin, James H. Kelly, Michael McHale.

4th Ward.—George L. Pierce, Joseph H. Kendrick, William Millen, George E. Barstow.

5th Ward.—David Burton, William K. Reynolds, John W. Angell, George H. Darling.

6th Ward.—James K. Trask, Michael Sweeney, Hoffman S. Dorchester, Patrick J. McCarty.

7th Ward.—William W. Batchelder, Mortimer H. Hartwell, Elisha H. Rockwell, Richard H. Deming.

8th Ward.—Edwin Winsor, Charles E. Harris, Spencer P. Read, George L. Vose.

9th Ward.—Ira Winsor, Leander R. Peck, John E. Kendrick, H. Martin Brown.

10th Ward.—William H. Covell, John Gibbons, Alexander A. McCaughin, Patrick A. Dunn.

The Board of Aldermen meet usually by adjournment on Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock; the Common Council on alternate Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. The Municipal Court, which has probate jurisdiction, has a regular session at the City Hall every Tuesday at 9 A. M. Police Court meets daily at 8 A. M., at Central Police Station.

RICHMOND.—Henry F. Woodmansee, Joseph E. Lanphere, Charles D. Chace, George P. Farley, A. H. Ecclestone.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at the Town Hall.

SCITUATE. — Thomas J. Remington, Joshua C. Potter, Abner F. Peckham, Walter B. Hopkins, Harris D. Whitman, Henry C. Barden, Gilbert W. Adams.

Town Council and Probate Court meet at Town Clerk's office, on second Saturday in every month at 10 A. M.

SMITHFIELD.—Adin B. Capron, Elisha S. Harris, Stephen H. Brown, Daniel G. Aldrich, Albert J. Mowry.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the last Saturday in every month at 2 P. M., at the Town Clerk's office in Greenville.

SOUTH KINGSTOWN.—Benjamin B. Sheldon, George W. Browning, of H., Frank W. Robinson, George L. May, David Hudson, Frank E. Marchant, Emory E. Hodge.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the second Monday in every month at 1 P. M., at the Town House, Wakefield.

TIVERTON.—Peleg D. Humphrey, Samuel E. Borden, Christopher Manchester, Austin Walker, Fernando A. Wilcox.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday of every month at 10 A. M., at the Town Hall.

WARREN.—William H. Crawley, Daniel L. Turner, George W. Arnold, Clarence H. Seymour, John M. Maloy.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on the first Monday in each month at 2 P. M., at Town Clerk's office.

WARWICK.—Enos Lapham, Webster Knight, M. J. E. Legris, Philip Duffy, Oliver P. Sarle.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on second Monday in each month at 1 P. M., at Town House, Apponaug.

WEST GREENWICH.—John A. Brown, Thurston Capwell, Orman E. Tarbox, Burrill F. Hopkins, James H. Fisk.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on last Saturday in every month at 1 P. M., at Town Clerk's office.

WESTERLY.—B. Court Bentley, Gideon T. Collins, Albert H. Spicer, Alexander G. Crumb, Courtland P. Chapman, William Segar, Charles H. Saunders.

Town Council and Probate Court meet on first Monday in each month at 10 A. M., at Town Hall.

WOONSOCKET. — (Elected December 2, 1889.) — *Mayor*, Daniel B. Pond.

Aldermen.—*1st Ward.*—Frank Harris.
2d Ward.—Charles E. Thomas.
3d Ward.—John J. Heffernan.
4th Ward.—Charles E. Ballou.
5th Ward.—George H. Miller.

Common Council.

1st Ward.—George Smith, Jonathan Battye, Odilon T. Paradis.

2d Ward.—James E. Bradford, Etienne N. Janson, Fred L. Crossman.

3d Ward.—Charles H. Horton, William Power, James R. Gould.

4th Ward.—Frank E. Holden, William Kelly, John A. C. Whitman.

5th Ward.—Clement A. Sylvestre, Phillippe Boucher, John W. Cass.

Regular meetings of the Board of Aldermen and the Common Council not yet determined for 1890. Probate Court meets on first Tuesday in every month at 2 P. M., at the City Clerk's office.

DISTRICT OF NARRAGANSETT.—William Sprague, George G. Pearse, Joseph G. Johnson, J. C. Tucker, Jr., Freeman P. W. Tefft.

District Council and Probate Court meet on third Monday in each month at the Police Station on Beach street.

Salaries of State Officials.

Governor	$1,000
Lieutenant Governor	500
Secretary of State	2,500
Attorney General	2,500
General Treasurer	2,500
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court	4,500
Four Associate Justices of the Supreme Court (each)	4.000
State Auditor	1,500
Insurance Commissioner*	1,000
Commissioner of Public Schools	3,000
Assistant Attorney-General	1,500
Reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court	800
Commissioners of Shell Fisheries (four hundred dollars each)	1,200
Railroad Commissioner	1,000
Commissioner of Industrial Statistics	2,000
Librarian of the Law Library	800
Clerk of the Secretary of State	1,800
Clerks of the State Auditor	2,000
Clerk of the Commissioner of Public Schools	500
Clerk of the General Treasurer	1,000
Sheriff of the County of Newport	600
Sheriffs of the Counties of Bristol, Kent and Washington (each)	400
Crier of the Courts in Providence County	700
Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Providence	2,500
Assistant Clerk of the Supreme Court of the County of Providence	1,200
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Providence	2,500
Assistant Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Providence	1,200
Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Newport	750
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Newport	550
Assistant Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Newport	150
Assistant Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Newport	150
Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Bristol	300
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Bristol	300
Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Kent	400
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Kent	400

* The State Auditor is, *ex-officio*, Insurance Commissioner.

Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Washington	$500
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, County of Washington	500
Justice of the District Court of the First Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the First Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Second Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Third Judicial District	1,100
Justice of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District	800
Justice of the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District	3,000
Clerk of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District	1,500
Clerk in office of Clerk of District Court of the Sixth Judicial District.	500
Justice of the District Court of the Seventh Judicial District	800
Justice of the District Court of the Eighth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Eighth Judicial District	800
Justice of the District Court of the Ninth Judicial District	1,000
Justice of the District Court of the Tenth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Tenth Judicial District	800
Justice of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District	1,000
Clerk of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District	800
Justice of the District Court of the Twelfth Judicial District	1,200
Clerk of the District Court of the Twelfth Judicial District	800
Commissioner of Dams and Reservoirs	1,000
Adjutant-General	600
Quartermaster-General	500
Clerks in the Adjutant-General's office	550
Messenger in the Elizabeth Building	900
Messenger in State House, Providence	900
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Brigade of Rhode Island Militia	250
State Registrar	500

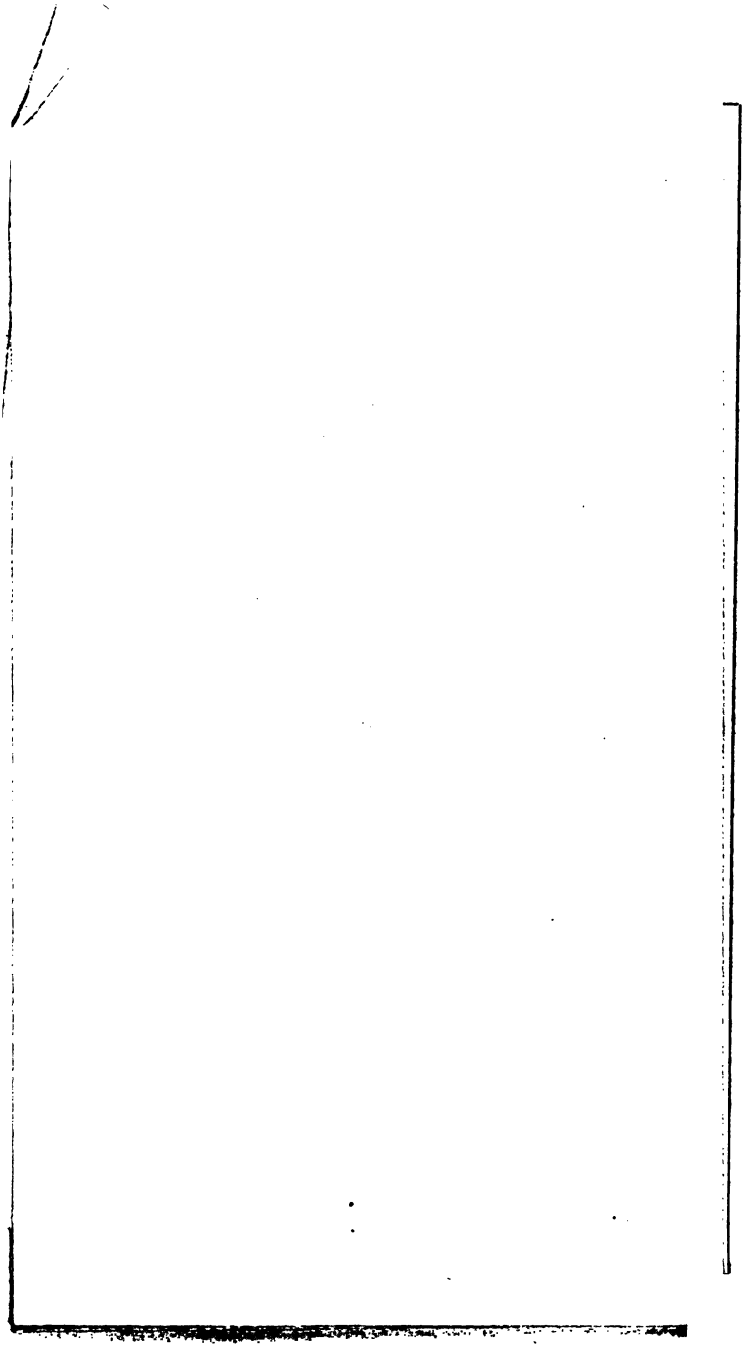
STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1889-90.

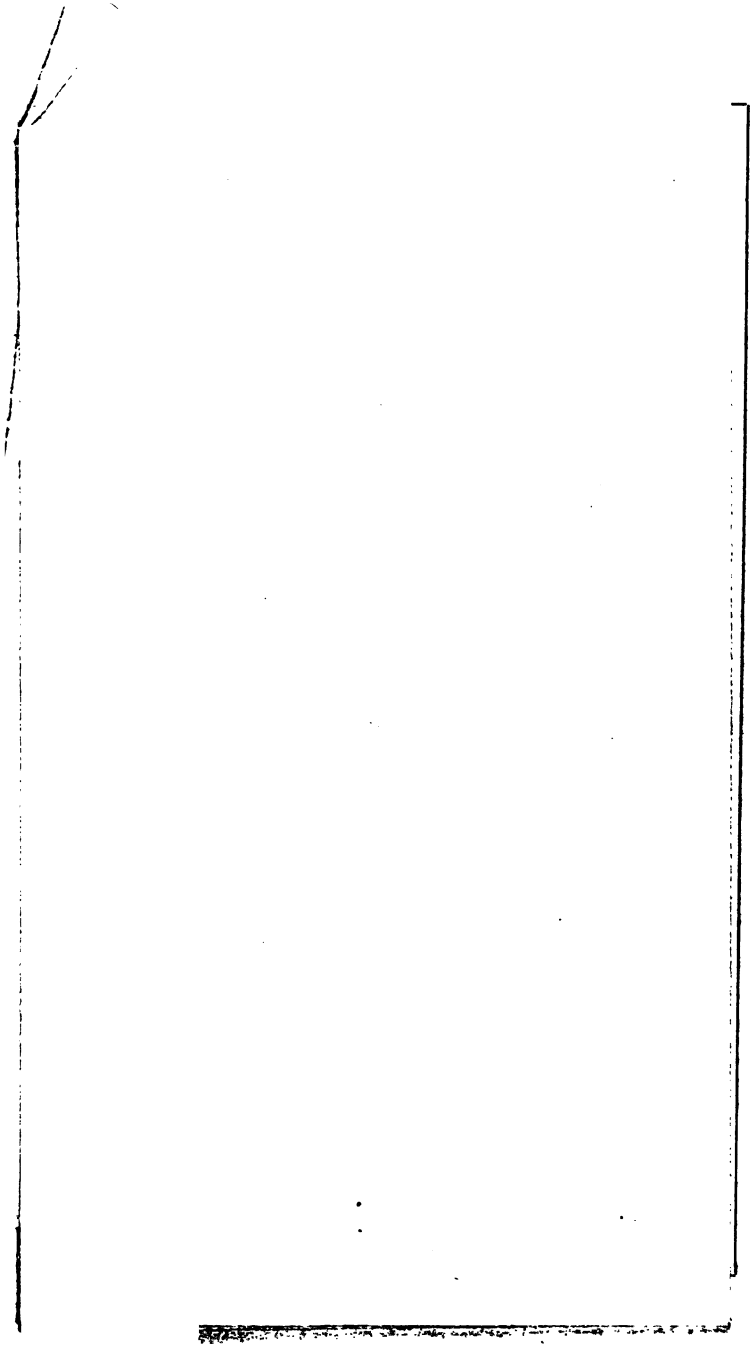
When admitted.	States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term in Years.	Term Expires.	Salary.	Legislature Meets.	Sessions.
1819	Alabama	Montgomery	Thomas Seay*	2	Dec. 1, 1890	$3,000	Nov. 1890	Biennial.
1836	Arkansas	Little Rock	James P. Eagle*	2	Jan. 17, 1891	3,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1850	California	Sacramento	R. W. Waterman†	4	Jan. 1, 1891	6,000	Jan. 1890	Biennial.
1876	Colorado	Denver	Job A. Cooper†	2	Jan. 1891	5,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	Connecticut	Hartford	Morgan G. Bulkeley†	2	Jan. 1891	4,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	Delaware	Dover	Benjamin F. Biggs*	4	Jan. 1891	2,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1845	Florida	Tallahassee	F. P. Fleming*	4	Jan. 1893	3,500	April 1890	Biennial.
	Georgia	Atlanta	John B. Gordon*	2	Nov. 1890	3,000	Nov. 1890	Biennial.
1818	Illinois	Springfield	Joseph W. Fifer†	4	 1893	6,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1816	Indiana	Indianapolis	Alvin P. Hovey†	4	Jan. 14, 1893	5,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1846	Iowa	Des Moines	Wm. Larrabee†	2	Jan. 1892	3,000	Jan. 1890	Biennial.
1861	Kansas	Topeka	Lyman W. Humphrey†	2	Jan. 1891	3,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1792	Kentucky	Frankfort	S. B. Buckner*	4	Sept. 1891	5,000	Dec. 30, 1889	Biennial.
1812	Louisiana	Baton Rouge	Francis T. Nichols*	4	May 1892	4,000	May 1890	Biennial.
1820	Maine	Augusta	Edwin C. Burleigh†	2	Jan. 1891	2,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	Maryland	Annapolis	Elihu E. Jackson*	4	Jan. 1892	4,500	Jan. 1, 1890	Biennial.
	Massachusetts	Boston	John Q. A. Brackett†	1	Jan. 1891	5,000	Jan. 1890	Annual.
1837	Michigan	Lansing	Cyrus G. Luce†	2	Jan. 1, 1891	1,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1858	Minnesota	St. Paul	W. R. Merriam†	2	Jan. 1, 1891	5,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1817	Mississippi	Jackson	J. M. Stone*	4	Jan. 1890	4,000	Jan. 1890	Biennial.
1821	Missouri	Jefferson City	David R. Francis*	4	Jan. 1893	5,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1889	Montana	Helena	Jos. K. Toole*	3	Jan. 1, 1893	5,000	Dec. 1889	Biennial.
1867	Nebraska	Lincoln	John M. Thayer†	2	Jan. 1891	2,500	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1864	Nevada	Carson City	C. C. Stevenson†	4	Jan. 1891	5,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	New Hampshire.	Concord	David H. Goodell†	2	Jan. 8, 1891	2,000	Jan. 7, 1891	Biennial.
	New Jersey	Trenton	Leon Abbett*	3	Jan. 1890	5,000	Jan. 1890	Annual.
	New York	Albany	David B. Hill*	3	Dec. 31, 1890	10,000	Jan. 2, 1890	Annual.
	North Carolina	Raleigh	Daniel G. Fowler*	4	Jan. 1, 1893	3,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.

STATE GOVERNMENTS IN 1889-90—Continued.

When admitted.	States.	Capitals.	Governors.	Term in Years.	Term Expires.	Salary.	Legislature Meets.	Sessions.
1889	North Dakota	Bismarck	John Miller†	2	Jan. 1893		Jan. 1890	Biennial.
1802	Ohio	Columbus	James E. Campbell*	2	Jan. 1893	8,000	Jan. 1890	Annual.
1859	Oregon	Salem	Sylvester Pennoyer†	4	Jan. 1891	1,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	Pennsylvania	Harrisburg	James A. Beaver†	4	Jan. 1891	10,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	Rhode Island	Providence & Newport	Herbert W. Ladd†	1	May 1890	1,000	Jan. 1890	Annual.
	South Carolina	Columbia	J. P. Richardson*	2	Nov. 1890	3,500	Nov. 1890	Annual.
1889	South Dakota	Pierre	Arthur C. Mallette†	2	Jan. 1891	3,000	Jan. 1890	Biennial.
1796	Tennessee	Nashville	Robert L. Taylor*	2	Jan. 1, 1891	4,000	Jan. 1, 1890	Annual.
1845	Texas	Austin	L. S. Ross*	2	Jan. 1891	4,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1791	Vermont	Montpelier	Wm. P. Dillingham†	2	Oct. 1890	1,500	Oct. 1890	Biennial.
	Virginia	Richmond	Fitz Hugh Lee*	4	Dec. 1889	5,000	Dec. 4, 1889	Biennial.
1889	Washington	Olympia	Miles O. Moore†	4	Jan. 1893	5,000	Nov. 1889	Biennial.
1848	Wisconsin	Madison	William D. Hoard†	2	Jan. 1891	5,000	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
	Territories.							
1868	Alaska	Sitka	Lyman E. Knapp†	4	March 1893	3,000	Jan. 1892	Biennial.
1863	Arizona	Phenix	Lewis Walfby†	4	March 28, 1893	3,500	Jan. 1891	Biennial.
1863	Idaho	Boise City	George L. Stroup†	4	April 2, 1893	2,600	Dec. 1890	Biennial.
1834	Indian	Tahlequah	J. B. Mayes†	4	....	2,000	Nov. 1889	Annual.
1850	New Mexico	Santa Fee	L. Bradford Prince†	4	April 1893	2,600	Dec. 1890	Biennial.
1859	Utah	Salt Lake City	Arthur L. Thomas†	4	May 1893	2,600	Jan. 1890	Biennial.
1868	Wyoming	Cheyenne	Francis E. Warren†	4	March 1893	2,600	Jan. 1890	Biennial.
			John W. Douglass	....	.....	5,000	.....	.....
1791	Dist. of Columbia.	Washington	Lemon G. Hine, Commiss'rs	....	.....	5,000	.....	.....
			Maj. C. W. Raymond, U. S. Engineers	....	.....	Army pay.	.....	.....

† This mark indicates Republican. * This mark indicates Democrat.





CIVIL GOVERNMENT OF RHODE ISLAND.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS,

AND

RULES AND ORDERS, COMMITTEES, &c.

OF THE

Senate and House of Representatives,

FOR THE POLITICAL YEAR

1889-90.

Executive Department and State Officers.

HIS EXCELLENCY

HERBERT W. LADD,

OF PROVIDENCE,

GOVERNOR.

HIS HONOR

DANIEL G. LITTLEFIELD,

OF LINCOLN,

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

SAMUEL H. CROSS,

OF WESTERLY,

SECRETARY OF STATE.

ZIBA O. SLOCUM,

OF PROVIDENCE,

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

SAMUEL CLARK,

OF LINCOLN,

GENERAL TREASURER.

Senate.

HIS EXCELLENCY

HERBERT W. LADD,

GOVERNOR, AND *ex-officio* PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

HIS HONOR

DANIEL G. LITTLEFIELD,

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND *ex-officio* SENATOR.

Senators from the Several Towns.

NEWPORT	Robert S. Franklin.
PROVIDENCE	George T. Brown.
PORTSMOUTH	William L. Sisson.
WARWICK	Henry L. Greene.
WESTERLY	George H. Utter.
NEW SHOREHAM	Frank Littlefield.
NORTH KINGSTOWN	George T. Cranston.
SOUTH KINGSTOWN	George T. Lanphear.
EAST GREENWICH	Richard Thornley.
JAMESTOWN	Thomas C. Watson.
SMITHFIELD	Alonzo P. Mowry.
SCITUATE	Franklin P. Owen.
GLOCESTER	Walter A. Read.
CHARLESTOWN	George C. Cross.
WEST GREENWICH	Benjamin R. Hoxie.
COVENTRY	Joseph H. Congdon.

EXETER ..... Z. Herbert Gardner.
MIDDLETOWN ..... Melville Bull.
BRISTOL ..... Joshua Wilbour.
TIVERTON ..... George L. Church.
LITTLE COMPTON ..... James H. Shaw.
WARREN ..... George S. Brown.
CUMBERLAND ..... Lucius F. C. Garvin.
RICHMOND ..... Charles J. Greene.
CRANSTON ..... J. Titus Andrews.
HOPKINTON ..... Edwin R. Allen.
JOHNSTON ..... Samuel E. Groves.
NORTH PROVIDENCE ..... Andrew J. Wilcox.
BARRINGTON ..... John F. Richmond.
FOSTER ..... Isaac Paine
BURRILLVILLE ..... Addison S. Hopkins.
EAST PROVIDENCE ..... Andrew J. Anthony.
PAWTUCKET ..... Albert R. Sherman.
WOONSOCKET ..... Daniel B. Pond.
NORTH SMITHFIELD ..... Byron A. Andrews.
LINCOLN ..... John E. Thompson.

SAMUEL H. CROSS,
Secretary of State, and *ex officio* Secretary.

EUGENE F. WARNER, Clerk,
CHARLES P. BENNETT, Engrossing Clerk.

House of Representatives.

HON. AUGUSTUS S. MILLER,

OF PROVIDENCE,

SPEAKER.

Representatives from the Several Towns.

NEWPORT	William C. Townsend.
	Dalton E. Young.
	William P. Sheffield, Jr.,
	John J. Carry,
	William J. Swinburne.
PROVIDENCE	Thomas Davis,
	Lorin M. Cook,
	John F. Lonsdale,
	Jesse H. Metcalf,
	Hiram Howard,
	James T. Kennedy,
	William H. Mulvey,
	Augustus S. Miller,
	William K. Potter,
	John E. Potter,
	Thomas F Peirce,
	John M. Brennan.
PORTSMOUTH	Edward F. Dyer.
WARWICK	Henry D. Heydon,
	James B. Hanaford,
	Gideon Spencer,
	Nathan D. Pierce, Jr.

WESTERLY	Orlando R Smith,
	Ira B. Crandall.
NEW SHOREHAM	John G. Champlin.
NORTH KINGSTOWN	William Gregory.
SOUTH KINGSTOWN	Edmund Walker.
EAST GREENWICH	William A. Hanaford.
JAMESTOWN	John M. Douglass.
SMITHFIELD	Adin B. Capron.
SCITUATE	Raymond A. Rathbone.
GLOCESTER	Percy D. Smith.
CHARLESTOWN	William K. Owen.
WEST GREENWICH	Alanson M. Albro.
COVENTRY	George B. Parker.
EXETER	Herbert E. Lewis.
MIDDLETOWN	Joel Peckham.
BRISTOL	Henry W. Hayes,
	Chandler H Coggeshall.
TIVERTON	George W. Gray
LITTLE COMPTON	Thomas Howard.
WARREN	William B. Nichols.
CUMBERLAND	James Lee.
	Levi S. Ballou.
RICHMOND	Alvin H. Eccleston.
CRANSTON	Arthur Given,
	Walter F. Brayton.
HOPKINTON	Paul M. Barber.
JOHNSTON	Frank W. Tillinghast,
	Henry S. Turner.
NORTH PROVIDENCE	Walter W. Whipple.
BARRINGTON	Isaac S. Barnum.
FOSTER	Albert A. Sweet.
BURRILLVILLE	Albert H. Sayles,
	Edward L. Gannon.
EAST PROVIDENCE	Ellery H. Wilson.
PAWTUCKET	Hugh J. Carroll.
	Thomas W. Robinson,
	Amos D. Arnold,
	Edward Jollie,
	William Hoffman,
	William H. Salisbury.

WOONSOCKET.....	Gilman Brown,
	Gideon L. Archambeault,
	Etienne C. Delabarre,
	Joseph S. Brown,
	Ambrose Feeley.
NORTH SMITHFIELD	George J. Hendrick.
LINCOLN	William Von Gottschalk,
	T. Henry McNally,
	Abraham Z. Falcon,
	John N. Butman.

DANIEL L. D. GRANGER, *Reading Clerk.*
DENNIS H. SHEAHAN, *Recording Clerk.*
CHARLES P. BENNETT, *Engrossing Clerk.*

Officers and Members of the General Assembly.

Names of Members Alphabetically arranged, with their Post Office Address.

SENATE.

His Excellency HERBERT W. LADD, Governor, Providence.
His Honor DANIEL G. LITTLEFIELD, Lieut.-Gov., Pawtucket.

SENATORS.

Edwin R. Allen.....Hopkinton.
Byron A. Andrews .....Slatersville.
J. Titus Andrews.....Phenix.
Andrew J. Anthony.....East Providence.
George S. Brown..... ..Warren.
George T. Brown .....Providence.
Melville Bull.....Newport.
George L. Church ....Tiverton.
Joseph H. Congdon .....Anthony.
George T. Cranston.....Wickford.
George C. Cross.....Charlestown.
Robert S. Franklin.....Newport.
Z. Herbert Gardner ... .Slocumville.
Lucius F. C. Garvin .....Lonsdale.
Samuel E. Groves..... ... Olneyville.
Charles J. Greene .....Kenyon.
Henry L. Greene.....River Point.
Addison S. Hopkins ... .P.O. Box 1303, Providence.
Benjamin R. Hoxie ....Noose Neck Hill.
George T. Lanphear.....Peace Dale.
Frank S. Littlefield .....Block Island.
Alonzo P. Mowry..... ...Greenville.
Franklin P. Owen..... .....P.O. Box 1030, Providence.
Isaac Paine.....North Foster.
Daniel B. Bond .....Woonsocket.

Walter A. Read .....Chepachet.
John F. Richmond. .....Drownville.
James H. Shaw ....Little Compton.
Albert R. Sherman .....Pawtucket.
William L. Sisson ....Portsmouth.
John E. Thompson .....Central Falls.
Richard Thornley. .....Providence.
George H. Utter.....Westerly.
Thomas C. Watson .....Jamestown.
Joshua Wilbour ....Bristol.
Andrew J. Wilcox .....236 Charles St., Providence.
Samuel H. Cross, Secretary of State, Providence.
Eugene F. Warner, Clerk .....Providence.
Chas. P. Bennett, Engrossing Clerk, Providence.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Speaker, AUGUSTUS S. MILLER, Providence.

Alanson M. Albro .....Washington.
L. Gideon Archambeault.....Woonsocket.
Amos D. Arnold.....Pawtucket.
Levi P. Ballou .. ..Woonsocket.
Paul M. Barber.....Ashaway.
Isaac T. Barnum.....Nayatt Point.
Walter F. Brayton .....Oaklawn.
John M. Brennan .....Providence.
Gilman Brown. .....Woonsocket.
Joseph L. Brown.....Woonsocket.
John N. Butman .....Central Falls.
Adin B. Capron..... .. ..Stillwater.
Hugh J. Carroll .....Pawtucket.
John J. Carry.. .....Newport.
Chandler H. Coggeshall.....Bristol.
Lorin M. Cook.....Providence.
Ira B. Crandall.....Westerly.
Thomas Davis .. .. Providence.
Ettiene C. Delabarre..... .....Woonsocket.

John M. Douglass.....Jamestown.
Edward F. Dyer .....Portsmouth.
Alvin H. Eccleston.....Wood River Junction.
Abraham Z. Falcon .....Central Falls.
Ambrose Feeley..... ....Woonsocket.
Edward L. Gannon..... ...12 Armington Ave, Prov.
Arthur Given..... .....Auburn.
George W. Gray .....Tiverton.
William Gregory.....Wickford.
James B. Hanaford .. ..Apponaug
William A. Hanaford.....East Greenwich.
Henry D. Heydon.....Crompton.
Henry W. Hayes ....Bristol.
George J. Hendrick.....Manville.
William H. Hoffman.....Pawtucket.
Hiram Howard .....Providence.
Thomas Howard .....Little Compton.
Edward Jollie .....Pawtucket.
James T. Kennedy... .....Olneyville.
James Lee.....Ashton.
Herbert E. Lewis.....Hope Valley.
John F. Lonsdale ....Providence.
T. Henry McNally ....Central Falls.
Jesse H. Metcalf .....Providence.
William H. Mulvey.....Providence.
William B. Nichols .....Warren.
William K. Owen .....Charlestown.
George B. Parker.....Summit.
Joel Peckham .....Middletown.
Thomas F. Peirce .....Providence.
Nathan D. Pierce, Jr. .... Norwood.
John E. Potter .. ..Providence.
William K. Potter.....Providence.
Raymond A. Rathbone .....Rockland.
Thomas W. Robinson .....Pawtucket.
William H. Salisbury.....Pawtucket.
Albert H. Sayles.....Pascoag.
John G. Sheffield, Jr. .....Block Island.
William P. Sheffield, Jr.....Newport.

Orlando R. Smith.....Westerly.
Percy D. Smith ....Chepachet.
Gideon Spencer..... ...East Greenwich.
Albert A. Sweet .....Foster Centre.
William J. Swinburne.....Newport.
Frank W. Tillinghast ....Olneyville.
William C. Townsend ..... Newport.
Henry S. Turner..... No. Scituate.
Edmund Walker.....Wakefield.
Walter W. Whipple.....Providence.
Ellery H. Wilson.....East Providence.
William Von Gottschalk .....Central Falls.
Dalton E. Young..... .....Newport.

Daniel L. D. Granger, Clerk .....Providence.
Dennis H. Sheahan, Recording Clerk, Providence.

Joint Rules and Orders of both Houses.

1889-90.

Originally Adopted May Session, A. D., 1872.

(*Unless otherwise stated.*)

1. The following Joint Standing Committees of both houses shall be appointed at the commencement of the May session, viz.:

A Committee on Accounts and Claims.
A Committee on Sales of Real Estate
A Committee on Executive Communications.
A Committee on Engrossed Acts.
A Committee on Printing.
A Committee on Rules and Orders.
A Committee on the Public Health. (*Jan'y Session, 1879*)

2. Each Joint Standing Committee shall consist of five members of the house and three members of the senate.

3. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Accounts and Claims to consider all such accounts and petitions in relation to claims and demands against the state as may be referred to them, and to report their opinion thereon, and such propositions relative thereto, as may seem to them expedient.

4. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Sales of Real Estate to consider all petitions in relation to the sale of real estate which may be referred to them, and to report their opinion thereon, and such propositions relative thereto, as may seem to them expedient.

5. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Executive Communications to consider all communications from the federal government, from the states, and from the governor of this state, and all such other matters as may be referred to them by either house, and to report their opinion thereon, and such propositions relative thereto, as may seem to them expedient.

6. It shall be the duty of the Joint Committee on Engrossed Acts to cause all acts and bills referred to them to be fairly engrossed on at least one sheet of paper, without interlineation or erasure, with a margin of not less than one inch on each side, and carefully compare the engrossed copy with the act or bill referred to them, and if truly and rightly engrossed shall report the engrossed, together with the original act or bill, to the house which shall have referred the same to them.

7. The committee shall keep a record of the titles of all the acts and bills which they shall cause to be engrossed, and lodge the same in the office of the secretary of state.

8. The engrossed acts and bills, which shall be reported to the senate and passed by them, shall be certified by the secretary of state; and those reported to the house of representatives, and passed by them, shall be certified by the speaker of the house.

9. Before any act or bill shall be finally passed in concurrence by either house, it shall be referred to the Committee on Engrossed Acts, and when reported by them as having been properly engrossed, shall be recommitted or put upon its passage without amendment.

10. All bills and resolutions finally passed by either house shall be communicated by message to the other house.

11. Neither house shall entertain any petition, the subject of which is within the jurisdiction of any court in this state.

12. Every bill or resolution presented to either house shall be plainly written with ink upon a full sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the sections, with a full

title and proper endorsement; and if an amendment to a public act, it shall, in addition to its title, name the number of the chapter to which it refers.

13. When a message shall be sent from the senate to the house of representatives, it shall be announced at the door of the house by the sheriff; and again, when the messenger comes within the bar of the house, by the speaker or presiding officer of the house; when all business shall be suspended until the message shall be received and answered, if any answer be necessary, and the message shall be respectfully communicated to the chair by the person by whom it may be sent.

14. The same ceremony shall be observed when a message shall be sent by the house of representatives to the senate.

15. All summonses for the attendance of witnesses before either house of the general assembly, or before any special or standing committee of either or both houses thereof (authorized to send for persons or papers), shall be signed by the presiding officer of the house before which such witness may be required to attend, or the presiding officer of the house in which the committee originated; or, if before a joint committee, by the presiding officer of the house where the authority to send for persons and papers originated.

16. When any summons shall be issued to any witness to attend upon either house of the general assembly, or before any committee of either or both houses thereof, it may be served by any officer in attendance upon the general assembly, by reading the same to the person to whom it is directed, in his presence and hearing, or by giving to or tendering him an attested copy thereof.

17. Any witness summoned as aforesaid, attending upon either house of the general assembly, or before any committee of either or both houses thereof authorized to send for persons and papers, shall be entitled to receive the like fees for travel and attendance allowed witnesses attending the supreme court to testify in behalf of the state in criminal cases; to be paid out of the general treasury, upon the order of the

presiding officer of the house or committee before which such witnesses shall have attended in obedience to summons issued or served as aforesaid.

18. It shall be the duty of any committee before which any witness shall have been summoned to testify in manner aforesaid, and who shall have neglected or refused to testify or to produce books or papers, if he shall in such summons have been requested to produce books or papers, as soon as shall be practicable after such neglect or refusal, to report the same to the house in which such committee originated; or, if a joint committee, to the house before which the authority originated for the committee to send for persons and papers, to the end that the house may issue an attachment to punish the contempt by the witness of the authority of such house.

19. All attachments for contempt of the authority of either or of both houses of the general assembly, shall be directed to the sheriff, or his deputies, of the county in which the general assembly shall be in session, and may by such sheriffs or deputies be served in any county within the state.

20. The joint committees of the two houses, excepting the joint committee on engrossed acts, may report by bill, resolve or otherwise, to either house, at their discretion; and all bills or resolves reported by them shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineation, on not less than a sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, and have a full and clear title, with a proper indorsement.

21. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the house first acting thereon, without asking the concurrence of the other branch and bills or resolves which have been previously acted on in one branch, may be recommitted to the other without a concurrent vote, except when recommitted with instructions; *provided*, that after such recommitment, reports shall in all cases be made to the branch which shall have ordered such recommitment.

22. When an agreement has been made by the two houses to meet in grand committee, such agreement shall not be annulled or altered except by concurrent vote.

23. No business shall be entered upon in grand committee other than that named in the invitation to meet in grand committee.

24. Whenever any petition, act or bill, or the further consideration of any matter is continued by either house to the next session of the general assembly, with or without order of notice, such action thereon shall not be communicated to the other house.

25. In order to preserve uniformity in the official papers and ensure accuracy, all petitions, acts and resolutions presented to the general assembly, shall, as far as possible, be written upon paper of a uniform size and style, which shall be furnished by the secretary of state and the clerks of the two houses.

26. The joint committees of the two houses, and the standing and select committees of each house, may in their discretion, order the printing of any petition, bill or other paper referred to them; and all said committees may report in print. [*Adopted February* 11, 1886.]

27. Whenever the two houses meet in grand committee for the election of any person to any position, other than justice of the peace or notary public, the vote shall be taken by ballot, upon the request of ten members of the grand committee. [*Adopted April* 11, 1889.]

Rules of the Senate.

1. The president shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the senate shall have adjourned, and call the members to order.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order. He may speak as a member, on general questions; but when so speaking he shall leave the chair; he may speak to points of order, in preference to the members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the senate. He shall declare all votes.

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it, or read a paper sitting. The question shall be first put by ayes and noes. If the president doubt, or any member request it, the senate shall divide. The senate shall be called, upon any question, at the request of any five members. In naming sums or numbers, and fixing times, the largest sum or longest time shall be put first.

4. Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the president so direct, or at the request of any member. All committees shall be appointed by the president.

5. The president may with the acquiescence of the senate permit counsel to address the senate upon any private petition or matter of individual concern.

6. When a message is received from the house of representatives, communicating any papers, the president shall read the titles, or state the substance of the papers communicated.

7. The secretary of the senate shall, at the commencement of the morning session of each day, read the proceedings of the previous day.

8. The standing committees of the senate shall next be called upon for their reports, in the order of their appointments; and their reports received, no other reports shall be made by the standing committees upon that day.

9. The unfinished business in which the senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the day, next after motions to reconsider.

10. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and shall sit down as soon as he has ceased to speak. He shall not be interrupted while speaking except by a call to order. If called to order he shall immediately sit down, unless permitted by the president of the senate to proceed.

11. In all cases the member who shall first arise and address the president shall speak first. When two or more rise at once the president shall name the member who is to speak first. No member shall speak more than once on the same question, until the other members who have not spoken shall speak if they desire it.

12. Every member present shall vote unless excused, but no member shall vote on any question of private property in which he is interested. No person who is absent when a question is put shall be allowed to record his vote afterwards, except by leave of the senate; and in deciding the question of granting leave he shall not vote. After a question is put to a vote no member shall speak to it. No motion shall be debated until it has been seconded. A motion may be withdrawn by the mover at any time before a decision or a motion to amend, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it could be originally made.

13. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received unless to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the

order here named. A motion to lay on the table shall be decided without debate. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order (except immediately after a decision upon a motion to adjourn), and shall be decided without debate.

14. A question that is susceptible of division shall, at the request of any member, be divided and put separately upon the propositions of which it is compounded. Any bill of more than one section shall be passed upon by sections, at the request of any member.

15. No motion or proposition of a subject, different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under color of amendment.

16. When any vote is passed any member of the majority may move to reconsider it on the same or next day of the same session ; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided it shall not be reconsidered.

17. All questions relating to priority of business to be acted upon shall be decided without debate.

18. In calling the senate, or taking the yeas and nays, the names of the members shall be called alphabetically.

19. No bill or act of a public nature, or resolution of the senate, shall be concurred in or passed, without two readings; nor shall the same be read a second time on the same day without a special order.

20. If the reading of any printed or written paper be objected to, it shall be determined by a vote of the senate.

21. Bills, resolves, and other papers in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, shall remain in the possession of the clerk, until the right of reconsideration has expired ; *provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

22. The senate may, from time to time, appoint standing committees, upon such subjects as they may deem proper. A committee shall from time to time be appointed to examine the journal of the senate, and see that its proceedings are properly, correctly, and legibly recorded.

23. All committees may choose their own chairman, but if, upon their organization, a chairman is not chosen, the person first named shall be chairman. Select committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise specially ordered. Motions to refer shall take precedence in the following order, viz.: to a standing committee of the senate; to a select committee of the senate; to a joint standing committee; to a joint select committee.

24. At the commencement of every session the secretary shall furnish every member with a printed docket of all the business left unfinished at the last session.

25. When there shall not be a quorum of the senate present, any seven members shall be authorized (by a majority) to compel the attendance of the absent senators, at the expense of such absent senators, in the mode provided in the constitution or by law.

26. No rule shall be dispensed with unless by a majority of two thirds of the members voting; but any rule may be rescinded, after one day's notice, by a majority.

27. No act reported by or forwarded on the reccommendation of a joint committee of the two houses shall be in order for concurrence by the senate if it shall appear that the members of such joint committee on the part of the senate if in attendance on the general assembly, shall not have been notified or present, when the subject was acted on by said committee.

28. No report shall be acted on in the senate, from any joint committee unless subscribed by a senator, who is a member of said committee.

29. Whenever any bill, vote or resolution shall come up to the senate for concurrence, and be concurred in without amendments, or non-concurred with, the secretary or clerk shall announce the concurrence or non-concurrence to the other house, with the title of the bill or paper; but the original bill, vote or resolution concurred in by the senate without amendments, *or non-concurred with*, shall not be transmitted to the other house.

30. Hereafter, no petition for any act of incorporation, or act amending or altering any such act of incorporation, shall be finally acted on by the senate, unless fifty copies of the form of the act proposed shall have been presented to the clerk of the senate for distribution to the members of the senate, at least one day before such petition is called up and acted upon as aforesaid.

31. The following standing committees of the senate, to consist of five members each, shall be appointed at the commencement of the May session, viz.:

A Committee on the Judiciary.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Finance.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on State Property.
A Committee on the Militia.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on State Charities and Corrections.
A Committee on Fisheries.
A Committee on Agriculture.

32. It shall be the duty of each of the standing committees to take into consideration all such petitions, resolves, acts, bills, matters or things as may be referred to them by the senate, and to report, from time to time, their opinion thereon, and such propositions relative thereto as to them shall seem expedient, with power to report by bill or otherwise.

33. Whenever the word day is used in these Rules and Orders, it is intended and shall be construed to mean legislative day of the same session.

34. Every recommendation for the pardon of a criminal shall lie on the table one legislative day before being acted upon. [*Adopted May Session*, 1877.]

35. No bill or act of a public nature shall be finally acted upon by the senate unless it shall have been printed and distributed to the members of the senate at least one day before such bill is called up and acted upon. This rule shall not be suspended during the last week of the session, except by unanimous consent. [*Adopted March* 15, 1878.]

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND
HOPE

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

House of Representatives.

FIRST—OF THE SPEAKER.

1. He shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the house shall have adjourned, and shall immediately call the members to order, and if a quorum is present shall proceed to business in the manner prescribed by these rules.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order. He may speak as other members on general questions—when he shall call some other member to the chair. He shall decide all questions of order, subject to appeal to the house by any one member. On every appeal he shall have the right in his place to assign his reasons for his decision.

3. He shall declare all votes. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it or read a paper sitting. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form, to wit: "Gentlemen in the affirmative will say Aye," and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "Gentlemen in the negative will say No." If the speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the house shall divide.

4. He shall appoint all committees, whether standing, special or joint.

5. He shall propound all questions in the order in which they are moved, unless the subsequent motion be previous in its nature, except that in naming sums and fixing times, the largest sum and the longest time shall be put first.

6. He shall vote when the house is equally divided, and when the vote is by ballot, and in other cases he may, but shall not be required to vote.

7. Whenever a message is received from the senate communicating any paper, he shall read the title or state the substance of the paper communicated, and the action of the senate, if any endorsed thereon.

SECONDLY—OF THE ORDER OF BUSINESS.

8. At the commencement of the morning session of each day, after the calling of the roll, if a quorum be present, the clerk of the house shall read the proceedings of the previous day.

9. The unfinished business in which the house was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the day next after motions to reconsider.

10. At the close of every session the clerks shall make on their journal an entry of all business postponed or unfinished, in the order in which it was introduced before the house; which entry shall be read at the commencement of the next succeeding session, and said business shall be acted upon before any new business, and in its order on the journal, and the clerks of the house at the commencement of each session shall furnish a printed docket of such unfinished business to each member of the house.

THIRDLY—OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

11. When any member is about to speak in debate, or to deliver any matter to the house, he shall rise from his seat, and respectfully address himself to "Mr. Speaker," and shall not proceed until he has been recognized by him.

12 When two or more members happen to rise at once, the speaker shall name the member who is to speak first.

13. No member shall speak more than twice to the same question, without the leave of the house, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

14. If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgress any rule of the house, the speaker shall, or any member may call him to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted by the

speaker to explain; and the house shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate.

15. While the speaker is putting any question, or addressing the house, or when a member is speaking, none shall entertain private discourse nor walk between the member who is addressing the speaker and the chair.

16. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the speaker, or being in writing shall be handed to the speaker, and read aloud by the clerk, before debate. Any motion shall be reduced to writing before debate, whenever the speaker or any member shall so request.

17. A question that is susceptible of division shall, at the request of any member, be divided and put separately upon the propositions of which it is compounded, but a motion to strike out and substitute shall not be divided.

18. Any bill of more than one section shall be passed upon by sections, at the request of any member.

19. After a motion is stated by the speaker, or read by the clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the house, but any motion may be withdrawn by the mover at any time before a decision or amendment, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it might originally have been made.

20. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under color of amendment.

21. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, except to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are here arranged.

22. Motions to commit shall have precedence in the following order: To a standing committee of the house, to a select committee of the house, to a joint standing committee, to a joint select committee.

23. When a time for the meeting of the house shall have been previously fixed upon, a motion to adjourn shall be

always in order, and that motion and the motion to lay on the table, to take from the table, and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate.

24. No member shall vote on any question of private property in the event of which he is immediately and particularly interested.

25. No member shall speak or vote, unless within the bar of the house. Every member who shall be in the house when the question is put shall give his vote, unless the house for special reason shall excuse him.

26. The ayes and noes of the members on any question shall be called at the request of one-fifth of the members present, and when called shall be placed on the journals of the house.

27. Upon calling the house and taking the ayes and noes on any question, the names of the members shall be called alphabetically.

28. When the reading of any paper is called for and the same is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by vote of the house.

FOURTHLY—OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

29. Standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the May session, to wit:

A Committee on Finance.
A Committee on the Judiciary.
A Committee on Special Legislation.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on Militia.
A Committee on Charities and Corrections.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on Rules and Orders.
A Committee on Agriculture.
A Committee on State Property.
A Committee on Manufactures.
A Committee on Fisheries.
A Committee on Unfinished Business.

The first six of said committees shall consist of seven members each, and the remainder of said committees shall consist of five members. [*Adopted April* 30, 1886.]

30. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Finance to take into consideration all reports of the general treasurer and all propositions relative to the revenue; to inquire into the state of the public debt, or of the revenue and the expenditures, and to report from time to time their opinion thereon, and such propositions relative thereto, as to them shall seem expedient.

31. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Special Legislation to take into consideration all such petitions, resolves, acts, bills, matters or things as relate to constitutional amendments, the liquor laws, labor legislation, woman's suffrage, and such other matters as may be referred to them by the house. [*Adopted April* 30, 1886.]

32. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Charities and Corrections to take into consideration all such reports of the State Board of Charities and Corrections as shall from time to time be made to the house, and also to visit and inquire into the general management of all such institutions of the state, penal and correctional, and report from time to time their opinion and such propositions relative thereto as to them shall seem expedient. [*Adopted May Session*, 1873.]

33. The standing committees shall take into consideration all such petitions, resolves, acts, bills, matters or things as may be referred to them by the house, with power to report by bill or otherwise. [*Adopted May Session*, 1876.]

34. All committees whether standing or select may choose their own chairman. If no chairman is chosen, the person first named shall be chairman.

35. Select committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise ordered by the house.

FIFTHLY—OF BILLS AND PETITIONS.

36. No bill of a public nature shall be passed or concurred in without two readings, nor shall such bill be read a second

time on the same day without a speeial order of the house; nor be read a second time unless first passed by the house to a second reading ; and no bill of a public nature shall be introduced without one day's previous notice, and leave granted by the house after such notice.

37. No petition shall be received unless the object thereof, and the name of the petitioner or one of the petitioners, be endorsed on the back of the same.

38. No petition for an act of incorporation, or act amending or altering any such act or incorporation, shall be finally acted on by the house, unless one hundred printed copies of the form of the act proposed shall have been presented to the clerks of the house for distribution to the members of the assembly at least one day before such petition is called up and acted upon as aforesaid.

39. Counsel may be heard on petitions of a private nature, and in all matters affecting private rights before the committee to whom such matters may be referred, and not before the house.

SIXTHLY—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

40. When any vote is passed, any member of the majority may move to reconsider on the same or the next day ; and when a motion for reconsideration has been decided, it shall not be reeonsidered.

41. No vote or act which has been passed by the house shall be sent by the clerk to the senate before the expiration of the time limited for its reconsideration by rule 40.

42. The speaker shall at the request of any nineteen members compel the retention of all members present, and also at the request of any nineteen members, shall compel the attendance of absent members, by his warrant, under his hand and seal, attested by the clerk and directed to the sheriff and his deputies of the county where the general assembly is sitting. [*Adopted April* 30, 1886.]

43. In the absence of the speaker or clerks less than a quorum may elect a speaker *pro tempore* or clerks *pro tempore*, who shall perform all the duties of the speaker or clerks

respectively and be clothed with all their powers. [*Adopted April* 30, 1886.]

44. All writs, warrants and subpœnas issued by order of the house, shall be under the hand and seal of the speaker, attested by the clerk.

45. It shall be the duty of the sheriff in attendance upon the general assembly, or either of his deputies, to execute the commands of the house, from time to time, together with all such process, issued by authority thereof, as shall be directed to him by the speaker.

46. The house of representatives shall each session elect five pages, one of whom shall be designated as door-keeper, and shall have power at any time to remove the same. [*Adopted February* 4, 1886.]

47. No rule shall be dispensed with unless by two-thirds of the members voting; but any rule may be rescinded after one day's notice by a majority.

Joint Standing Committees.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS.

Of the Senate ..... Lieut.-Gov. D. G. Littlefield,
George T. Cranston,
Benjamin R. Hoxie.

Of the House ..... Lorin M. Cook,
Isaac T. Barnum,
Edward Jollie,
Herbert E. Lewis,
Walter W. Whipple.

ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS.

Of the Senate ..... Henry L. Greene,
E. R. Allen,
James H. Shaw.

Of the House ..... Edmund Walker,
George J. Hendrick,
James T. Kennedy,
William A. Hanaford,
Orlando R. Smith.

PRINTING.

Of the Senate ..... George H. Utter,
Richard Thornley,
Joseph H. Congdon.

Of the House ..... John E. Potter,
Ambrose Feeley,
William H. Salisbury,
Gideon Spencer,
Henry D. Heydon.

RULES AND ORDERS.

Of the Senate... .....Walter A. Reed,
George T. Lanphear,
George S. Brown.

Of the House .... John F. Lonsdale,
Edward Jollie,
Amos D. Arnold,
Chandler H. Coggeshall,
John J. Carry.

ENGROSSED ACTS.

Of the Senate .....Charles J. Greene,
Walter A. Read,
Addison S. Hopkins.

Of the House.....John N. Butman,
George W. Gray,
William J. Swinburne,
Arthur Given,
Walter W. Whipple.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Of the Senate..... .....Andrew J. Wilcox,
Isaac Paine,
L. F. C. Garvin.

Of the House .....T. Henry McNally,
L. Gideon Archambeault.
Abraham Z. Falcon,
James B. Hanaford,
Alvin H. Eccleston.

REAL ESTATE.

Of the Senate .....George T. Lanphear,
J. Titus Andrews,
Albert Sherman.

Of the House .....Ettiene C. Delabarre,
William H. Hoffman,
Chandler H. Coggeshall,
Thomas Howard,
Herbert E. Lewis.

Standing Committees of the Senate.

JUDICIARY	Robert S. Franklin,
	George H. Utter,
	Richard Thornley,
	Franklin P. Owen,
	George T. Brown.
CORPORATIONS	Alonzo P. Mowry,
	Melville Bull,
	George T. Cranston,
	George T. Lanphear,
	Byron A. Andrews.
FINANCE	Joshua Wilbour,
	Henry L. Greene,
	Addison S. Hopkins,
	Walter A. Read,
	Daniel B. Pond.
EDUCATION	Thomas C. Watson,
	Charles J. Greene,
	John F. Richmond,
	Z. Herbert Gardner,
	Albert Sherman.
STATE PROPERTY	William L. Sisson,
	Benjamin R. Hoxie,
	Andrew J. Wilcox,
	Joseph H. Congdon,
	L. F. C. Garvin.
MILITIA	Melville Bull,
	J. Titus Andrews,
	Andrew J. Wilcox
	Andrew J. [illegible]
	Byron A. A[illegible]

ELECTIONS.....	Richard Thornley,
	George H. Utter,
	Andrew J. Wilcox,
	George C. Cross,
	Frank Littlefield.
CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.....	Addison S. Hopkins,
	E. R. Allen,
	Isaac Payne,
	A. J. Anthony,
	Samuel E. Groves.
FISHERIES.....	John F. Richmond,
	James H. Shaw,
	George C. Cross,
	George S. Brown,
	Frank Littlefield.
AGRICULTURE.....	J. Titus Andrews,
	Z. Herbert Gardner,
	William L. Sisson,
	John E. Thompson,
	George L. Church.

Standing Committees of the House.

On Finance	William K. Potter,
	Thomas F. Peirce,
	Thomas Davis,
	Dalton E. Young,
	William B. Nichols,
	William C. Townsend,
	Adin B. Capron.
On Judiciary	John M. Brennan,
	John F. Lonsdale,
	Thomas W. Robinson,
	Ambrose Feeley,
	Amos D. Arnold,
	Henry W. Hayes,
	Ellery H. Wilson.
On Special Legislation	Lorin M. Cook,
	William H. Mulvey,
	John E. Potter,
	James Lee,
	T. Henry McNally,
	William P. Sheffield, Jr.,
	Edward L. Gannon.
On Corporations	Hugh J. Carroll,
	Hiram Howard,
	Jesse H. Metcalf,
	Joseph L. Brown,
	Raymond A. Rathbone,
	Gideon Spencer,
	Edward F. Dyer.

On Education.....	Percy D. Smith,
	George B. Parker,
	L. Gideon Archambeault,
	Abraham Z. Falcon,
	William H. Salisbury,
	Joel Peckham,
	William J. Swinburne.
On Militia	William Von Gottschalk,
	William Hoffman,
	William H. Mulvey,
	John N. Butman,
	Isaac T. Barnum,
	Orlando R. Smith,
	Nathan D. Pierce, Jun.
On Charities and Corrections..	George J. Hendrick,
	Levi P. Ballou,
	James T. Kennedy,
	John M. Douglass,
	Henry S. Turner.
On Elections	Thomas W. Robinson,
	James Lee,
	Raymond A. Rathbone,
	Percy D. Smith,
	Alvin H. Eccleston.
On Rules and Orders	John F. Lonsdale,
	Amos D. Arnold,
	Edward Jollie,
	Chandler H. Coggeshall,
	John J. Carry.
On Agriculture.....	George B. Parker,
	Gilman Brown,
	Edmund Walker,
	Alanson M. Albro,
	Paul M. Barber.

ON STATE PROPERTY.....	Hiram Howard,
	Levi P. Ballou,
	Joseph L. Brown,
	Henry D. Heydon,
	William A. Hanaford.
ON MANUFACTURES	Jesse H. Metcalf,
	Ettiene C. Delabarre,
	William Gregory,
	Albert H. Sayles,
	Frank W. Tillinghast.
ON FISHERIES	George W. Gray,
	William B. Nichols,
	William K. Owen,
	Ira B. Crandall,
	Thomas Howard.
ON UNFINISHED BUSINESS	Gilman Brown,
	Walter F. Brayton,
	Albert A. Sweet,
	Arthur Given,
	John G. Sheffield, Jr.

Biographical Sketches

OF

MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GOVERNOR.

His Excellency, HERBERT WARREN LADD, of Providence, was born in New Bedford, Mass., October 15, 1843, and received his education in the public schools of that city, graduating from its High School in 1860. After a year's experience in the wholesale dry goods business, in 1861 he entered the office of the *New Bedford Mercury*, where his abilities were quickly recognized and he soon became one of that paper's most valuable reporters and correspondents. His letters to that paper from various points in the South and West during the progress of the late war were of exceptional merit and interest.

The first Sunday paper published in New England outside of Boston, was an extra *Mercury* issued by him to announce the battle of Fredericksburg. In 1864 he again entered the dry goods business in Boston, where he remained until the spring of 1871, when he came to Providence and founded the large dry goods house on Westminster Street, with which he has since been identified, now "The H. W. Ladd Company" of which he is President. Although occupied with a large business he has given much time to and takes an active interest in public matters. He was the organizer and for the past three years President of the Providence Commercial Club whose meetings and its great success are known all over the country. The Providence Board of Trade, of which he was for two years Vice-President, and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, of which he was for two

years President, as well as other organizations and interests have felt the benefit of his personal activity and broad public spirit. He has always taken an active part in the movement for obtaining enlarged and better railway terminal facilities in Providence, and the plan adopted is almost identical with the plans advocated by him in 1884.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

His Honor, DANIEL G. LITTLEFIELD, of Lincoln, was born in North Kingstown, November 23, 1822. His opportunities for receiving an education were not the best. At eight years of age he began work in a cotton factory in the town of Scituate. For twenty years he was employed in cotton and woolen mills and in machine shops. From bobbin boy he advanced by degrees to the position of superintendent. In 1846 he went to Florence, Mass , to start a cotton factory. From Florence he went to Northampton Centre and engaged in the dry goods business. While at Northampton, Mr Littlefield represented the town two years in the House of Representatives of Massachusetts. His store was burned in Northampton, he then went to Heydenville, and for two years was engaged in the erection of a cotton mill. He then entered into and continued in business with his brothers for two years, when he sold out to them and accepted the agency of the cotton mills of Heyden & Sanders. In 1856 he returned to Florence and engaged in the manufacture of various articles, and became President of the Florence Sewing Machine Company. In 1863 Mr. Littlefield came to Pawtucket for one year for the purpose of perfecting, if possible, the complex machinery of the Pawtucket Hair Cloth Company. In this work he met with great success. He not only put the machinery in good order, but it was largely through his energy that the large brick factory of this company at Central Falls was built. He has since continued to reside here, identifying himself chiefly with this company of which he is now President. He also retains his interest in several manufactories at Florence, and is president of a number of prosperous concerns. In 1878 Mr Littlefield went to France as Honorary Com-

missioner from this state to the Paris Exposition, under appointment of the United States Government, on nomination by Gov. Van Zandt. His time there was thoroughly devoted to the interests of American inventors and manufactures, some of whom secured valuable awards, favorable notice, medals and diplomas. Mr Littlefield is President of the Providence County Savings Bank, of the Pawtucket Business Men's Association and the Lincoln Republican Club. There being no election of Lieutenant-Governor by the people on the first Wednesday in April, 1889, he was elected to that office by the General Assembly at its May session, A. D. 1889.

SENATORS.

EDWIN R. ALLEN, of Hopkinton, was born in Windham, Conn., November 26, 1840, was educated in the schools of his native town and at Eaglewood, N. J. Enlisted in Co. A, 7th Regiment R. I. Vols , August, 1862 ; was corporal, sergeant-major, second lieutenant, first lieutenant, and was in command of said company when it was mustered out of service in June, 1865. Town Clerk of Hopkinton since June, 1866. Politics, Republican.

BYRON A. ANDREWS, of North Smithfield, was born in the town of Smithfield in the year 1832, and was educated in its common schools. Has been Town Clerk since 1880, and Senator since 1887. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Independent.

J. TITUS ANDREWS, of Cranston, was born in the town of West Greenwich, July 31, 1836, and was educated in the common schools. Has been a member of the Town Council of Cranston, and Senator since 1887. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

ANDREW J. ANTHONY, of East Providence, was born in Mendon, Mass., August 18, 1833. Was educated in the public schools of Seekonk, Mass. Was a member of the Town Council of East Providence for the thirteen years ending April 1, 1889. Occupation, mason and builder. Politics, Republican.

GEORGE S. BROWN, of Warren, was born in Swansey, Mass., January 28, 1813, and was educated in the public schools of Warren and Bristol. He has been a member of the School Committee of Warren for the past twenty years. Occupation, plumber and gas-fitter. Politics, Democrat.

GEORGE T. BROWN, of Providence, was born in West Greenwich, June 29, 1848. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1873, from Albany Law School, class of 1875. Representative from West Greenwich in 1877, and from Providence in 1887. Occupation, lawyer. Politics, Democrat.

MELVILLE BULL, of Middletown, was born in Newport, September 29, 1854; graduated from Harvard College, class of 1877; was for two years Adjutant of the Newport Artillery; was Aid on the personal staff of Governor Wetmore; was Representative, 1883-85, and has been Senator since May, 1885; is Commissioner of Stone Bridge, and a member of the Board of Managers of the State Agricultural School. He is interested in agricultural pursuits, and in politics is a Republican.

GEORGE L. CHURCH, of Tiverton, was born in Tiverton, January 2, 1847, and educated in the common schools of that town and at Lapham Institute. Has been Moderator of the town meetings in his native town, Senator since May, 1889. Occupation, fisherman. Politics, Democrat.

JOSEPH H. CONGDON, of Coventry, was born in the village of Anthony, town of Coventry, October 24, 1831, and was educated in the common schools. He is by occupation a contractor and builder, and in politics is a Democrat. He is now an assessor of taxes in his town.

GEORGE T. CRANSTON, of North Kingstown, was born in that town July 9, 1844. Educated in the common schools. During the late war served in the 3d R. I. H. A., Battery B, 1st U. S. Artillery, and 10th Massachusetts Battery, in all three years and ten months. Participated in twenty-five battles. Is a member of the Board of Managers of the Soldiers' Home. Was Representative from May, 1881, to May, 1888.

Has been a Senator since May, 1888. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Republican.

GEORGE C. CROSS, of Charlestown, was born in that place, June 27, 1855, and was educated in the public schools of his native town. Has been Town Clerk since April, 1881, and member and Clerk of the School Committee since June, 1878; was Trial Justice, 1880-84. Was elected First Assistant Shell Fish Commissioner in April, 1889, for five years. Has been Coroner since July, 1884, Senator since May, 1889. Was Representative in 1887 and 1888. Occupation, carpenter and boatbuilder. Politics, Republican.

ROBERT STILLMAN FRANKLIN, was born in Newport, August 4, 1836. Was educated in the public schools of that city. Was Mayor of Newport from June, 1882, to January, 1886. Was a member of the City Council ten years, and its President six years. Has been a member of the Asylum Commission, and was a member of the School Committee. Occupation, baker. Politics Republican.

Z. HERBERT GARDNER, of Exeter, was born in Fall River, Mass., June 22, 1849. Was educated at the Seminary in East Greenwich, and at Scholfield's Commercial College, Providence, graduating from the latter in 1868. Representative in 1879, 1880, and 1881. Senator in 1883 and 1884, and re-elected Senator in April, 1889. Delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1884. Was Asylum Commissioner for three years. Is a Trustee of the Kingston Savings Bank, and a Director in the National Landholders' Bank of Kingston. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

LUCIUS F. C. GARVIN, of Cumberland, was born in Knoxville, Tenn., November 13, 1841, was educated at and graduated from Amherst College, class of 1862. Representative from May, 1885, to May, 1888. Senator since May, 1889. Medical Examiner for the town of Cumberland. Was a private, during the war, in Co. E, 51st Mass. Vols , under General Foster in South Carolina. Occupation, physician. Politics, a Democrat. Is interested especially in the revision of the Constitution and the adoption of the single tax.

CHARLES J. GREENE, of Richmond, was born in South Kingstown, December 16, 1848; was educated in the public schools of his native town and at the Prov. Conference Seminary. Is engaged in farming. Has taught school nineteen terms; was a member of the Board of Assessors in 1880, '81, and '83; been a member of the School Committee since April, 1877; Superintendent of Public Schools, five years; declining a reëlection in April, 1886; Town Treasurer since June, 1884; a Director of National Landholder's Bank since September, 1884; Trustee of the Kingston Savings Bank; a member of the Board of Managers of the State Agricultural School; Representative, 1881-84, and Senator since May, 1884. Politics, Republican.

HENRY LEHRE GREENE, of Warwick, was born in Providence, March 31, 1825, and was educated in the schools of Providence. Occupation, bleacher and calico printer. Senator, 1883; President of Town Council, 1879; member of School Committee; member of the Board of State Charities and Corrections; Senator since May, 1887. Politics, Republican.

SAMUEL E. GROVES, of Johnston, was born in Wiscasset, Me., April 22, 1844, and was educated in the common schools of his native town. Was a member of the Town Council in 1883 and 1884. President of Milkmen's Association of R. I. Foreman of Rough and Ready Engine Co. Was in the U. S. Navy. Occupation, milk dealer. Politics, Democrat.

ADDISON S. HOPKINS, of Burrillville, was born in Scituate, August 3, 1844. Was educated in the common schools, Nichols Academy, Dudley, Mass., and graduated from New Hampshire Literary Institute, class of 1863. Was a member of the Town Council of Burrillville in 1885, and also a member of the School Committee of that town. Is an Aid on the personal staff of Governor Ladd. Senator since May, 1885. Occupation, a manufacturer of spindles and machinery. Politics, Republican.

BENJAMIN R. HOXIE, of West Greenwich, was born in that town June 3, 1844, and was educated in the common schools.

Is President of the Town Council; was 1st Lieutenant, 3d Brigade, R. I. M. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

GEORGE T. LANPHEAR, of South Kingstown, was born in Warwick, and was educated in the public and private schools of the State. Was member of the Town Council of Coventry one year; of the Town Council of South Kingstown three years. Senator in 1886. Occupation, Superintendent Narragansett Pier Railroad. Politics, Republican.

ENOS LAPHAM, of Warwick, was born in Burrillville, September 13, 1821. Was educated in the public schools, and at Bushee's Seminary, Smithfield. Has been and is a member of the Town Council of Warwick, and its President for the last four years. Was Senator in 1886-87. Occupation, manufacturer. Was elected Lieut.-Governor April 4, 1888. Was elected Senator on April, 1889, but on account of ill-health did not qualify and take his seat. Politics, Republican.

FRANK LITTLEFIELD, of New Shoreham, was born in that town, January 1, 1864, and was educated in Lyons' Preparatory School, Providence. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Democratic.

ALONZO P. MOWRY, of Smithfield, was born in Greenville, Smithfield, December 20, 1843, was educated at the Academy of Jencks Mowry, Providence, and Lapham Institute, Scituate. Has been Senator since May, 1883. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

FRANKLIN P. OWEN, of Scituate, was born in Scituate, December 27, 1853. He was educated at the Lapham Institute and at Amherst College, of the class of 1874. Has been a member of the School Committee. Occupation, lawyer. Politics, Democrat.

ISAAC PAINE, of Foster, was born in that town, April 10, 1825, and educated in its common schools. Has been a member of the Town Council. Senator since May, 1889. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

DANIEL B. POND, of Woonsocket, was born in that city, October 21, 1835. Was educated in the schools of Woon-

socket, in Mendon and Worcester, Mass., at Phillip's Academy, and completed his preparation for college at a private institution in Concord, Mass. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1857, and subsequently from the Albany Law School. Was admitted to the bar in New York. For a while was attorney for the town of Ceredo, Va. In 1859 was admitted to the bar in Massachusetts. In 1861 he removed to Woonsocket and began the manufacturing of cotton warps, which he continued until 1873, when he again resumed the practice of law. For several years was a member of the Town Council. Was Representative in 1864, 1866, and Senator in 1867, 1868 and 1869. In June, 1869, he resigned as Senator, and was appointed Town Solicitor. Was a member of the Board of Assessors in 1886, 1887, 1888. A member and President of the Town Council in 1887, and resigned this office in June, 1887, and was elected Sheriff of Providence County in May, 1887. In April, 1889, he was elected Senator, and in December of the same year was elected Mayor of the city of Woonsocket. Occupation, attorney-at-law. Politics, Democrat.

WALTER A. READ, of Glocester, was born in Blackstone, Mass., July 6, 1842, and was educated in the common schools of Glocester. Was 2d and 1st Lieutenant and Captain in the 4th Regt R. I. Vols., during the late war. Was a member of the Commission for the Relief of Needy Soldiers and Sailors of the late war. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Republican.

JOHN F. RICHMOND, of Barrington, was born in Seekonk, Mass. (in that portion now a part of East Providence), Feb. 5, 1851. He received his education at the common schools and in Scholfield's Commercial College, Providence. Member of Town Council since 1884, and President since April, 1888. Representative in 1887-8, and Senator since May, 1888. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

JAMES H. SHAW, of Little Compton, was born in that town, March 26, 1835, and educated in its public schools. Was Representative in 1888-89. Senator since May, 1889. Occupation, carpenter and farmer. Politics, Republican.

ALBERT R. SHERMAN, of Pawtucket, was born in Providence, January 23, 1838. Was educated in the schools of Providence. Occupation, inventor. Politics, Democrat.

WILLIAM L. SISSON, of Portsmouth, was born in Portsmouth, May 24, 1837. Served as a Representative, 1882-84, and as Senator since May, 1884. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

JOHN E. THOMPSON, of Lincoln, was born in Cumberland, January 3, 1830. Has been a member of the Town Council of North Providence and of the town of Lincoln. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, Democrat.

RICHARD THORNLEY, of East Greenwich, was born in Saylesville, November 23, 1842, and was educated in the common schools. Served in Battery A, 1st R. I. Light Artillery, 1861-4; was in 7th R. I. Vols. from February 21 to July 13, 1865. Served one year in the Town Council of East Greenwich. Was Representative in 1886-87. Senator since May, 1888. Occupation, wool dealer. Politics, Republican.

GEORGE H. UTTER, of Westerly, was born in Plainfield, N. J., July 24, 1854, and came to Westerly to live in 1861. Educated at the Westerly High School and Amherst College, class of 1877. Was a Trustee of School District No. 1, Westerly, and Aid on personal staff of Governor Bourn (1883-85). Representative since May, 1885. Elected Speaker of the House in May, 1888. Reëlected Representative in April, 1889, but subsequently declined that election, and was elected Senator May 15, 1889, in place of Hon. Nathan F. Dixon, who declined to qualify. Is a printer, and one of the publishers of the *Narragansett Weekly*. Politics, Republican.

THOMAS C WATSON, of Jamestown, was born in Jamestown, October 6, 1838, and is a farmer. Has been for twelve years President of the Town Council of his town, was Representative 1863-65; Senator, 1876-81, and since May, 1884. Politics, Republican.

JOSHUA WILBOUR, of Bristol, was born in Pawtucket, March 7, 1840, and was educated in the public schools of his native town. Senator since May, 1888. Occupation, banker. Politics, Republican.

ANDREW J. WILCOX, of North Providence, was born in that town January 24, 1863, and educated in its public schools and at Mowry and Goff's, Providence. Is a member of the Town Council; 1st Lieut. United Train Artillery. Senator since May, 1888. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

REPRESENTATIVES.

ALANSON M. ALBRO, of West Greenwich, was born in West Greenwich, June 19, 1852, and was educated in the public schools of that town. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

GIDEON ARCHAMBEAULT, of Woonsocket, was born in Canada, P. Q., in 1847. Educated in College de L'assumption, Canada. Occupation, physician. Politics, Democrat.

AMOS D. ARNOLD, of Pawtucket, was born in that city, November 29, 1855. Was educated in its public schools and Schofield's Commercial College, Providence. Occupation, commercial traveler. Politics, Democrat.

LEVI T. BALLOU, of Cumberland, was born in that town, March 16, 1816, and was educated in its public schools. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Democrat.

PAUL M. BARBER, of Hopkinton, was born in that town, October 16, 1834. Was educated in the public schools of Westerly and Hopkinton, and at De Ruyter Institute, N. Y. Has been a member of the School Committee and Superintendent of Schools since April, 1879. President of the Town Council since June, 1888. A teacher in the schools of Westerly, Hopkinton and Charlestown for twelve years. Has been an Assessor of Taxes, and a Director in the Ashaway National Bank. Occupation, carpenter. Politics, Republican.

ISAAC T. BARNUM, of Barrington, was born in Monticello, N. Y., September 11, 1842. Was educated in the common schools of Monticello. Was a private in Co. I, 9th Regt. R. I. Vols, and Sergeant of Co. E, 12th R. I. Vols. Occupation, marketman. Politics, Democratic.

WALTER F. BRAYTON, of Cranston, was born in that town,

August 8, 1857. Was educated at the Friends' School, Providence. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

JOHN M BRENNAN, of Providence, was born in Providence, July 17, 1852. Was educated in the public schools of the city of Providence and at Brown University. Was a member of the Common Council of the city of Providence, 1877 to 1879, and Alderman from January, 1883 to 1888. In 1888 was appointed Judge Advocate General by Governor Davis. Occupation, lawyer. Politics, Democratic.

GILMAN BROWN, of Woonsocket, was born in Woonsocket, December 26, 1828, and educated in its public schools and the public schools of Smithfield. Was a member of the Town Council in 1887, and an Assessor of Taxes in 1887-88. Occupation, superintending farmer. Politics, Democratic.

JOSEPH L. BROWN, of Woonsocket, was born in Bristol, January 27, 1830. Was educated in the public schools. Has been Clerk of the Court of Magistrates, Woonsocket; member of the Town Council; Trustee of Schools; Assessor of Taxes, and is now a member of the Board of Investment. Occupation, real estate agent. Politics, Democratic.

JOHN N. BUTMAN, of Lincoln, was born in Providence, November 18, 1858. Graduated from the Providence High School in 1876, and from Brown University in 1880. Is Trustee Union School District 1 and 2 of Lincoln. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Democratic.

ADIN B. CAPRON, of Smithfield, was born in Mendon, Worcester county, Mass., January 9, 1841, and was educated at the Woonsocket High School. Was 2d and 1st Lieutenant during the late war in the 2d R. I. Vols., and 1st Lieutenant and Captain and Major by brevet in the Signal Corps. He is by occupation a miller and grain dealer. Representative since May, 1887. Politics, Republican.

HUGH J. CARROLL, of Pawtucket, was born in Warwick, October 29, 1854. Was educated at the Seminary of Our Lady of Angels, Niagara, N. Y., and College of St. Laurent, P. Q., Canada. Town solicitor of Pawtucket, 1885; Representative, 1883-84, 1885-86, and in 1887-88. Was elected Mayor

of Pawtucket in November, 1889. Is a lawyer by profession. Politics, Democratic

JOHN J. CARRY, of Newport, was born in England, June 2, 1832. Was educated in England. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Republican.

CHANDLER H. COGGESHALL, of Bristol, was born in that town. Has been a member of the Board of Managers of the State Agricultural School and Experiment Station, sinee May, 1888, and was a member of the School Committee. Representative since May, 1883. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

LORIN M. COOK, of Providence, was born in Milford, Mass., September 17, 1845, and received his education in the public schools of Providence, and in Brown University, graduating in the class of 1866. Served as Justice of the Police Court of the city of Providence from June, 1873, to January 1, 1886. Representative in 1887-88. He is by profession a lawyer. Politics, Democratic.

IRA B. CRANDALL, of Westerly, was born in Genesee, N. Y., May 11, 1846. Was educated at Alfred University, N.Y. Has been a member of the Town Council of Westerly, and 1st Lieutenant, Co. E, 1st Regt R. I. M. Occupation, clothier. Politics, Republican.

THOMAS DAVIS, of Providence, was born in Ireland, December 18, 1806, member of Congress 1853-55. Representative from the town of North Providence, 1845–47 and 1848–53. Senator from Providence, 1877–78. Representative in 1887–88. Politics, Democratic.

ETTIENE C. DELABARRE, of Woonsocket, was born in Belgium, December, 1846. Educated in Belgium and America. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, Democrat.

JOHN M. DOUGLASS, of Jamestown, was born in Jamestown, February 8, 1818. Was educated in the public schools of that town. Is a mason by occupation, and in politics a Republican. Assessor of taxes since 1884. Senator, 1869–70. Representative, 1847-49, and since May, 1884.

EDWARD F. DYER, of Portsmouth, was born in that town, August 3, 1832, and educated in its public schools. Was

Postmaster ten years, Town Treasurer eleven years, and a member of the School Committee six years. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

ALVIN H. ECCLESTON, of Richmond, was born in Stonington, Conn., November 26, 1858. Educated in the public schools of his native town, at Hopkinton Academy, Medical Department of Union University, class of 1880, and graduated at the Albany Medical College. Has been a member of the Town Council of Richmond since 1886, is a member of the School Committee and Superintendent of Health. Is a member of the State Board of Health. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, physician and surgeon. Politics, Republican,

ABRAHAM Z. FALCON, of Lincoln, was born in St. Jacques, Canada, March 15, 1856, and educated in Montreal, and graduated from Victoria College, 1879. Is Trustee of Schools, member of R. I. Medical Society, and a Registered Pharmacist. Occupation, physician and surgeon. Politics, Democrat.

AMBROSE FEELEY, of Woonsocket, was born in that town September 2, 1859, and was educated in Holy Cross College, Worcester, Mass., class of 1880. Representative in 1887–88. He is a lawyer by profession. Politics, Democrat.

EDWARD L. GANNON, of Burrillville, was born in Athens, N. Y., December 2, 1852, and educated in the public schools of Hudson, N. Y. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, loom fixer. Politics, Republican.

ARTHUR GIVEN, of Cranston, was born in Wales, Me, February 27, 1841. Was educated in the public schools, at Maine State Seminary, and at Bates College, Lewiston, Me. Graduated from Bates College, class of 1867. Has been a Trustee of Bates College since 1873; one of the corporators of the Free Baptist Printing Establishment; and, since 1885, treasurer and general agent of the Free Baptist Foreign, Home Mission and Educational Societies. Served in the late war during the full term of enlistment of the 23d Regt. Me. Vols., Co. G. Came to Rhode Island and has resided therein since 1875. Occupation, clergyman. Politics, Republican.

GEORGE W. GRAY, of Tiverton, was born in that town (now a part of Fall River, Mass.,) March 15, 1838, and was educated in his native place. Was Representative in 1887-88. Occupation, collector. Politics, Democratic.

WILLIAM GREGORY, of North Kingstown, was born in Astoria, N. Y., August 3, 1849. He was educated in the schools at Westerly, R. I. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, Republican.

JAMES B. HANAFORD, of Warwick, was born in New Hampshire in 1849. Was educated at Colby Academy, New London, N. H., and at the University of New York. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, physician. Politics, Republican.

WILLIAM A. HANAFORD, of East Greenwich, was born in New Hampton, N. H., September 1, 1851, and was educated at Colby Academy, New London, N. H. Was elected Representative in April, 1888. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Republican.

HENRY WINGATE HAYES, of Bristol, was born in Providence, July 5, 1855. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1876. Lawyer by profession. Politics, Republican. Representative since December 12, 1885.

GEORGE J. HENDRICK, of North Smithfield, was born in Cumberland, September 20, 1836, and was educated in the district school; served in the 9th R. I. Vols.; is a farmer by occupation, and in politics a Democrat. Representative since May, 1885.

HENRY D. HEYDON, of Warwick, was born in Coventry, December 25, 1851, and was educated in the public schools of Providence. Was Postmaster from 1883 to 1887, has been a member of the School Committee since 1883, and Town Auditor. Was Aid on the personal staff of Governor Taft, and is Aid on the personal staff of Governor Ladd. Elected Representative in April, 1888. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Republican.

WILLIAM HOFFMAN, of Pawtucket, was born in Bavaria, Germany, April, 1838, and received a college education. During the late war he served in the 1st and 5th Rhode

Island Regiment. Representative in 1887-88. He is by occupation a florist. Politics, Democratic.

HIRAM HOWARD, of Providence, was born in Woodstock, Conn., November 26, 1834 Educated in the common schools of Woodstock, the Academies at Ashford, Eastford, and South Woodstock, Conn., and at Webster, Mass. In the late war was 2d Lieutenant, 2d Artillery N. Y. Vols , and as 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant of same regiment; resigned from the service, July, 1864. Occupation, manufacturer of jewelry and silver ware. Politics, Democrat.

THOMAS HOWARD, of Little Compton, was born in Easton, Mass., April 1, 1826. He was educated in the schools of Easton. Occupation, poultry farming. Politics, Republican.

EDWARD JOLLIE, of Pawtucket, was born in New York city, October 22, 1832, and was educated in the common schools of New York and Rhode Island. Occupation, cardboard manufacturer. Politics, Democrat.

JAMES T. KENNEDY, of Providence, was born in Manchester, England, December 21, 1840. Educated in the common schools of Connecticut. Was a member of the School Committee from 1875 to 1879. Came to this country in 1843, and to this State in 1863. Occupation, grocer, emigration and foreign exchange. Politics, Democrat.

JAMES LEE, of Cumberland, was born in England, July 29, 1855, and educated in the schools of that country. Occupation, section hand in mule room. Politics, Democrat.

HERBERT E. LEWIS, of Exeter, was born in that town, October 19, 1862, and was educated in its public and private schools. Has been an Assessor of Taxes since 1888. Clerk of School District No. 1, since 1884. Justice of the Peace since 1886. Occupation, teacher and farmer. Politics, Republican.

JOHN F. LONSDALE, of Providence, was born in Providence, December 28, 1844. Was educated in that city and graduated from Brown University, in the class of 1867. Occupation, lawyer. Politics, Democratic.

THOMAS HENRY MCNALLY, M. D., of Lincoln, was born in Cranston, March 7, 1855. Was educated at La Salle

Academy, and at the University of Vermont. Was Town Physician for Windham, Conn., three years. Occupation, physician and surgeon. Politics, Democratic.

JESSE H. METCALF, of Providence, was born in that city, November 16, 1860, and educated in its private schools. Councilman from 3rd Ward of Providence. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, Democratic.

AUGUSTUS S. MILLER, of Providence, was born in Plainfield, Conn., August 13, 1847. Was educated at Mowry & Goff's School and at Brown University, graduating from the latter in the class of 1871. Was Representative in 1884-1885. Member of the City Council, 1885–1887, and its President in 1887. Elected Representative in April, 1889, and Speaker in May, 1889. Occupation, attorney at law. Politics, Democrat.

WILLIAM H. MULVEY, of Providence, was born in Abington, Mass., June 17, 1853, and was educated in the public schools of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Was Representative in 1887-88. Occupation, hair dresser. Politics, Democratic.

WILLIAM B. NICHOLS, of Warren, was born in Coventry, January 7, 1831, and educated in the public schools. Occupation, contractor and builder. Politics, Democratic.

WILLIAM K. OWEN, of Charlestown, was born in Foster, December 20, 1839, and was educated in the public schools of Foster. Has been a member of the Town Council of Charlestown since June, 1884, and Representative since May, 1889. Occupation, mason. Politics, Republican.

GEORGE B. PARKER, of Coventry, was born in West Greenwich, May 17, 1862, and was educated at Mowry & Goff's School, Providence. Is a member of the School Committee. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Democratic.

JOEL PECKHAM, of Middletown, was born in Middletown, July 21, 1846; was educated in the public schools of his town and of Newport; has served on its School Board, and as Superintendent of Public Schools. Representative since May, 1885. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

THOMAS F. PEIRCE, of Providence, was born in that city, January 12, 1835, and received his education in his native

city. Was Representative in 1887-88. Occupation, boot and shoe dealer. Politics, Democratic.

NATHAN D. PIERCE, Jr., of Warwick, was born in Providence, February 2, 1850, and was educated in the public schools of that city. Was a member of the Town Council of Warwick in 1885, 1886 and 1887. Representative since May, 1888, and member of Republican Town Committee since 1887. Occupation, nurseryman and pomologist. Politics, Republican.

JOHN E. POTTER, of Providence, was born in Dartmouth, Mass., April 10, 1844, and was educated in the public schools of New Bedford, Mass. Occupation, druggist. Politics, Democrat.

WILLIAM KNIGHT POTTER, of Providence, was born in New York City, December 27, 1844, and was educated in the public schools of Providence and Cranston. Chairman of the Democratic City Committee, 1879 and 1886. Was Representative in 1887-88. Occupation, lumber merchant. Politics, Democratic.

RAYMOND A. RATHBUN, of Scituate, was born in that town, August 24, 1845, and was educated in its public schools and at Lapham Institute. Has been a member and President of the Town Council. Representative since May, 1888. Occupation, lumber dealer. Politics, Democratic.

THOMAS W. ROBINSON, of Pawtucket, was born in that place, March 23, 1856 ; educated in the public schools ; graduate of Bryant & Stratton's Business College, 1874, and of Boston University Law School, class of 1877 ; member of Town Council, 1885. Was Representative in 1887-88, and is Town Solicitor for Lincoln. He is by profession a lawyer. Politics, Democratic.

WILLIAM H. SALISBURY, of Pawtucket, was born in that city, March 28, 1848, and educated in its schools. Was drummer of Co. B, 42d Regt. Mass. Vols., and reënlisted in Co. A, 3rd R. I. Artillery. Was a member of the City Council, 1885 and 1886. Alderman, 1887 and 1888. Inspector of Buildings since 1884. Occupation, carpenter and builder. Politics, Democrat.

ALBERT HARDIN SAYLES, of Burrillville, was born in Pascoag, town of Burrillville, March 25, 1863, and is a graduate of Mowry & Goff's School, Providence, class of 1882. Representative since May, 1883. Occupation, manufacturer of woolen goods. Politics, Republican.

JOHN G. SHEFFIELD, of New Shoreham, was born in that town, September 13, 1855, and was educated in its common schools. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

WILLIAM PAINE SHEFFIELD, Jr., of Newport, was born in Newport, June 1, 1857. Graduated from Brown University, class of 1877, and studied in the law schools of Harvard and Paris. Was an Aid on the personal staff of Governor Wetmore, and State Commissioner on the Affairs of the Narragansett Indians, 1880-84. Member of the School Committee of Newport, since 1885. Was a Representative from May, 1885, to May, 1887, and reëlected Representative in April, 1888, and April, 1889. Lawyer by profession. Politics, Republican.

ORLANDO R. SMITH, of Westerly, was born in that town, June 1, 1851, and was educated in the public and private schools of his native town. Representative since May, 1888. One of the owners and treasurer of the Smith Granite Company, Westerly. Is a member of the Board of State Charities and Corrections. Politics, Republican.

PERCY D. SMITH, of Glocester, was born in that town, September 15, 1863. Was educated at Nichols Academy, Dudley, Mass., and graduated from Brown University, class of 1889. Is Moderator and Superintendent of Schools. Occupation, law student. Politics, Democrat.

GIDEON SPENCER, of Warwick, was born in that town, April 2, 1844, and was educated at Providence Conference Seminary, and is a graduate of Schofield Commercial College, Providence. He enlisted as a private in Battery D, 1st Rhode Island Light Artillery, and was mustered into service, September 4th, 1861 ; was promoted Corporal in April, 1863 ; to Sergeant in December, same year. January 31st, 1864, he received a commission as Second Lieutenant, and was transferred to Battery B, same regiment. In May, 1865, he was

promoted to First Lieutenant, Battery F, same regiment, and was finally mustered out July 7th, 1865. He is a dentist by profession, and has practiced since 1870. He was Colonel of the Kentish Artillery from 1878 to 1882, and is now, and has been since 1885, a member of the School Board of the town of Warwick. He is a member of Reno Post, No. 6, East Greenwich, which he helped to reorganize, and was its first Commander. Elected Junior Vice Department Commander in 1886, Senior Vice Department Commander in 1887, Department Commander in 1888. Representative since May, 1888. Politics, Republican.

ALBERT A. SWEET, of Foster, was born in North Sterling, Conn., July 1835, was educated in the common schools of his native town. Was Representative in 1886–1887, was a member of the Town Council two years. Occupation, stone mason; farmer. Politics, Republican.

WILLIAM J. SWINBURNE, of Newport, was born in Newport, January 23, 1822, and was educated in private schools of that city. During the war with Mexico was Second Lieutenant and Adjutant of the "Frontone Picket Guard," and was present at the battles of Palo Alto, Matamoras, Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo. Was Major 2d R. I. Militia; Mayor of Newport 1855–57; member of School Committee fifteen years; Representative since May, 1886. Occupation, merchant. Politics, Republican since the organization of the party, having in 1855 called the first Republican meeting held in Newport. On account of illness of Representative-elect Thomas T. Carr, Mr. Swinburne held over, and on the death of Mr. Carr was elected December 24, 1887, to fill vacancy.

FRANK W. TILLINGHAST, of Johnston, was born in Richmond, May 19, 1859. Was educated at New Hampton, N. H., and graduated at Boston University Law School, class of 1883. Admitted to the bar in 1883, practised law in Westerly three years, removed to Johnston in 1886, since when he has been engaged in manufacturing. Politics, Republican.

WILLIAM COGGESHALL TOWNSEND, of Newport, was born in Newport, May 17, 1823; was educated at Judge Joslyn's private school, Newport. Served as Aid on the Staff of Gen. J. A. Hazard, 1st Brigade R. I. M.; Deputy Collector

of Internal Revenue; Common Councilman, 1856–58; Alderman, 1859–65; Representative, 1868–69, 1871 to 1887, and reëlected April, 1888. Elected State Auditor in May, 1889. Politics, Republican.

HENRY STUKELY TURNER, of Johnston, was born in Scituate, May 21, 1858, and was educated at Lapham Institute. Has been a member of the Town Council three years. Occupation, farmer. Politics, Republican.

WILLIAM VON GOTTSCHALK, of Lincoln, was born in Providence, December 16, 1854. Was educated in Providence, and graduated at Boston University Medical School in 1877. Was 1st Lieutenant First Light Infantry five years. Aid on personal Staff of Gov. Davis, is a Member of the R. I. Homeo. Medical Society, and a member of the American Institute of Homœopathy. Occupation, physician. Politics, Democratic.

EDMUND WALKER, of South Kingstown, was born in that town, December 12, 1856, and educated in the public schools in that town. Has been a member of the School Committee, was elected Senator, Dec 29, 1887, to fill vacancy caused by the death of William A. Kenyon. Representative since May, 1889. Occupation, carpenter. Politics, Democrat.

WALTER W. WHIPPLE, of North Providence, was born in Smithfield, April 7th, 1858, and educated in the public schools of North Providence. Occupation, commission merchant. Politics, Republican.

ELLERY H. WILSON, of East Providence, was born in New Britain, Conn., September 20, 1848. Educated in the public schools. Was a delegate to the National Republican Convention of 1880. Was elected Representative in 1883, 1884, 1885 and in 1886. Speaker of the House in 1885-86 and in 1886-87. In May, 1889, was appointed a member of the Board of State Charities and Corrections for six years. Reëlected Representative in April, 1889. Occupation, manufacturer. Politics, Republican.

DALTON ELWOOD YOUNG, of Newport, was born in that city, September 26, 1856, and was educated in East Greenwich Academy. Was a member of the Common Council of Newport in 1886-7. Occupation, grocer. Politics, Democratic.

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